

Section 4

Characteristics and distribution of persons arrested

This section features arrest data from the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program, the Federal Bureau of Investigation's ongoing nationwide data collection program. Information on criminal offenses known to, and arrests made by, law enforcement agencies across the country are reported to the UCR Program. Due to a consistently high participation rate, these data represent the most complete source of arrest information currently available. Data are presented on total arrests for each of the Part I and Part II UCR offenses. These data are presented for cities, suburban areas, and rural counties, and are displayed by age, sex, and race of arrestees. By-State counts of arrests are shown for the eight Index offenses: murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson. These figures are provided for the total population and for persons under 18 years of age. In addition, tables displaying trends spanning 29 years show arrest rates for the eight Index crimes.

The next part of the section focuses on offenses cleared by arrest and includes the proportion of Index crimes that have been cleared by arrest and those cleared by arrest of juveniles. Additionally, there is information on juveniles taken into police custody and the manner of handling of juvenile detainees. The final UCR tables presented in this section display data on alcohol- and drug-related arrests.

These tables are followed by information from the National Institute of Justice-sponsored Arrestee Drug Abuse Monitoring (ADAM) Program, formerly known as the Drug Use Forecasting (DUF) Program. This research project collects data on the prevalence of drug use among arrestees. The ADAM program recently expanded from 23 to over 30 U.S. cities. Tables from the ADAM program present drug use data by city; type of drug used; and sex, race, and ethnicity of arrestees. Two additional tables present data on drug use by male juvenile detainees in selected cities. The number of arrests for Federal offenses by offense type and arresting agency are detailed by data from the Bureau of Justice Statistics-sponsored Federal Justice Statistics Program. Information on characteristics of persons arrested by Federal agencies also is presented.

Included in the last segment of this section are data from the Federal-wide Drug Seizure System, which provides counts of drugs seized by Federal agencies. A series of tables presents the activities of the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), including information on type of drugs removed from the domestic market, seizures of domestically cultivated marijuana, seizures of illegal drug laboratories, arrests made by the DEA, and the type and value of assets seized. Drug and property seizures made by the U.S. Customs Service also are presented. Finally, information on the law enforcement activities of the Immigration and Naturalization Service is provided.

Table 4.1

Estimated number of arrests^a

By offense charged, United States, 1999

Offense charged	
Total ^b	14,031,070
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	14,790
Forcible rape	28,830
Robbery	108,850
Aggravated assault	483,530
Burglary	296,100
Larceny-theft	1,189,400
Motor vehicle theft	142,200
Arson	16,800
Violent crime ^c	635,990
Property crime ^d	1,644,500
Total Crime Index ^e	2,280,500
Other assaults	1,294,400
Forgery and counterfeiting	106,900
Fraud	363,800
Embezzlement	17,100
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	121,900
Vandalism	278,200
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	172,400
Prostitution and commercialized vice	92,100
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	92,400
Drug abuse violations	1,532,200
Gambling	10,400
Offenses against family and children	151,200
Driving under the influence	1,511,300
Liquor laws	657,900
Drunkenness	656,100
Disorderly conduct	633,100
Vagrancy	30,000
All other offenses (except traffic)	3,728,100
Suspicion (not included in total)	7,500
Curfew and loitering law violations	167,200
Runaways	148,300

Note: These data were compiled by the Federal Bureau of Investigation through the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program. On a monthly basis, law enforcement agencies report the number of offenses that become known to them in the following crime categories: murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, manslaughter by negligence, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson. All of these crime categories, except manslaughter by negligence, are used to establish a crime index in order to measure the trend and distribution of crime in the United States. The "Total Crime Index" is a simple sum of the index offenses. Arson was designated a Part I Index offense in October 1978. Data collection began in 1979. Unlike the tables from *Crime in the United States* presented in Section 3, arrest statistics for the crime of arson are complete and appear in the "Total Crime Index" and "Property crime" total.

Arrest statistics are compiled as part of this monthly data collection effort. Participating law enforcement agencies are instructed to count one arrest each time a person is taken into custody, notified, or cited for criminal infractions other than traffic violations. Annual arrest figures do not measure the number of individuals taken into custody because one person may be arrested several times during the year for the same type of offense or for different offenses. A juvenile is counted as a person arrested when he/she commits an act that would be a criminal offense if committed by an adult. Two offense categories, "curfew and loitering" and "runaway," are tabulated only for juveniles. Violations of local juvenile acts other than runaway and curfew and loitering law violations are included in the "all other offenses" classification (U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 1984), p. 60).

Data in this table are estimates based on arrest statistics for all law enforcement agencies in the Uniform Crime Reporting Program, including those submitting reports for less than 12 months in 1999 (Source, p. 403). Due to National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) conversion efforts, no arrest data for Kansas law enforcement agencies were available for 1999. Because of reporting problems at the State level, only limited arrest data were provided by Florida, Illinois, Kentucky, Maine, Montana, New Hampshire, New York, and South Carolina and no arrest data were available from Oklahoma, Wisconsin, and the District of Columbia. Arrest totals for these States and the District of Columbia were estimated by the Source for inclusion in the above table. Subsequent tables, displaying detailed breakdowns of persons arrested, contain limited or no data for these States and the District of Columbia (Source, p. 211).

For definitions of offenses, see Appendix 3.

^aData are based on all reporting agencies and estimates for unreported areas.

^bBecause of rounding, figures may not add to total. Total does not include suspicion.

^cViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

^dProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

^eIncludes arson.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), p. 212.

Table 4.2

Arrest rates (per 100,000 inhabitants)

By offense, 1971-99

(Rate per 100,000 inhabitants)

	Total Crime Index ^a	Violent crime ^b	Property crime ^c	Murder and non- negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny- theft	Motor vehicle theft	Arson
1971	897.1	175.8	721.4	9.4	10.7	65.4	90.3	202.9	434.2	84.2	X
1972	881.5	186.5	695.0	9.4	12.1	68.1	97.0	196.0	423.1	76.0	X
1973	883.4	187.3	696.1	9.3	12.4	65.7	99.9	204.1	415.6	76.4	X
1974	1,098.0	219.7	878.3	10.3	13.3	80.9	115.2	254.1	544.2	80.0	X
1975	1,059.6	206.7	852.9	9.2	12.3	72.4	112.8	250.7	535.1	67.1	X
1976	1,016.8	193.1	823.7	8.0	12.4	62.8	109.8	231.8	528.8	63.1	X
1977	1,039.4	202.7	836.7	9.0	13.5	64.2	116.0	238.1	527.8	70.9	X
1978	1,047.6	215.5	832.2	9.1	13.6	68.3	124.4	234.6	523.6	74.0	X
1979	1,057.2	212.5	844.7	8.9	14.3	63.9	125.4	228.8	536.8	70.2	9.0
1980	1,055.8	214.4	841.4	9.0	14.1	67.0	124.3	230.4	539.8	62.3	8.9
1981	1,070.0	216.8	853.2	9.5	14.0	68.8	124.5	228.4	558.8	57.0	9.0
1982	1,148.9	236.9	912.0	9.9	15.1	73.7	138.2	232.9	612.1	58.0	9.0
1983	1,071.9	221.1	850.8	9.0	15.0	66.8	130.3	207.1	582.5	52.6	8.6
1984	1,019.8	212.5	807.3	7.6	15.8	60.4	128.8	185.9	561.4	51.9	8.2
1985	1,046.5	212.4	834.0	7.8	15.7	59.3	129.6	188.1	580.7	56.9	8.3
1986	1,091.8	234.5	857.3	8.1	15.7	62.6	148.1	189.2	595.6	64.7	7.8
1987	1,120.1	233.8	886.4	8.3	15.5	60.9	149.1	185.3	621.0	72.5	7.5
1988	1,123.5	243.8	879.7	8.6	15.1	58.9	161.2	175.6	615.4	81.0	7.7
1989	1,173.1	268.6	904.4	9.0	15.3	66.9	177.4	178.4	627.3	91.4	7.3
1990	1,203.2	290.7	912.5	9.5	16.0	70.4	194.8	176.3	641.4	87.0	7.7
1991	1,198.8	293.0	905.8	9.8	16.0	73.3	194.0	173.1	639.8	85.1	7.9
1992	1,162.4	300.5	861.9	9.1	15.6	71.9	203.8	168.6	605.5	80.3	7.6
1993	1,131.6	302.9	828.8	9.5	15.2	71.7	206.5	158.0	584.4	78.8	7.5
1994	1,148.4	310.7	837.7	8.9	14.3	70.8	216.6	154.1	595.5	80.1	8.1
1995	1,140.3	315.2	825.0	8.5	13.5	70.2	223.0	148.8	592.7	75.9	7.6
1996	1,081.8	288.6	793.2	7.6	12.8	64.1	204.1	139.1	577.3	69.5	7.2
1997	1,042.9	273.6	769.3	7.0	12.1	51.3	203.2	134.2	564.2	63.3	7.5
1998	954.0	258.8	695.2	6.6	11.8	46.9	193.5	125.5	505.6	57.5	6.5
1999	880.0	244.5	635.5	5.7	10.9	42.8	185.1	112.1	462.2	54.9	6.3

Note: See Note, table 4.1. The number of agencies reporting and the populations represented vary from year to year. Due to National Incident-Based Reporting System conversion efforts beginning in 1991, complete arrest data were not available for a small number of States for certain years. See Appendix 3 for a list of States omitted. Arson was designated an Index property crime in October 1978. Data collection began in 1979. For definitions of offenses, see Appendix 3.

^aIncludes arson beginning in 1979.

^bViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

^cProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, 1971, p. 116; 1972, p. 120; 1973, p. 122; 1974, p. 180; 1975, p. 180; 1976, p. 173; 1977, p. 172; 1978, p. 186; 1979, p. 188; 1980, p. 192; 1981, p. 163; 1982, p. 168; 1983, p. 171; 1984, p. 164; 1985, p. 165; 1986, p. 165; 1987, p. 165; 1988, p. 169; 1989, p. 173; 1990, p. 175; 1991, p. 214; 1992, p. 218; 1993, p. 218; 1994, p. 218; 1995, p. 209; 1996, p. 215; 1997, p. 223; 1998, p. 211; 1999, p. 213 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.3

Number and rate (per 100,000 inhabitants) of arrests

By offense charged and size of place, 1999

(Population figures rounded to the nearest thousand. All rates were calculated on the population before rounding.)

Offense charged	Total (8,546 agencies; population)	Cities						Counties			
		Total city arrests (6,171 cities; population)	Group I (50 cities, 250,000 and over; population)	Group II (121 cities, 100,000 to 249,999; population)	Group III (271 cities, 50,000 to 99,999; population)	Group IV (523 cities, 25,000 to 49,999; population)	Group V (1,211 cities, 10,000 to 24,999; population)	Group VI (3,995 cities under 10,000; population)	Suburban counties ^a (811 agencies; population)	Rural counties (1,564 agencies; population)	Suburban areas ^b (4,428 agencies; population)
Total ^c	171,831,000	121,342,000	33,801,000	17,584,000	18,571,000	18,019,000	19,052,000	14,316,000	32,609,000	17,880,000	71,791,000
Rate (per 100,000 inhabitants)	9,136.294	6,994.683	2,163.849	1,008.825	990.996	879.788	986.199	965.026	1,371.323	770.288	3,274.149
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	9,727	7,588	4,330	1,103	706	565	509	375	1,397	742	2,310
Rate	5.7	6.3	12.8	6.3	3.8	3.1	2.7	2.6	4.3	4.1	3.2
Forcible rape	18,759	14,292	5,500	2,206	1,946	1,571	1,672	1,397	2,759	1,708	5,978
Rate	10.9	11.8	16.3	12.5	10.5	8.7	8.8	9.8	8.5	9.6	8.3
Robbery	73,619	64,911	30,341	10,998	8,968	6,398	5,155	3,051	6,953	1,755	18,188
Rate	42.8	53.5	89.8	62.5	48.3	35.5	27.1	21.3	21.3	9.8	25.3
Aggravated assault	318,051	250,966	96,585	41,168	36,551	28,600	25,570	22,492	45,639	21,446	99,485
Rate	185.1	206.8	285.7	234.1	196.8	158.7	134.2	157.1	140.0	119.9	138.6
Burglary	192,570	144,387	41,285	25,979	24,168	17,682	18,576	16,697	29,565	18,618	64,931
Rate	112.1	119.0	122.1	147.8	130.1	98.1	97.5	116.6	90.7	104.1	90.4
Larceny-theft	794,201	682,113	188,952	104,359	114,107	97,720	102,619	74,356	80,497	31,591	263,961
Rate	462.2	562.1	559.0	593.5	614.4	542.3	538.6	519.4	246.9	176.7	367.7
Motor vehicle theft	94,335	77,319	40,006	10,802	7,984	5,852	6,574	6,101	11,752	5,264	24,675
Rate	54.9	63.7	118.4	61.4	43.0	32.5	34.5	42.6	36.0	29.4	34.4
Arson	10,811	7,916	2,134	1,177	1,255	1,120	1,137	1,093	2,023	872	4,412
Rate	6.3	6.5	6.3	6.7	6.8	6.2	6.0	7.6	6.2	4.9	6.1
Violent crime ^d	420,156	337,757	136,756	55,475	48,171	37,134	32,906	27,315	56,748	25,651	125,961
Rate	244.5	278.4	404.6	315.5	259.4	206.1	172.7	190.8	174.0	143.5	175.5
Property crime ^e	1,091,917	911,735	272,377	142,317	147,514	122,374	128,906	98,247	123,837	56,345	357,979
Rate	635.5	751.4	805.8	809.4	794.3	679.1	676.6	686.3	379.8	315.1	498.6
Total Crime Index ^f	1,512,073	1,249,492	409,133	197,792	195,685	159,508	161,812	125,562	180,585	81,996	483,940
Rate	880.0	1,029.7	1,210.4	1,124.9	1,053.7	885.2	849.3	877.1	553.8	458.6	674.1
Other assaults	844,728	649,885	204,428	103,415	87,840	78,064	89,731	86,407	127,557	67,286	293,074
Rate	491.6	535.6	604.8	588.2	473.0	433.2	471.0	603.6	391.2	376.3	408.2
Forgery and counterfeiting	69,853	54,321	13,666	8,785	9,383	6,610	8,434	7,443	10,145	5,387	24,330
Rate	40.7	44.8	40.4	50.0	50.5	36.7	44.3	52.0	31.1	30.1	33.9
Fraud	225,934	135,094	29,428	15,001	18,207	17,508	30,071	24,879	53,903	36,937	97,344
Rate	131.5	111.3	87.1	85.3	98.0	97.2	157.8	173.8	165.3	206.6	135.6
Embezzlement	11,208	8,885	1,683	1,718	2,114	1,226	1,288	856	1,713	610	3,949
Rate	6.5	7.3	5.0	9.8	11.4	6.8	6.8	6.0	5.3	3.4	5.5
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	80,426	64,920	17,369	11,135	11,462	9,625	8,415	6,914	10,986	4,520	30,021
Rate	46.8	53.5	51.4	63.3	61.7	53.4	44.2	48.3	33.7	25.3	41.8
Vandalism	182,043	143,971	40,148	20,278	19,975	18,771	23,391	21,408	23,695	14,377	66,119
Rate	105.9	118.6	118.8	115.3	107.6	104.2	122.8	149.5	72.7	80.4	92.1
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	113,880	91,878	36,804	14,311	12,382	9,441	9,434	9,506	14,735	7,267	34,830
Rate	66.3	75.7	108.9	81.4	66.7	52.4	49.5	66.4	45.2	40.6	48.5
Prostitution and commercialized vice	63,927	61,862	46,265	7,696	3,618	2,927	980	376	1,959	106	5,958
Rate	37.2	51.0	136.9	43.8	19.5	16.2	5.1	2.6	6.0	0.6	8.3
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	60,120	45,166	18,638	6,476	6,119	4,769	4,966	4,198	9,947	5,007	19,750
Rate	35.0	37.2	55.1	36.8	32.9	26.5	26.1	29.3	30.5	28.0	27.5
Drug abuse violations	1,007,002	791,751	315,986	127,817	104,476	88,389	77,931	77,152	146,220	69,031	324,884
Rate	586.0	652.5	934.8	726.9	562.6	490.5	409.0	538.9	448.4	386.1	452.5
Gambling	7,023	6,319	4,105	505	998	296	226	189	481	223	902
Rate	4.1	5.2	12.1	2.9	5.4	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.2	1.3
Offenses against family and children	92,849	50,718	8,009	4,842	8,104	12,584	10,217	6,962	31,548	10,583	52,841
Rate	54.0	41.8	23.7	27.5	43.6	69.8	53.6	48.6	96.7	59.2	73.6
Driving under the influence	931,235	562,081	110,041	64,919	79,839	83,713	104,880	118,689	210,441	158,713	418,825
Rate	551.0	474.2	355.2	369.2	429.9	464.6	550.5	829.1	645.3	887.7	583.4
Liquor laws	427,873	335,524	68,311	39,052	41,141	40,432	66,644	79,944	48,294	44,055	156,361
Rate	249.0	276.5	202.1	222.1	221.5	224.4	349.8	558.4	148.1	246.4	217.8
Drunkness	437,153	372,546	98,622	58,061	56,577	51,755	53,680	53,851	40,157	24,450	140,742
Rate	254.4	307.0	291.8	330.2	304.7	287.2	281.8	376.2	123.1	136.7	196.0
Disorderly conduct	421,662	365,432	93,002	44,574	45,386	49,671	62,793	70,006	34,302	21,928	159,516
Rate	245.4	301.2	275.1	253.5	244.4	275.7	329.6	489.0	105.2	122.6	222.2
Vagrancy	20,213	18,074	9,423	1,523	2,646	1,122	976	2,384	1,431	708	4,601
Rate	11.8	14.9	27.9	8.7	14.2	6.2	5.1	16.7	4.4	4.0	6.4

See notes at end of table.

Table 4.3

Number and rate (per 100,000 inhabitants) of arrests

By offense charged and size of place, 1999--Continued

	Total (8,546 agencies; population 171,831,000)	Cities							Counties		
		Total city arrests (6,171 cities; population 121,342,000)	Group I (50 cities, 250,000 and over; population 33,801,000)	Group II (121 cities, 100,000 to 249,999; population 17,584,000)	Group III (271 cities, 50,000 to 99,999; population 18,571,000)	Group IV (523 cities, 25,000 to 49,999; population 18,019,000)	Group V (1,211 cities, 10,000 to 24,999; population 19,052,000)	Group VI (3,995 cities under 10,000; population 14,316,000)	Suburban counties ^a (811 agencies; population 32,609,000)	Rural counties (1,564 agencies; population 17,880,000)	Suburban areas ^b (4,428 agencies; population 71,791,000)
All other offenses (except traffic)	2,416,544	1,805,764	559,749	261,074	260,727	224,091	248,146	251,977	401,983	208,797	896,097
Rate	1,406.4	1,488.2	1,656.0	1,484.8	1,404.0	1,243.6	1,302.5	1,760.2	1,232.7	1,167.8	1,248.2
Suspicion (not included in totals)	4,907	4,050	0	255	1,058	695	492	1,550	305	552	2,023
Rate	2.9	3.3	X	1.5	5.7	3.9	2.6	10.8	0.9	3.1	2.8
Curfew and loitering law violations	114,220	108,706	58,307	8,021	12,399	9,468	11,738	8,773	4,330	1,184	24,824
Rate	66.5	89.6	172.5	45.6	66.8	52.5	61.6	61.3	13.3	6.6	34.6
Runaways	96,328	72,294	20,732	11,830	11,918	9,818	10,446	7,550	16,911	7,123	35,241
Rate	56.1	59.6	61.3	67.3	64.2	54.5	54.8	52.7	51.9	39.8	49.1

Note: See Note, table 4.1. This table presents data from all law enforcement agencies submitting complete reports for 12 months in 1999 (Source, p. 403). Population figures are estimates calculated from U.S. Census Bureau data. For definitions of offenses, suburban areas, and rural counties, see Appendix 3.

^cDoes not include suspicion.

^dViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

^eProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

^fIncludes arson.

^aIncludes only suburban county law enforcement agencies.

^bIncludes suburban city and county law enforcement agencies within metropolitan areas. Excludes central cities. Suburban cities and counties also are included in other groups.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), pp. 214, 215.

Table 4.4

Percent distribution of total U.S. population and persons arrested for all offenses

By age group, United States, 1999

Age group	U.S. resident population	Persons arrested
14 years and younger	21.4%	5.5%
15 to 19 years	7.2	21.9
20 to 24 years	6.6	17.9
25 to 29 years	6.7	13.0
30 to 34 years	7.2	11.8
35 to 39 years	8.3	11.6
40 to 44 years	8.2	8.4
45 to 49 years	7.1	4.9
50 to 54 years	6.0	2.5
55 to 59 years	4.7	1.2
60 to 64 years	3.9	0.6
65 years and older	12.7	0.7

Note: See Note, table 4.1. This table presents data from all law enforcement agencies submitting complete reports for 12 months in 1999 (Source, U.S. Department of Justice, p. 403). Because of rounding, percents may not add to 100.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), pp. 222, 223; and U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, "Resident Population Estimates of the United States by Age and Sex: April 1, 1990 to July 1, 1999, with Short-term Projection to November 1, 2000" [Online]. Available: <http://www.census.gov/population/estimates/nation/intfile2-1.txt> [Jan 8, 2001].) Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.5

Arrests

By offense charged, age group, and State, 1999

State	Total all offenses ^a	Total Crime Index ^b	Violent crime ^c	Property crime ^d	Murder and non-negligent man-slaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft	Arson
Alabama: 264 agencies; population 4,056,000:												
Under 18	13,577	4,790	657	4,133	18	19	252	368	685	3,227	209	12
Total all ages	176,153	24,775	6,684	18,091	265	294	1,413	4,712	2,617	14,252	1,150	72
Alaska: 25 agencies; population 558,000:												
Under 18	5,470	2,120	229	1,891	5	22	48	154	341	1,350	191	9
Total all ages	36,234	5,677	1,447	4,230	36	134	188	1,089	605	3,166	441	18
Arizona: 89 agencies; population 4,409,000:												
Under 18	56,492	13,902	1,659	12,243	26	31	290	1,312	1,847	9,116	1,111	169
Total all ages	272,281	47,721	7,813	39,908	243	171	1,359	6,040	4,632	31,589	3,418	269
Arkansas: 183 agencies; population 2,428,000:												
Under 18	18,386	5,175	655	4,520	17	44	140	454	910	3,404	183	23
Total all ages	214,854	23,318	5,458	17,860	171	391	779	4,117	3,384	13,824	537	115
California: 635 agencies; population 33,037,000:												
Under 18	258,091	79,163	18,422	60,741	183	396	5,711	12,132	17,096	35,886	6,637	1,122
Total all ages	1,494,099	308,560	133,086	175,474	1,770	2,885	18,746	109,685	49,307	104,527	19,857	1,783
Colorado: 152 agencies; population 2,522,000:												
Under 18	41,895	9,586	905	8,681	20	145	166	574	949	6,792	793	147
Total all ages	220,383	28,241	5,166	23,075	99	511	634	3,922	2,212	18,842	1,801	220
Connecticut: 94 agencies; population 3,117,000:												
Under 18	24,206	6,306	1,198	5,108	6	56	291	845	789	3,780	479	60
Total all ages	153,212	25,278	6,173	19,105	90	289	1,378	4,416	2,724	15,002	1,234	145
Delaware: 53 agencies; population 754,000:												
Under 18	6,895	2,230	617	1,613	0	73	149	395	341	1,142	97	33
Total all ages	38,212	8,629	2,896	5,733	23	312	574	1,987	1,080	4,370	218	65
Florida^e: 480 agencies; population 15,111,000:												
Under 18	131,330	53,967	10,708	43,259	80	368	2,622	7,638	10,256	28,009	4,692	302
Total all ages	897,589	187,820	55,667	132,153	741	2,274	9,628	43,024	27,716	90,805	12,970	662
Georgia: 248 agencies; population 2,446,000:												
Under 18	21,846	5,059	530	4,529	15	36	114	365	902	3,306	278	43
Total all ages	157,361	20,675	4,241	16,434	122	219	755	3,145	2,902	12,418	931	183
Hawaii: 3 agencies; population 1,043,000:												
Under 18	11,580	2,479	237	2,242	2	14	104	117	365	1,634	233	10
Total all ages	51,874	8,058	1,116	6,942	44	84	376	612	885	5,179	857	21
Idaho: 98 agencies; population 1,078,000:												
Under 18	16,975	3,864	276	3,588	0	20	18	238	514	2,818	203	53
Total all ages	63,073	7,932	1,152	6,780	14	77	84	977	976	5,394	351	59
Illinois^f: 1 agency; population 2,821,000:												
Under 18	45,448	11,907	3,409	8,498	89	182	1,204	1,934	1,315	2,847	4,238	98
Total all ages	248,861	45,881	11,345	34,536	637	700	3,173	6,835	4,174	17,921	12,233	208
Indiana: 122 agencies; population 3,449,000:												
Under 18	33,526	8,409	1,575	6,834	31	31	274	1,239	783	5,327	651	73
Total all ages	188,426	31,359	9,257	22,102	244	221	1,427	7,365	2,858	17,142	1,969	133
Iowa: 170 agencies; population 2,325,000:												
Under 18	22,414	6,298	743	5,555	4	36	87	616	725	4,456	289	85
Total all ages	102,278	17,064	4,213	12,851	24	122	359	3,708	1,839	10,253	643	116

See notes at end of table.

Table 4.5

Arrests

By offense charged, age group, and State, 1999--Continued

State	Total all offenses ^a	Total Crime Index ^b	Violent crime ^c	Property crime ^d	Murder and non-negligent man-slaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft	Arson
Kentucky: 10 agencies; population 446,000:												
Under 18	4,382	1,393	256	1,137	4	4	53	195	204	731	180	22
Total all ages	45,302	6,712	2,490	4,222	29	49	457	1,955	886	2,779	503	54
Louisiana: 162 agencies; population 3,288,000:												
Under 18	42,419	11,756	1,906	9,850	27	82	282	1,515	2,182	7,135	417	116
Total all ages	225,942	45,086	11,607	33,479	248	449	1,409	9,501	6,545	25,273	1,434	227
Maryland: 137 agencies; population 3,087,000:												
Under 18	27,771	7,995	1,064	6,931	8	37	308	711	1,309	4,908	519	195
Total all ages	173,127	25,091	4,813	20,278	73	233	1,039	3,468	3,667	14,831	1,430	350
Massachusetts: 263 agencies; population 4,811,000:												
Under 18	18,346	6,055	2,314	3,741	5	55	401	1,853	873	2,416	392	60
Total all ages	127,383	29,236	13,659	15,577	69	463	1,393	11,734	2,943	11,313	1,188	133
Michigan: 509 agencies; population 8,068,000:												
Under 18	44,535	12,643	1,893	10,750	58	180	426	1,229	1,535	8,200	840	175
Total all ages	339,994	49,119	17,180	31,939	1,275	1,254	2,819	11,832	5,796	23,425	2,189	529
Minnesota: 276 agencies; population 4,061,000:												
Under 18	61,255	13,707	1,418	12,289	6	156	334	922	1,375	9,420	1,318	176
Total all ages	231,986	31,236	5,641	25,595	142	698	1,020	3,781	3,134	19,455	2,760	246
Mississippi: 73 agencies; population 1,106,000:												
Under 18	13,347	3,120	258	2,862	11	31	99	117	637	2,027	177	21
Total all ages	98,684	12,997	2,087	10,910	135	191	549	1,212	2,160	7,914	762	74
Missouri: 164 agencies; population 3,146,000:												
Under 18	31,867	9,675	1,169	8,506	25	67	381	696	1,175	6,229	964	138
Total all ages	247,319	39,807	8,261	31,546	251	450	1,731	5,829	4,368	23,405	3,462	311
Montana: 34 agencies; population 433,000:												
Under 18	5,129	2,092	173	1,919	6	12	32	123	136	1,654	112	17
Total all ages	13,769	4,485	605	3,880	17	36	74	478	269	3,365	221	25
Nebraska: 229 agencies; population 1,536,000:												
Under 18	19,380	5,496	230	5,266	3	19	89	119	492	4,399	253	122
Total all ages	95,330	13,203	1,394	11,809	46	161	323	864	1,139	10,023	484	163
Nevada: 33 agencies; population 1,760,000:												
Under 18	25,075	5,718	586	5,132	12	30	256	288	1,064	3,471	522	75
Total all ages	138,029	19,555	3,175	16,380	123	228	1,146	1,678	3,719	10,986	1,580	95
New Hampshire: 54 agencies; population 463,000:												
Under 18	4,801	781	70	711	0	3	32	35	83	569	38	21
Total all ages	22,389	1,941	278	1,663	2	21	92	163	195	1,356	83	29
New Jersey: 539 agencies; population 7,836,000:												
Under 18	69,658	15,372	3,445	11,927	18	99	1,231	2,097	1,940	9,109	516	362
Total all ages	378,090	56,140	15,913	40,227	240	647	4,190	10,836	6,479	31,797	1,383	568
New Mexico: 44 agencies; population 991,000:												
Under 18	10,294	2,999	460	2,539	8	19	42	391	279	2,142	106	12
Total all ages	67,632	9,918	2,521	7,397	68	84	254	2,115	830	6,269	276	22

See notes at end of table.

Table 4.5

Arrests

By offense charged, age group, and State, 1999--Continued

State	Total all offenses ^a	Total Crime Index ^b	Violent crime ^c	Property crime ^d	Murder and non-negligent man-slaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft	Arson
New York ⁹ : 422 agencies; population 5,753,000:												
Under 18	44,925	12,625	2,038	10,587	18	48	704	1,268	2,261	7,520	634	172
Total all ages	268,170	47,072	10,255	36,817	165	456	2,283	7,351	6,009	28,481	2,003	324
North Carolina : 342 agencies; population 6,750,000:												
Under 18	50,964	15,453	2,516	12,937	50	62	639	1,765	3,101	8,971	649	216
Total all ages	463,626	78,632	24,074	54,558	669	498	3,705	19,202	13,279	38,529	2,275	475
North Dakota : 48 agencies; population 471,000:												
Under 18	6,535	1,321	54	1,267	1	5	7	41	172	928	160	7
Total all ages	24,061	2,569	167	2,402	5	20	20	122	321	1,818	251	12
Ohio : 271 agencies; population 6,008,000:												
Under 18	58,824	12,325	1,737	10,588	9	214	478	1,036	1,844	7,528	902	314
Total all ages	289,536	43,419	10,690	32,729	185	817	2,027	7,661	5,159	25,119	1,886	565
Oregon : 143 agencies; population 3,116,000:												
Under 18	35,349	9,847	732	9,115	12	39	209	472	1,222	7,005	668	220
Total all ages	136,451	31,023	3,381	27,642	103	229	988	2,061	3,216	21,808	2,312	306
Pennsylvania : 621 agencies; population 9,179,000:												
Under 18	89,469	18,925	4,322	14,603	42	206	1,359	2,715	2,573	9,437	2,215	378
Total all ages	375,205	71,482	22,365	49,117	477	1,186	6,154	14,548	8,899	33,048	6,354	816
Rhode Island : 46 agencies; population 991,000:												
Under 18	7,261	1,980	268	1,712	4	18	93	153	325	1,122	229	36
Total all ages	40,149	5,722	1,201	4,521	30	131	242	798	782	3,195	468	76
South Carolina : 82 agencies; population 899,000:												
Under 18	8,560	2,514	400	2,114	5	27	91	277	294	1,694	95	31
Total all ages	70,602	10,154	2,999	7,155	55	151	492	2,301	939	5,887	264	65
South Dakota : 66 agencies; population 521,000:												
Under 18	8,215	1,723	113	1,610	1	11	14	87	243	1,268	68	31
Total all ages	32,997	3,920	518	3,402	8	46	46	418	560	2,653	141	48
Tennessee : 188 agencies; population 2,787,000:												
Under 18	22,692	6,244	759	5,485	21	22	158	558	566	4,571	291	57
Total all ages	169,144	29,827	7,186	22,641	326	213	1,047	5,600	2,447	18,879	1,180	135
Texas : 839 agencies; population 18,060,000:												
Under 18	183,097	42,725	5,234	37,491	108	393	1,384	3,349	6,599	27,478	3,056	358
Total all ages	984,426	135,818	29,013	106,805	773	2,185	5,714	20,341	16,619	80,852	8,535	799
Utah : 81 agencies; population 1,446,000:												
Under 18	23,287	6,124	530	5,594	3	32	57	438	479	4,690	343	82
Total all ages	93,725	15,193	1,697	13,496	26	143	242	1,286	1,154	11,575	659	108
Vermont : 39 agencies; population 483,000:												
Under 18	2,398	484	34	450	0	10	0	24	119	291	36	4
Total all ages	14,223	1,649	288	1,361	7	65	4	212	319	955	73	14
Virginia : 297 agencies; population 4,640,000:												
Under 18	34,365	8,323	956	7,367	22	37	296	601	1,147	5,316	711	193
Total all ages	271,518	34,497	7,358	27,139	228	440	1,431	5,259	4,072	20,803	1,853	411

See notes at end of table.

Table 4.5

Arrests

By offense charged, age group, and State, 1999--Continued

State	Total all offenses ^a	Total Crime Index ^b	Violent crime ^c	Property crime ^d	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft	Arson
Washington: 207 agencies; population 4,232,000:												
Under 18	46,081	17,113	1,682	15,431	16	152	407	1,107	2,412	11,708	1,083	228
Total all ages	218,541	44,346	7,144	37,202	120	712	1,349	4,963	5,548	28,987	2,292	375
West Virginia: 126 agencies; population 948,000:												
Under 18	3,222	1,103	96	1,007	0	2	17	77	138	762	96	11
Total all ages	32,279	5,307	1,645	3,662	41	47	99	1,458	536	2,834	252	40
Wyoming: 64 agencies; population 471,000:												
Under 18	8,535	1,624	91	1,533	0	5	8	78	140	1,316	73	4
Total all ages	34,271	3,749	504	3,245	9	46	35	414	386	2,708	142	9

Note: See Note, table 4.1. This table presents data from all law enforcement agencies submitting complete reports for 12 months in 1999 (Source, p. 404). Complete data were not available for the District of Columbia, Florida, Illinois, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Montana, New Hampshire, New York, Oklahoma, South Carolina, and Wisconsin. The District of Columbia, Kansas, Maine, Oklahoma, and Wisconsin were omitted from this table by the Source; data displayed for Illinois, Kentucky, Montana, New Hampshire, and South Carolina are for a limited number of agencies. Population figures are estimates calculated from U.S. Census Bureau data. Direct comparisons of arrest totals listed in this table should not be made with prior years (Source, p. 276). For definitions of offenses, see Appendix 3.

^aDoes not include traffic arrests. For a list of included offenses, see table 4.1.

^bIncludes arson.

^cViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

^dProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

^eThe State of Florida was unable to supply arrest data in accordance with national Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program guidelines; however, the Florida Department of Law Enforcement supplied 12-month arrest totals for UCR contributors. An aggregated 1999 arrest total is provided in this table.

^fChicago is the only Illinois law enforcement agency that submitted 1999 arrest data. However, no data were provided for the offense of driving under the influence.

^gComplete 12-month arrest figures for New York City were not available for 1999.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), pp. 270-276.

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Table 4.6

Arrests

By offense charged and age group, United States, 1990 and 1999

(6,364 agencies; 1990 estimated population 128,207,000; 1999 estimated population 140,836,000)

Offense charged	Total all ages			Under 18 years of age			18 years of age and older		
	1990	1999	Percent change	1990	1999	Percent change	1990	1999	Percent change
Total ^a	7,475,108	7,417,589	-0.8%	1,166,660	1,294,513	11.0%	6,308,448	6,123,076	-2.9%
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	10,870	6,599	-39.3	1,478	665	-55.0	9,392	5,934	-36.8
Forcible rape	19,988	14,704	-26.4	2,871	2,498	-13.0	17,117	12,206	-28.7
Robbery	79,763	59,588	-25.3	18,096	15,138	-16.3	61,667	44,450	-27.9
Aggravated assault	263,310	258,576	-1.8	34,735	36,095	3.9	228,575	222,481	-2.7
Burglary	238,946	158,751	-33.6	79,068	53,847	-31.9	159,878	104,904	-34.4
Larceny-theft	849,035	660,069	-22.3	250,129	211,621	-15.4	598,906	448,448	-25.1
Motor vehicle theft	114,702	71,294	-37.8	49,193	25,142	-48.9	65,509	46,152	-29.5
Arson	10,205	8,827	-13.5	4,476	4,896	9.4	5,729	3,931	-31.4
Violent crime ^b	373,931	339,467	-9.2	57,180	54,396	-4.9	316,751	285,071	-10.0
Property crime ^c	1,212,888	898,941	-25.9	382,866	295,506	-22.8	830,022	603,435	-27.3
Total Crime Index ^d	1,586,819	1,238,408	-22.0	440,046	349,902	-20.5	1,146,773	888,506	-22.5
Other assaults	546,772	670,746	22.7	80,764	119,692	48.2	466,008	551,054	18.2
Forgery and counterfeiting	50,403	56,813	12.7	4,084	3,811	-6.7	46,319	53,002	14.4
Fraud	182,752	166,413	-8.9	4,517	4,983	10.3	178,235	161,430	-9.4
Embezzlement	7,708	9,692	25.7	563	918	63.1	7,145	8,774	22.8
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	89,109	62,170	-30.2	24,679	15,479	-37.3	64,430	46,691	-27.5
Vandalism	173,451	149,953	-13.5	70,683	64,081	-9.3	102,768	85,872	-16.4
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	115,972	87,327	-24.7	22,193	21,291	-4.1	93,779	66,036	-29.6
Prostitution and commercialized vice	59,304	49,576	-16.4	909	685	-24.6	58,395	48,891	-16.3
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	59,354	50,828	-14.4	8,861	8,863	(e)	50,493	41,965	-16.9
Drug abuse violations	589,944	805,024	36.5	43,213	100,352	132.2	546,731	704,672	28.9
Gambling	8,713	4,719	-45.8	411	422	2.7	8,302	4,297	-48.2
Offenses against family and children	47,697	75,900	59.1	1,924	4,679	143.2	45,773	71,221	55.6
Driving under the influence	1,021,753	749,454	-26.7	11,031	11,024	-0.1	1,010,722	738,430	-26.9
Liquor laws	350,108	355,761	1.6	80,634	87,996	9.1	269,474	267,765	-0.6
Drunkenness	554,867	378,234	-31.8	14,944	11,893	-20.4	539,923	366,341	-32.1
Disorderly conduct	358,146	317,946	-11.2	59,742	87,428	46.3	298,404	230,518	-22.7
Vagrancy	25,026	16,856	-32.6	2,316	1,300	-43.9	22,710	15,556	-31.5
All other offenses (except traffic)	1,506,209	1,991,610	32.2	154,145	219,555	42.4	1,352,064	1,772,055	31.1
Suspicion (not included in totals)	10,742	4,000	-62.8	2,690	1,024	-61.9	8,052	2,976	-63.0
Curfew and loitering law violations	46,619	99,383	113.2	46,619	99,383	113.2	X	X	X
Runaways	94,382	80,776	-14.4	94,382	80,776	-14.4	X	X	X

Note: See Note, table 4.1. This table presents data from all law enforcement agencies submitting complete reports for 12 months in 1990 and 1999 (Source, p. 403). Population figures are estimates calculated from U.S. Census Bureau data. For definitions of offenses, see Appendix 3.

^cProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

^dIncludes arson.

^eLess than 0.1%.

^aDoes not include suspicion.

^bViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), p. 216.

Table 4.7

Arrests

By offense charged and age, United States, 1999

(8,546 agencies; 1999 estimated population 171,831,000)

Offense charged	Total all ages	Under 15 years	Under 18 years	18 years and older	Under 10 years	10 to 12 years	13 to 14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years
Total	9,141,201	506,817	1,588,839	7,552,362	24,530	117,679	364,608	298,239	372,066	411,717	460,578	460,633
Percent ^a	100.0%	5.5	17.4	82.6	0.3	1.3	4.0	3.3	4.1	4.5	5.0	5.0
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	9,727	114	919	8,808	1	10	103	119	270	416	729	696
Forcible rape	18,759	1,221	3,182	15,577	40	373	808	592	649	720	895	878
Robbery	73,619	4,888	18,735	54,884	133	1,073	3,682	3,643	4,696	5,508	6,291	5,530
Aggravated assault	318,051	16,139	45,080	272,971	830	4,292	11,017	7,980	9,863	11,098	12,389	12,672
Burglary	192,570	24,561	64,481	128,089	1,486	6,388	16,687	12,057	13,525	14,338	15,113	12,096
Larceny-theft	794,201	100,635	249,100	545,101	4,871	28,180	67,584	45,551	51,349	51,565	48,353	39,066
Motor vehicle theft	94,335	8,508	33,255	61,080	108	1,080	7,320	7,597	8,637	8,513	7,416	6,169
Arson	10,811	3,874	5,791	5,020	743	1,287	1,844	847	558	512	413	333
Violent crime^b	420,156	22,362	67,916	352,240	1,004	5,748	15,610	12,334	15,478	17,742	20,304	19,776
Percent ^a	100.0%	5.3	16.2	83.8	0.2	1.4	3.7	2.9	3.7	4.2	4.8	4.7
Property crime^c	1,091,917	137,578	352,627	739,290	7,208	36,935	93,435	66,052	74,069	74,928	71,295	57,664
Percent ^a	100.0%	12.6	32.3	67.7	0.7	3.4	8.6	6.0	6.8	6.9	6.5	5.3
Total Crime Index^d	1,512,073	159,940	420,543	1,091,530	8,212	42,683	109,045	78,386	89,547	92,670	91,599	77,440
Percent ^a	100.0%	10.6	27.8	72.2	0.5	2.8	7.2	5.2	5.9	6.1	6.1	5.1
Other assaults	844,728	64,980	151,645	693,083	3,419	18,121	43,440	27,240	29,989	29,436	28,683	28,960
Forgery and counterfeiting	69,853	565	4,481	65,372	23	90	452	649	1,257	2,010	3,298	3,802
Fraud	225,934	1,730	7,940	217,994	94	379	1,257	1,181	2,018	3,011	6,109	8,867
Embezzlement	11,208	68	1,101	10,107	4	6	58	64	348	621	776	747
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	80,426	5,044	18,865	61,561	126	901	4,017	3,535	4,588	5,698	6,418	5,524
Vandalism	182,043	33,736	76,319	105,724	3,218	9,859	20,659	12,984	15,033	14,566	12,383	9,467
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	113,880	8,945	27,596	86,284	482	2,074	6,389	4,899	6,361	7,391	8,185	7,570
Prostitution and commercialized vice	63,927	126	877	63,050	18	15	93	111	223	417	1,201	1,590
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	60,120	5,384	10,641	49,479	397	1,609	3,378	1,879	1,634	1,744	2,049	2,004
Drug abuse violations	1,007,002	20,428	128,286	878,716	330	2,352	17,746	22,304	35,592	49,962	67,123	64,509
Gambling	7,023	95	835	6,188	3	13	79	143	213	384	431	418
Offenses against family and children	92,849	2,137	6,093	86,756	360	485	1,292	1,152	1,370	1,434	2,363	2,381
Driving under the influence	931,235	391	13,803	917,432	91	72	228	661	3,540	9,211	21,631	28,340
Liquor laws	427,873	10,748	103,734	324,139	190	907	9,651	15,605	30,448	46,933	69,773	69,024
Drunkenness	437,153	1,861	14,082	423,071	89	151	1,621	2,207	3,396	6,618	12,051	13,164
Disorderly conduct	421,662	42,467	113,303	308,359	1,359	10,384	30,724	22,049	23,883	24,904	23,563	21,190
Vagrancy	20,213	326	1,597	18,616	21	57	248	307	414	550	965	852
All other offenses (except traffic)	2,416,544	78,007	275,397	2,141,147	4,003	16,019	57,985	52,744	66,900	77,746	101,674	114,528
Suspicion	4,907	330	1,153	3,754	13	77	240	198	254	371	303	256
Curfew and loitering law violations	114,220	31,513	114,220	X	828	5,107	25,578	25,251	31,847	25,609	X	X
Runaways	96,328	37,996	96,328	X	1,250	6,318	30,428	24,690	23,211	10,431	X	X

Note: See Note, table 4.1. This table presents data from all law enforcement agencies submitting complete reports for 12 months in 1999 (Source, p. 403). Population figures are estimates calculated from U.S. Census Bureau data. For definitions of offenses, see Appendix 3.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

^bViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

^cProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

^dIncludes arson.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), pp. 222, 223.

20 years	21 years	22 years	23 years	24 years	25 to 29 years	30 to 34 years	35 to 39 years	40 to 44 years	45 to 49 years	50 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years	65 years and older
410,001 4.5	359,019 3.9	321,146 3.5	283,264 3.1	267,445 2.9	1,186,201 13.0	1,079,480 11.8	1,058,525 11.6	770,305 8.4	446,646 4.9	224,755 2.5	109,867 1.2	54,514 0.6	59,983 0.7
672	564	552	456	391	1,525	1,015	824	556	329	211	129	53	106
778	787	689	576	538	2,508	2,411	2,195	1,461	813	470	270	153	155
4,207	3,635	2,843	2,298	2,137	8,899	7,274	5,853	3,399	1,487	609	203	102	117
12,218	12,212	11,458	10,641	10,078	46,364	42,617	40,687	28,620	15,960	8,377	4,130	2,105	2,443
9,063	6,748	5,592	4,851	4,300	19,133	17,498	15,759	10,134	4,628	1,902	681	294	297
29,905	24,422	20,840	17,778	16,468	77,106	76,339	74,317	55,317	32,052	15,884	7,619	3,910	5,725
4,550	3,624	3,128	2,499	2,165	9,854	8,257	6,658	3,857	1,765	656	259	105	118
286	209	213	171	162	616	692	656	537	344	188	87	51	62
17,875	17,198	15,542	13,971	13,144	59,296	53,317	49,559	34,036	18,589	9,667	4,732	2,413	2,821
4.3	4.1	3.7	3.3	3.1	14.1	12.7	11.8	8.1	4.4	2.3	1.1	0.6	0.7
43,804	35,003	29,773	25,299	23,095	106,709	102,786	97,390	69,845	38,789	18,630	8,646	4,360	6,202
4.0	3.2	2.7	2.3	2.1	9.8	9.4	8.9	6.4	3.6	1.7	0.8	0.4	0.6
61,679	52,201	45,315	39,270	26,239	166,005	156,103	146,949	103,881	57,378	28,297	13,378	6,773	9,023
4.1	3.5	3.0	2.6	2.4	11.0	10.3	9.7	6.9	3.8	1.9	0.9	0.4	0.6
28,435	29,385	28,019	26,120	25,618	120,237	113,443	109,540	75,260	39,962	19,590	9,342	4,775	5,714
3,831	3,234	2,910	2,656	2,583	12,086	10,812	9,065	5,874	3,028	1,287	541	176	189
9,716	9,503	9,333	8,753	8,431	40,570	36,681	32,755	21,964	12,592	6,493	3,119	1,489	1,619
616	553	494	397	466	1,816	1,377	1,221	755	464	242	101	42	40
4,459	3,607	3,069	2,489	2,282	9,527	8,204	7,191	4,658	2,267	1,000	441	222	203
7,258	6,535	5,252	4,421	3,955	15,948	13,180	12,023	7,631	3,885	1,860	818	438	670
6,142	5,653	4,769	3,947	3,494	13,392	9,515	8,731	6,288	3,829	2,191	1,214	604	760
1,713	1,714	1,734	1,710	1,924	11,528	13,094	12,159	7,670	3,704	1,580	774	448	507
1,926	1,800	1,566	1,402	1,364	6,591	7,127	7,593	5,657	3,844	2,692	1,584	939	1,341
55,456	47,932	41,514	35,331	32,470	137,816	122,434	118,953	84,035	43,196	17,581	6,144	2,346	1,876
345	312	277	235	218	667	508	488	468	690	367	325	179	260
2,414	2,759	2,714	2,755	2,982	15,303	15,974	15,931	10,754	5,406	2,493	1,157	570	800
30,131	38,287	36,840	34,107	32,990	150,712	134,731	139,746	109,931	71,887	41,882	22,579	11,851	11,787
53,486	11,944	8,295	6,130	5,409	19,888	17,609	19,946	17,389	11,807	6,481	3,517	1,723	1,718
12,900	16,795	14,783	13,285	12,441	56,527	58,456	68,877	59,601	40,270	21,627	11,583	5,891	4,820
18,322	19,535	16,461	13,632	12,242	46,776	39,086	38,278	27,497	15,764	7,903	3,836	1,945	2,329
707	641	592	469	394	2,097	2,572	3,096	2,685	1,759	843	479	259	206
110,216	106,370	97,033	86,002	81,802	358,136	318,078	305,475	217,999	124,755	60,257	28,904	13,817	16,101
249	259	176	153	141	579	496	508	308	159	89	31	27	20
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

Table 4.8

Arrests

By offense charged and sex, United States, 1999

(8,546 agencies; 1999 estimated population 171,831,000)

Offense charged	Persons arrested					Percent distribution of offenses charged ^a		
	Total number	Male		Female		Total	Male	Female
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent			
Total	9,141,201	7,143,931	78.2%	1,997,270	21.8%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	9,727	8,622	88.6	1,105	11.4	0.1	0.1	0.1
Forcible rape	18,759	18,521	98.7	238	1.3	0.2	0.3	(b)
Robbery	73,619	66,214	89.9	7,405	10.1	0.8	0.9	0.4
Aggravated assault	318,051	255,331	80.3	62,720	19.7	3.5	3.6	3.1
Burglary	192,570	167,661	87.1	24,909	12.9	2.1	2.3	1.2
Larceny-theft	794,201	512,227	64.5	281,974	35.5	8.7	7.2	14.1
Motor vehicle theft	94,335	79,660	84.4	14,675	15.6	1.0	1.1	0.7
Arson	10,811	9,251	85.6	1,560	14.4	0.1	0.1	0.1
Violent crime ^c	420,156	348,688	83.0	71,468	17.0	4.6	4.9	3.6
Property crime ^d	1,091,917	768,799	70.4	323,118	29.6	11.9	10.8	16.2
Total Crime Index ^e	1,512,073	1,117,487	73.9	394,586	26.1	16.5	15.6	19.8
Other assaults	844,728	654,386	77.5	190,342	22.5	9.2	9.2	9.5
Forgery and counterfeiting	69,853	43,033	61.6	26,820	38.4	0.8	0.6	1.3
Fraud	225,934	127,521	56.4	98,413	43.6	2.5	1.8	4.9
Embezzlement	11,208	5,690	50.8	5,518	49.2	0.1	0.1	0.3
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	80,426	67,831	84.3	12,595	15.7	0.9	0.9	0.6
Vandalism	182,043	154,155	84.7	27,888	15.3	2.0	2.2	1.4
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	113,880	104,953	92.2	8,927	7.8	1.2	1.5	0.4
Prostitution and commercialized vice	63,927	25,078	39.2	38,849	60.8	0.7	0.4	1.9
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	60,120	55,857	92.9	4,263	7.1	0.7	0.8	0.2
Drug abuse violations	1,007,002	829,460	82.4	177,542	17.6	11.0	11.6	8.9
Gambling	7,023	6,151	87.6	872	12.4	0.1	0.1	(b)
Offenses against family and children	92,849	72,365	77.9	20,484	22.1	1.0	1.0	1.0
Driving under the influence	931,235	782,745	84.1	148,490	15.9	10.2	11.0	7.4
Liquor laws	427,873	333,530	78.0	94,343	22.0	4.7	4.7	4.7
Drunkennes	437,153	381,806	87.3	55,347	12.7	4.8	5.3	2.8
Disorderly conduct	421,662	324,691	77.0	96,971	23.0	4.6	4.5	4.9
Vagrancy	20,213	16,498	81.6	3,715	18.4	0.2	0.2	0.2
All other offenses (except traffic)	2,416,544	1,918,033	79.4	498,511	20.6	26.4	26.8	25.0
Suspicion	4,907	3,888	79.2	1,019	20.8	0.1	0.1	0.1
Curfew and loitering law violations	114,220	79,433	69.5	34,787	30.5	1.2	1.1	1.7
Runaways	96,328	39,340	40.8	56,988	59.2	1.1	0.6	2.9

Note: See Notes, tables 4.1 and 4.7. Estimates by the U.S. Census Bureau indicate that on July 1, 1999, males comprised 48.9% and females 51.1% of the total U.S. resident population (U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, "Resident Population Estimates of the United States by Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: April 1, 1990 to July 1, 1999, with Short-term Projection to November 1, 2000" [Online]. Available: <http://www.census.gov/population/estimates/nation/intfile3-1.txt> [Jan. 8, 2001].) For definitions of offenses, see Appendix 3.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

^bLess than 0.1%.

^cViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

^dProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

^eIncludes arson.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), p. 229. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.9

Arrests

By offense charged, sex, and age group, United States, 1998 and 1999

(7,396 agencies; 1998 estimated population 153,620,000; 1999 estimated population 155,791,000)

Offense charged	Male						Female					
	Total			Under 18 years of age			Total			Under 18 years of age		
	1998	1999	Percent change	1998	1999	Percent change	1998	1999	Percent change	1998	1999	Percent change
Total ^a	6,846,667	6,500,524	-5.1%	1,154,497	1,054,282	-8.7%	1,896,775	1,811,639	-4.5%	421,466	391,235	-7.2%
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	7,933	7,006	-11.7	1,085	749	-31.0	957	858	-10.3	90	57	-36.7
Forcible rape	17,630	16,217	-8.0	3,054	2,772	-9.2	204	189	-7.4	54	55	1.9
Robbery	66,535	60,368	-9.3	18,376	15,884	-13.6	7,524	6,765	-10.1	1,779	1,514	-14.9
Aggravated assault	248,914	234,868	-5.6	34,116	32,340	-5.2	59,046	56,926	-3.6	9,560	9,287	-2.9
Burglary	170,936	151,769	-11.2	61,458	52,220	-15.0	25,617	23,001	-10.2	7,941	6,781	-14.6
Larceny-theft	521,957	469,353	-10.1	165,775	146,621	-11.6	280,453	258,870	-7.7	88,807	81,513	-8.2
Motor vehicle theft	78,534	74,083	-5.7	26,841	25,843	-3.7	14,692	13,713	-6.7	5,586	5,030	-10.0
Arson	8,228	8,011	-2.6	4,551	4,556	0.1	1,363	1,275	-6.5	540	567	5.0
Violent crime ^b	341,012	318,459	-6.6	56,631	51,745	-8.6	67,731	64,738	-4.4	11,483	10,913	-5.0
Property crime ^c	779,655	703,216	-9.8	258,625	229,240	-11.4	322,125	296,859	-7.8	102,874	93,981	-8.7
Total Crime Index ^d	1,120,667	1,021,675	-8.8	315,256	280,985	-10.9	389,856	361,597	-7.2	114,357	104,804	-8.4
Other assaults	620,096	590,798	-4.7	98,798	95,797	-3.0	177,762	172,909	-2.7	43,458	41,890	-3.6
Forgery and counterfeiting	41,631	38,268	-8.1	2,695	2,565	-4.8	26,014	24,037	-7.6	1,562	1,472	-5.8
Fraud	117,900	115,453	-2.1	4,651	5,403	16.2	94,990	86,712	-8.7	2,136	2,123	-0.6
Embezzlement	4,837	5,051	4.4	485	504	3.9	4,816	4,953	2.8	388	459	18.3
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	66,484	57,452	-13.6	17,696	14,567	-17.7	12,189	10,651	-12.6	2,568	2,222	-13.5
Vandalism	154,980	140,865	-9.1	68,188	61,983	-9.1	27,078	25,083	-7.4	9,193	8,324	-9.5
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	104,366	94,740	-9.2	24,998	23,185	-7.3	8,632	7,997	-7.4	2,462	2,380	-3.3
Prostitution and commercialized vice	26,558	23,635	-11.0	448	352	-21.4	36,776	36,867	0.2	484	433	-10.5
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	53,336	52,170	-2.2	8,972	8,994	0.2	4,584	3,988	-13.0	711	741	4.2
Drug abuse violations	777,922	761,092	-2.2	106,682	101,523	-4.8	166,655	163,779	-1.7	17,082	17,117	0.2
Gambling	6,762	5,838	-13.7	981	753	-23.2	772	826	7.0	25	30	20.0
Offenses against family and children	66,207	62,304	-5.9	3,572	3,045	-14.8	17,929	17,253	-3.8	2,114	1,888	-10.7
Driving under the influence	714,689	702,690	-1.7	10,206	10,167	-0.4	131,584	132,190	0.5	2,155	2,044	-5.2
Liquor laws	305,183	302,085	-1.0	68,107	64,944	-4.6	83,217	85,999	3.3	29,255	29,150	-0.4
Drunkenness	369,512	358,954	-2.9	11,970	10,773	-10.0	53,596	51,759	-3.4	2,697	2,607	-3.3
Disorderly conduct	322,055	294,413	-8.6	81,703	74,233	-9.1	95,103	87,234	-8.3	31,132	28,702	-7.8
Vagrancy	16,371	15,460	-5.6	1,531	1,155	-24.6	4,262	3,541	-16.9	307	270	-12.1
All other offenses (except traffic)	1,834,472	1,752,076	-4.5	204,919	187,849	-8.3	467,594	452,400	-3.2	66,014	62,715	-5.0
Suspicion (not included in totals)	2,651	3,358	26.7	686	813	18.5	697	907	30.1	215	238	10.7
Curfew and loitering law violations	82,428	70,778	-14.1	82,428	70,778	-14.1	36,468	31,353	-14.0	36,468	31,353	-14.0
Runaways	40,211	34,727	-13.6	40,211	34,727	-13.6	56,898	50,511	-11.2	56,898	50,511	-11.2

Note: See Note, table 4.1. This table presents data from all law enforcement agencies submitting complete reports for 12 months in 1998 and 1999 (Source, p. 403). Population figures are estimates calculated from U.S. Census Bureau data. For definitions of offenses, see Appendix 3.

^cProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.
^dIncludes arson.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), p. 221.

^aDoes not include suspicion.

^bViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Table 4.10

Arrests

By offense charged, age group, and race, United States, 1999

(8,545 agencies; 1999 estimated population 171,823,000)

Offense charged	Total arrests					Percent ^a				
	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander
Total	9,100,050	6,283,294	2,600,510	113,705	102,541	100.0%	69.0%	28.6%	1.2%	1.1%
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	9,716	4,460	5,029	105	122	100.0	45.9	51.8	1.1	1.3
Forcible rape	18,716	11,510	6,775	214	217	100.0	61.5	36.2	1.1	1.2
Robbery	73,542	32,257	40,040	442	803	100.0	43.9	54.4	0.6	1.1
Aggravated assault	317,499	199,893	110,420	3,281	3,905	100.0	63.0	34.8	1.0	1.2
Burglary	192,246	131,832	56,119	1,805	2,490	100.0	68.6	29.2	0.9	1.3
Larceny-theft	792,386	524,128	244,085	10,472	13,701	100.0	66.1	30.8	1.3	1.7
Motor vehicle theft	94,161	51,726	39,694	1,015	1,726	100.0	54.9	42.2	1.0	1.8
Arson	10,774	8,019	2,553	108	94	100.0	74.4	23.7	1.0	0.9
Violent crime ^b	419,473	248,120	162,264	4,042	5,047	100.0	59.2	38.7	1.0	1.2
Property crime ^c	1,089,567	715,705	342,451	13,400	18,011	100.0	65.7	31.4	1.2	1.7
Total Crime Index ^d	1,509,040	963,825	504,715	17,442	23,058	100.0	63.9	33.4	1.2	1.5
Other assaults	842,882	546,873	275,406	11,609	8,994	100.0	64.9	32.7	1.4	1.1
Forgery and counterfeiting	69,679	46,050	22,373	372	884	100.0	66.1	32.1	0.5	1.3
Fraud	225,404	148,024	74,868	999	1,513	100.0	65.7	33.2	0.4	0.7
Embezzlement	11,180	7,199	3,790	32	159	100.0	64.4	33.9	0.3	1.4
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	80,263	44,435	34,339	615	874	100.0	55.4	42.8	0.8	1.1
Vandalism	181,750	136,624	40,357	2,799	1,970	100.0	75.2	22.2	1.5	1.1
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	113,683	68,556	43,076	807	1,244	100.0	60.3	37.9	0.7	1.1
Prostitution and commercialized vice	63,844	37,872	24,496	460	1,016	100.0	59.3	38.4	0.7	1.6
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	60,029	45,907	12,676	735	711	100.0	76.5	21.1	1.2	1.2
Drug abuse violations	1,005,385	639,277	353,851	5,438	6,819	100.0	63.6	35.2	0.5	0.7
Gambling	7,017	2,168	4,471	6	372	100.0	30.9	63.7	0.1	5.3
Offenses against family and children	88,517	58,790	27,227	880	1,620	100.0	66.4	30.8	1.0	1.8
Driving under the influence	913,920	798,570	93,163	12,384	9,803	100.0	87.4	10.2	1.4	1.1
Liquor laws	425,716	363,892	45,074	13,034	3,716	100.0	85.5	10.6	3.1	0.9
Drunkenness	436,205	364,328	64,777	5,225	1,875	100.0	83.5	14.9	1.2	0.4
Disorderly conduct	420,740	276,772	134,628	6,405	2,935	100.0	65.8	32.0	1.5	0.7
Vagrancy	20,203	11,331	8,140	605	127	100.0	56.1	40.3	3.0	0.6
All other offenses (except traffic)	2,409,449	1,562,423	785,691	31,546	29,789	100.0	64.8	32.6	1.3	1.2
Suspicion	4,903	3,380	1,462	34	27	100.0	68.9	29.8	0.7	0.6
Curfew and loitering law violations	114,027	82,617	28,753	1,244	1,413	100.0	72.5	25.2	1.1	1.2
Runaways	96,214	74,381	17,177	1,034	3,622	100.0	77.3	17.9	1.1	3.8

See notes at end of table.

Table 4.10

Arrests

By offense charged, age group, and race, United States, 1999--Continued

Offense charged	Arrests of persons under 18 years of age					Percent ^a				
	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander
Total	1,584,718	1,140,123	398,010	20,295	26,290	100.0%	71.9%	25.1%	1.3%	1.7%
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	923	434	452	16	21	100.0	47.0	49.0	1.7	2.3
Forcible rape	3,176	2,001	1,096	35	44	100.0	63.0	34.5	1.1	1.4
Robbery	18,709	8,101	10,184	133	291	100.0	43.3	54.4	0.7	1.6
Aggravated assault	45,003	27,993	15,819	486	705	100.0	62.2	35.2	1.1	1.6
Burglary	64,360	46,736	15,749	773	1,102	100.0	72.6	24.5	1.2	1.7
Larceny-theft	248,523	173,430	65,645	3,787	5,661	100.0	69.8	26.4	1.5	2.3
Motor vehicle theft	33,202	18,998	12,901	441	862	100.0	57.2	38.9	1.3	2.6
Arson	5,759	4,595	1,049	56	59	100.0	79.8	18.2	1.0	1.0
Violent crime ^b	67,811	38,529	27,551	670	1,061	100.0	56.8	40.6	1.0	1.6
Property crime ^c	351,844	243,759	95,344	5,057	7,684	100.0	69.3	27.1	1.4	2.2
Total Crime Index ^d	419,655	282,288	122,895	5,727	8,745	100.0	67.3	29.3	1.4	2.1
Other assaults	151,413	98,452	49,132	1,826	2,003	100.0	65.0	32.4	1.2	1.3
Forgery and counterfeiting	4,471	3,473	881	34	83	100.0	77.7	19.7	0.8	1.9
Fraud	7,926	4,533	3,223	48	122	100.0	57.2	40.7	0.6	1.5
Embezzlement	1,099	695	377	2	25	100.0	63.2	34.3	0.2	2.3
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	18,817	11,099	7,173	201	344	100.0	59.0	38.1	1.1	1.8
Vandalism	76,175	62,330	11,838	1,035	972	100.0	81.8	15.5	1.4	1.3
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	27,548	18,658	8,148	263	479	100.0	67.7	29.6	1.0	1.7
Prostitution and commercialized vice	877	506	347	9	15	100.0	57.7	39.6	1.0	1.7
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	10,621	7,722	2,720	81	98	100.0	72.7	25.6	0.8	0.9
Drug abuse violations	128,055	88,564	37,079	1,113	1,299	100.0	69.2	29.0	0.9	1.0
Gambling	835	135	680	1	19	100.0	16.2	81.4	0.1	2.3
Offenses against family and children	5,586	4,239	1,162	42	143	100.0	75.9	20.8	0.8	2.6
Driving under the influence	13,641	12,531	708	242	160	100.0	91.9	5.2	1.8	1.2
Liquor laws	103,311	94,639	4,707	3,012	953	100.0	91.6	4.6	2.9	0.9
Drunkenness	14,055	12,781	1,091	95	88	100.0	90.9	7.8	0.7	0.6
Disorderly conduct	113,171	75,600	35,380	1,269	922	100.0	66.8	31.3	1.1	0.8
Vagrancy	1,592	1,191	361	26	14	100.0	74.8	22.7	1.6	0.9
All other offenses (except traffic)	274,478	202,858	63,870	2,990	4,760	100.0	73.9	23.3	1.1	1.7
Suspicion	1,151	831	308	1	11	100.0	72.2	26.8	0.1	1.0
Curfew and loitering law violations	114,027	82,617	28,753	1,244	1,413	100.0	72.5	25.2	1.1	1.2
Runaways	96,214	74,381	17,177	1,034	3,622	100.0	77.3	17.9	1.1	3.8

See notes at end of table.

Table 4.10

Arrests

By offense charged, age group, and race, United States, 1999--Continued

Offense charged	Arrests of persons 18 years of age and older					Percent ^a				
	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander
Total	7,515,332	5,143,171	2,202,500	93,410	76,251	100.0%	68.4%	29.3%	1.2%	1.0%
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	8,793	4,026	4,577	89	101	100.0	45.8	52.1	1.0	1.1
Forcible rape	15,540	9,509	5,679	179	173	100.0	61.2	36.5	1.2	1.1
Robbery	54,833	24,156	29,856	309	512	100.0	44.1	54.4	0.6	0.9
Aggravated assault	272,496	171,900	94,601	2,795	3,200	100.0	63.1	34.7	1.0	1.2
Burglary	127,886	85,096	40,370	1,032	1,388	100.0	66.5	31.6	0.8	1.1
Larceny-theft	543,863	350,698	178,440	6,685	8,040	100.0	64.5	32.8	1.2	1.5
Motor vehicle theft	60,959	32,728	26,793	574	864	100.0	53.7	44.0	0.9	1.4
Arson	5,015	3,424	1,504	52	35	100.0	68.3	30.0	1.0	0.7
Violent crime ^b	351,662	209,591	134,713	3,372	3,986	100.0	59.6	38.3	1.0	1.1
Property crime ^c	737,723	471,946	247,107	8,343	10,327	100.0	64.0	33.5	1.1	1.4
Total Crime Index ^d	1,089,385	681,537	381,820	11,715	14,313	100.0	62.6	35.0	1.1	1.3
Other assaults	691,469	448,421	226,274	9,783	6,991	100.0	64.9	32.7	1.4	1.0
Forgery and counterfeiting	65,208	42,577	21,492	338	801	100.0	65.3	33.0	0.5	1.2
Fraud	217,478	143,491	71,645	951	1,391	100.0	66.0	32.9	0.4	0.6
Embezzlement	10,081	6,504	3,413	30	134	100.0	64.5	33.9	0.3	1.3
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	61,446	33,336	27,166	414	530	100.0	54.3	44.2	0.7	0.9
Vandalism	105,575	74,294	28,519	1,764	998	100.0	70.4	27.0	1.7	0.9
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	86,135	49,898	34,928	544	765	100.0	57.9	40.6	0.6	0.9
Prostitution and commercialized vice	62,967	37,366	24,149	451	1,001	100.0	59.3	38.4	0.7	1.6
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	49,408	38,185	9,956	654	613	100.0	77.3	20.2	1.3	1.2
Drug abuse violations	877,330	550,713	316,772	4,325	5,520	100.0	62.8	36.1	0.5	0.6
Gambling	6,182	2,033	3,791	5	353	100.0	32.9	61.3	0.1	5.7
Offenses against family and children	82,931	54,551	26,065	838	1,477	100.0	65.8	31.4	1.0	1.8
Driving under the influence	900,279	786,039	92,455	12,142	9,643	100.0	87.3	10.3	1.3	1.1
Liquor laws	322,405	269,253	40,367	10,022	2,763	100.0	83.5	12.5	3.1	0.9
Drunkenness	422,150	351,547	63,686	5,130	1,787	100.0	83.3	15.1	1.2	0.4
Disorderly conduct	307,569	201,172	99,248	5,136	2,013	100.0	65.4	32.3	1.7	0.7
Vagrancy	18,611	10,140	7,779	579	113	100.0	54.5	41.8	3.1	0.6
All other offenses (except traffic)	2,134,971	1,359,565	721,821	28,556	25,029	100.0	63.7	33.8	1.3	1.2
Suspicion	3,752	2,549	1,154	33	16	100.0	67.9	30.8	0.9	0.4
Curfew and loitering law violations	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Runaways	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

Note: See Notes, tables 4.1 and 4.7. Estimates by the U.S. Census Bureau indicate that on July 1, 1999, whites comprised 82.4%, blacks 12.8%, and other racial categories 4.8% of the total U.S. resident population (U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, "Resident Population Estimates of the United States by Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: April 1, 1990 to July 1, 1999, with Short-term Projection to November 1, 2000" [Online]. Available: <http://www.census.gov/population/estimates/nation/intfile3-1.txt> [Jan. 8, 2001].) For definitions of offenses, see Appendix 3.

^cProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

^dIncludes arson.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), pp. 230-232.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

^bViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Table 4.11

Arrests in cities

By offense charged and sex, 1999

(6,171 agencies; 1999 estimated population 121,342,000)

Offense charged	Persons arrested					Percent distribution of offenses charged ^a		
	Total number	Male		Female		Total	Male	Female
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent			
Total	6,998,734	5,443,702	77.8%	1,555,032	22.2%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	7,589	6,754	89.0	835	11.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
Forcible rape	14,292	14,122	98.8	170	1.2	0.2	0.3	(b)
Robbery	64,911	58,291	89.8	6,620	10.2	0.9	1.1	0.4
Aggravated assault	250,966	199,823	79.6	51,143	20.4	3.6	3.7	3.3
Burglary	144,387	124,972	86.6	19,415	13.4	2.1	2.3	1.2
Larceny-theft	682,113	435,227	63.8	246,886	36.2	9.7	8.0	15.9
Motor vehicle theft	77,319	65,295	84.4	12,024	15.6	1.1	1.2	0.8
Arson	7,916	6,754	85.3	1,162	14.7	0.1	0.1	0.1
Violent crime ^c	337,758	278,990	82.6	58,768	17.4	4.8	5.1	3.8
Property crime ^d	911,735	632,248	69.3	279,487	30.7	13.0	11.6	18.0
Total Crime Index ^e	1,249,493	911,238	72.9	338,255	27.1	17.9	16.7	21.8
Other assaults	649,885	503,334	77.4	146,551	22.6	9.3	9.2	9.4
Forgery and counterfeiting	54,321	33,325	61.3	20,996	38.7	0.8	0.6	1.4
Fraud	135,094	79,103	58.6	55,991	41.4	1.9	1.5	3.6
Embezzlement	8,885	4,406	49.6	4,479	50.4	0.1	0.1	0.3
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	64,920	54,633	84.2	10,287	15.8	0.9	1.0	0.7
Vandalism	143,971	121,369	84.3	22,602	15.7	2.1	2.2	1.5
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	91,878	84,580	92.1	7,298	7.9	1.3	1.6	0.5
Prostitution and commercialized vice	61,862	24,062	38.9	37,800	61.1	0.9	0.4	2.4
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	45,166	41,707	92.3	3,459	7.7	0.6	0.8	0.2
Drug abuse violations	791,751	652,730	82.4	139,021	17.6	11.3	12.0	8.9
Gambling	6,319	5,573	88.2	746	11.8	0.1	0.1	(b)
Offenses against family and children	50,718	36,283	71.5	14,435	28.5	0.7	0.7	0.9
Driving under the influence	562,081	468,717	83.4	93,364	16.6	8.0	8.6	6.0
Liquor laws	335,524	262,487	78.2	73,037	21.8	4.8	4.8	4.7
Drunkenness	372,546	325,979	87.5	46,567	12.5	5.3	6.0	3.0
Disorderly conduct	365,432	281,598	77.1	83,834	22.9	5.2	5.2	5.4
Vagrancy	18,074	14,719	81.4	3,355	18.6	0.3	0.3	0.2
All other offenses (except traffic)	1,805,764	1,429,756	79.2	376,008	20.8	25.8	26.3	24.2
Suspicion	4,050	3,212	79.3	838	20.7	0.1	0.1	0.1
Curfew and loitering law violations	108,706	75,672	69.6	33,034	30.4	1.6	1.4	2.1
Runaways	72,294	29,219	40.4	43,075	59.6	1.0	0.5	2.8

Note: See Note, table 4.1. This table presents data from all city law enforcement agencies submitting complete reports for 12 months in 1999 (Source, p. 403). Population figures are estimates calculated from U.S. Census Bureau data. For definitions of offenses and city areas, see Appendix 3.

^cViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

^dProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

^eIncludes arson.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

^bLess than 0.1%.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), p. 238. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.12

Arrests in cities

By offense charged, age group, and race, 1999

(6,170 agencies; 1999 estimated population 121,334,000)

Offense charged	Total arrests					Percent ^a				
	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander
Total	6,978,339	4,635,919	2,171,532	85,934	84,954	100.0%	66.4%	31.1%	1.2%	1.2%
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	7,583	2,997	4,422	55	109	100.0	39.5	58.3	0.7	1.4
Forcible rape	14,258	8,081	5,878	124	175	100.0	56.7	41.2	0.9	1.2
Robbery	64,848	27,421	36,343	361	723	100.0	42.3	56.0	0.6	1.1
Aggravated assault	250,625	149,322	95,670	2,171	3,462	100.0	59.6	38.2	0.9	1.4
Burglary	144,139	93,357	47,539	1,167	2,076	100.0	64.8	33.0	0.8	1.4
Larceny-theft	680,458	443,615	215,078	9,393	12,372	100.0	65.2	31.6	1.4	1.8
Motor vehicle theft	77,212	38,709	36,243	759	1,501	100.0	50.1	46.9	1.0	1.9
Arson	7,889	5,592	2,132	83	82	100.0	70.9	27.0	1.1	1.0
Violent crime ^b	337,314	187,821	142,313	2,711	4,469	100.0	55.7	42.2	0.8	1.3
Property crime ^c	909,698	581,273	300,992	11,402	16,031	100.0	63.9	33.1	1.3	1.8
Total Crime Index ^d	1,247,012	769,094	443,305	14,113	20,500	100.0	61.7	35.5	1.1	1.6
Other assaults	648,864	399,817	232,442	9,003	7,602	100.0	61.6	35.8	1.4	1.2
Forgery and counterfeiting	54,158	34,390	18,711	297	760	100.0	63.5	34.5	0.5	1.4
Fraud	134,729	81,075	51,928	548	1,178	100.0	60.2	38.5	0.4	0.9
Embezzlement	8,861	5,442	3,253	31	135	100.0	61.4	36.7	0.3	1.5
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	64,773	33,275	30,296	433	769	100.0	51.4	46.8	0.7	1.2
Vandalism	143,719	103,984	35,792	2,192	1,751	100.0	72.4	24.9	1.5	1.2
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	91,378	52,414	37,733	519	1,072	100.0	57.1	41.1	0.6	1.2
Prostitution and commercialized vice	61,779	36,258	24,125	436	960	100.0	58.7	39.1	0.7	1.6
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	45,105	33,324	10,619	550	612	100.0	73.9	23.5	1.2	1.4
Drug abuse violations	790,656	472,500	308,801	3,742	5,613	100.0	59.8	39.1	0.5	0.7
Gambling	6,319	1,701	4,290	3	325	100.0	26.9	67.9	(e)	5.1
Offenses against family and children	46,474	31,067	13,336	653	1,418	100.0	66.8	28.7	1.4	3.1
Driving under the influence	560,492	487,666	59,457	7,351	6,018	100.0	87.0	10.6	1.3	1.1
Liquor laws	333,829	279,704	39,909	11,183	3,033	100.0	83.8	12.0	3.3	0.9
Drunkenness	371,698	307,533	58,287	4,237	1,641	100.0	82.7	15.7	1.1	0.4
Disorderly conduct	364,539	234,477	122,149	5,335	2,578	100.0	64.3	33.5	1.5	0.7
Vagrancy	18,066	9,773	7,580	594	119	100.0	54.1	42.0	3.3	0.7
All other offenses (except traffic)	1,800,760	1,127,539	625,975	22,766	24,480	100.0	62.6	34.8	1.3	1.4
Suspicion	4,048	2,684	1,311	27	26	100.0	66.3	32.4	0.7	0.6
Curfew and loitering law violations	108,513	78,190	27,962	1,168	1,193	100.0	72.1	25.8	1.1	1.1
Runaways	72,207	54,012	14,271	753	3,171	100.0	74.8	19.8	1.0	4.4

See notes at end of table.

Table 4.12

Arrests in cities

By offense charged, age group, and race, 1999--Continued

Offense charged	Arrests of persons under 18 years of age					Percent ^a				
	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander
Total	1,306,478	916,939	350,666	15,902	22,971	100.0%	70.2%	26.8%	1.2%	1.8%
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	786	341	417	12	16	100.0	43.4	53.1	1.5	2.0
Forcible rape	2,479	1,441	979	20	39	100.0	58.1	39.5	0.8	1.6
Robbery	16,799	7,071	9,351	108	269	100.0	42.1	55.7	0.6	1.6
Aggravated assault	36,663	21,805	13,896	333	629	100.0	59.5	37.9	0.9	1.7
Burglary	48,646	33,668	13,577	505	896	100.0	69.2	27.9	1.0	1.8
Larceny-theft	217,775	150,587	58,613	3,424	5,151	100.0	69.1	26.9	1.6	2.4
Motor vehicle theft	27,613	14,585	11,955	343	730	100.0	52.8	43.3	1.2	2.6
Arson	4,387	3,402	884	47	54	100.0	77.5	20.2	1.1	1.2
Violent crime ^b	56,727	30,658	24,643	473	953	100.0	54.0	43.4	0.8	1.7
Property crime ^c	298,421	202,242	85,029	4,319	6,831	100.0	67.8	28.5	1.4	2.3
Total Crime Index ^d	355,148	232,900	109,672	4,792	7,784	100.0	65.6	30.9	1.3	2.2
Other assaults	119,920	75,496	41,267	1,414	1,743	100.0	63.0	34.4	1.2	1.5
Forgery and counterfeiting	3,605	2,725	776	26	78	100.0	75.6	21.5	0.7	2.2
Fraud	6,476	3,520	2,811	36	109	100.0	54.4	43.4	0.6	1.7
Embezzlement	935	555	358	2	20	100.0	59.4	38.3	0.2	2.1
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	15,717	8,757	6,511	151	298	100.0	55.7	41.4	1.0	1.9
Vandalism	60,545	48,275	10,529	856	885	100.0	79.7	17.4	1.4	1.5
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	23,093	15,301	7,187	183	422	100.0	66.3	31.1	0.8	1.8
Prostitution and commercialized vice	832	468	342	7	15	100.0	56.3	41.1	0.8	1.8
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	7,802	5,383	2,279	53	87	100.0	69.0	29.2	0.7	1.1
Drug abuse violations	105,937	70,265	33,802	830	1,040	100.0	66.3	31.9	0.8	1.0
Gambling	806	112	674	1	19	100.0	13.9	83.6	0.1	2.4
Offenses against family and children	3,965	2,910	893	32	130	100.0	73.4	22.5	0.8	3.3
Driving under the influence	9,009	8,220	538	147	104	100.0	91.2	6.0	1.6	1.2
Liquor laws	76,606	69,425	4,081	2,375	725	100.0	90.6	5.3	3.1	0.9
Drunkenness	11,996	10,854	1,001	60	81	100.0	90.5	8.3	0.5	0.7
Disorderly conduct	97,946	65,100	31,083	920	843	100.0	66.5	31.7	0.9	0.9
Vagrancy	1,324	974	313	24	13	100.0	73.6	23.6	1.8	1.0
All other offenses (except traffic)	223,125	162,812	54,042	2,071	4,200	100.0	73.0	24.2	0.9	1.9
Suspicion	971	685	274	1	11	100.0	70.5	28.2	0.1	1.1
Curfew and loitering law violations	108,513	78,190	27,962	1,168	1,193	100.0	72.1	25.8	1.1	1.1
Runaways	72,207	54,012	14,271	753	3,171	100.0	74.8	19.8	1.0	4.4

See notes at end of table.

Table 4.12

Arrests in cities

By offense charged, age group, and race, 1999--Continued

Offense charged	Arrests of persons 18 years of age and older					Percent ^a				
	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander
Total	5,671,861	3,718,980	1,820,866	70,032	61,983	100.0%	65.6%	32.1%	1.2%	1.1%
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	6,797	2,656	4,005	43	93	100.0	39.1	58.9	0.6	1.4
Forcible rape	11,779	6,640	4,899	104	136	100.0	56.4	41.6	0.9	1.2
Robbery	48,049	20,350	26,992	253	454	100.0	42.4	56.2	0.5	0.9
Aggravated assault	213,962	127,517	81,774	1,838	2,833	100.0	59.6	38.2	0.9	1.3
Burglary	95,493	59,689	33,962	662	1,180	100.0	62.5	35.6	0.7	1.2
Larceny-theft	462,683	293,028	156,465	5,969	7,221	100.0	63.3	33.8	1.3	1.6
Motor vehicle theft	49,599	24,124	24,288	416	771	100.0	48.6	49.0	0.8	1.6
Arson	3,502	2,190	1,248	36	28	100.0	62.5	35.6	1.0	0.8
Violent crime ^b	280,587	157,163	117,670	2,238	3,516	100.0	56.0	41.9	0.8	1.3
Property crime ^c	611,277	379,031	215,963	7,083	9,200	100.0	62.0	35.3	1.2	1.5
Total Crime Index ^d	891,864	536,194	333,633	9,321	12,716	100.0	60.1	37.4	1.0	1.4
Other assaults	528,944	324,321	191,175	7,589	5,859	100.0	61.3	36.1	1.4	1.1
Forgery and counterfeiting	50,553	31,665	17,935	271	682	100.0	62.6	35.5	0.5	1.3
Fraud	128,253	77,555	49,117	512	1,069	100.0	60.5	38.3	0.4	0.8
Embezzlement	7,926	4,887	2,895	29	115	100.0	61.7	36.5	0.4	1.5
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	49,056	24,518	23,785	282	471	100.0	50.0	48.5	0.6	1.0
Vandalism	83,174	55,709	25,263	1,336	866	100.0	67.0	30.4	1.6	1.0
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	68,645	37,113	30,546	336	650	100.0	54.1	44.5	0.5	0.9
Prostitution and commercialized vice	60,947	35,790	23,783	429	945	100.0	58.7	39.0	0.7	1.6
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	37,303	27,941	8,340	497	525	100.0	74.9	22.4	1.3	1.4
Drug abuse violations	684,719	402,235	274,999	2,912	4,573	100.0	58.7	40.2	0.4	0.7
Gambling	5,513	1,589	3,616	2	306	100.0	28.8	65.6	(e)	5.6
Offenses against family and children	42,509	28,157	12,443	621	1,288	100.0	66.2	29.3	1.5	3.0
Driving under the influence	551,483	479,446	58,919	7,204	5,914	100.0	86.9	10.7	1.3	1.1
Liquor laws	257,223	210,279	35,828	8,808	2,308	100.0	81.7	13.9	3.4	0.9
Drunkenness	359,702	296,679	57,286	4,177	1,560	100.0	82.5	15.9	1.2	0.4
Disorderly conduct	266,593	169,377	91,066	4,415	1,735	100.0	63.5	34.2	1.7	0.7
Vagrancy	16,742	8,799	7,267	570	106	100.0	52.6	43.4	3.4	0.6
All other offenses (except traffic)	1,577,635	964,727	571,933	20,695	20,280	100.0	61.2	36.3	1.3	1.3
Suspicion	3,077	1,999	1,037	26	15	100.0	65.0	33.7	0.8	0.5
Curfew and loitering law violations	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Runaways	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

Note: See Notes, tables 4.1 and 4.11. For definitions of offenses and city areas, see Appendix 3.

^cProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

^dIncludes arson.

^eLess than 0.1%.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

^bViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), pp. 239-241.

Table 4.13

Arrests in suburban areas^a

By offense charged and sex, 1999

(4,428 agencies; 1999 estimated population 71,791,000)

Offense charged	Persons arrested					Percent distribution of offenses charged ^b		
	Total number	Male		Female		Total	Male	Female
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent			
Total	3,276,170	2,566,153	78.3%	710,017	21.7%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	2,308	2,022	87.6	286	12.4	0.1	0.1	(c)
Forcible rape	5,978	5,896	98.6	82	1.4	0.2	0.2	(c)
Robbery	18,188	16,498	90.7	1,690	9.3	0.6	0.6	0.2
Aggravated assault	99,485	81,020	81.4	18,465	18.6	3.0	3.2	2.6
Burglary	64,931	57,253	88.2	7,678	11.8	2.0	2.2	1.1
Larceny-theft	263,961	172,228	65.2	91,733	34.8	8.1	6.7	12.9
Motor vehicle theft	24,675	20,832	84.4	3,843	15.6	0.8	0.8	0.5
Arson	4,412	3,868	87.7	544	12.3	0.1	0.2	0.1
Violent crime ^d	125,959	105,436	83.7	20,523	16.3	3.8	4.1	2.9
Property crime ^e	357,979	254,181	71.0	103,798	29.0	10.9	9.9	14.6
Total Crime Index ^f	483,938	359,617	74.3	124,321	25.7	14.8	14.0	17.5
Other assaults	293,074	225,090	76.8	67,984	23.2	8.9	8.8	9.6
Forgery and counterfeiting	24,330	15,023	61.7	9,307	38.3	0.7	0.6	1.3
Fraud	97,344	53,007	54.5	44,337	45.5	3.0	2.1	6.2
Embezzlement	3,949	1,994	50.5	1,955	49.5	0.1	0.1	0.3
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	30,021	25,238	84.1	4,783	15.9	0.9	1.0	0.7
Vandalism	66,119	56,757	85.8	9,362	14.2	2.0	2.2	1.3
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	34,830	32,159	92.3	2,671	7.7	1.1	1.3	0.4
Prostitution and commercialized vice	5,958	3,293	55.3	2,665	44.7	0.2	0.1	0.4
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	19,750	18,724	94.8	1,026	5.2	0.6	0.7	0.1
Drug abuse violations	324,884	267,868	82.5	57,016	17.5	9.9	10.4	8.0
Gambling	902	718	79.6	184	20.4	(c)	(c)	(c)
Offenses against family and children	52,841	42,865	81.1	9,976	18.9	1.6	1.7	1.4
Driving under the influence	418,825	350,800	83.8	68,025	16.2	12.8	13.7	9.6
Liquor laws	156,361	120,336	77.0	36,025	23.0	4.8	4.7	5.1
Drunkenness	140,742	121,869	86.6	18,873	13.4	4.3	4.7	2.7
Disorderly conduct	159,516	122,334	76.7	37,182	23.3	4.9	4.8	5.2
Vagrancy	4,601	3,941	85.7	660	14.3	0.1	0.2	0.1
All other offenses (except traffic)	896,097	710,830	79.3	185,267	20.7	27.4	27.7	26.1
Suspicion	2,023	1,635	80.8	388	19.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Curfew and loitering law violations	24,824	17,301	69.7	7,523	30.3	0.8	0.7	1.1
Runaways	35,241	14,754	41.9	20,487	58.1	1.1	0.6	2.9

Note: See Note, table 4.1. This table presents data from all suburban law enforcement agencies submitting complete reports for 12 months in 1999 (Source, p. 403). Population figures are estimates calculated from U.S. Census Bureau data. For definitions of offenses and suburban areas, see Appendix 3.

^aIncludes suburban city and county law enforcement agencies within metropolitan areas. Excludes central cities. Suburban cities and counties also are included in other groups.

^bBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

^cLess than 0.1%.

^dViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

^eProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

^fIncludes arson.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), p. 265. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.14

Arrests in suburban areas^a

By offense charged, age group, and race, 1999

(4,428 agencies; 1999 estimated population 71,791,000)

Offense charged	Total arrests					Percent ^b				
	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander
Total	3,250,424	2,484,947	723,258	19,461	22,758	100.0%	76.4%	22.3%	0.6%	0.7%
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	2,301	1,539	727	8	27	100.0	66.9	31.6	0.3	1.2
Forcible rape	5,961	4,428	1,461	29	43	100.0	74.3	24.5	0.5	0.7
Robbery	18,143	9,372	8,534	76	161	100.0	51.7	47.0	0.4	0.9
Aggravated assault	99,101	73,151	24,411	619	920	100.0	73.8	24.6	0.6	0.9
Burglary	64,751	50,242	13,660	323	526	100.0	77.6	21.1	0.5	0.8
Larceny-theft	262,684	182,562	75,106	1,648	3,368	100.0	69.5	28.6	0.6	1.3
Motor vehicle theft	24,560	17,681	6,449	168	262	100.0	72.0	26.3	0.7	1.1
Arson	4,388	3,687	652	16	33	100.0	84.0	14.9	0.4	0.8
Violent crime ^c	125,506	88,490	35,133	732	1,151	100.0	70.5	28.0	0.6	0.9
Property crime ^d	356,383	254,172	95,867	2,155	4,189	100.0	71.3	26.9	0.6	1.2
Total Crime Index ^e	481,889	342,662	131,000	2,887	5,340	100.0	71.1	27.2	0.6	1.1
Other assaults	291,745	215,968	71,694	1,843	2,240	100.0	74.0	24.6	0.6	0.8
Forgery and counterfeiting	24,174	17,426	6,480	76	192	100.0	72.1	26.8	0.3	0.8
Fraud	97,121	68,228	28,116	261	516	100.0	70.3	28.9	0.3	0.5
Embezzlement	3,938	2,698	1,205	2	33	100.0	68.5	30.6	0.1	0.8
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	29,924	19,505	9,957	156	306	100.0	65.2	33.3	0.5	1.0
Vandalism	65,929	55,121	9,887	459	462	100.0	83.6	15.0	0.7	0.7
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	34,727	25,005	9,266	156	300	100.0	72.0	26.7	0.4	0.9
Prostitution and commercialized vice	5,895	4,414	1,331	41	109	100.0	74.9	22.6	0.7	1.8
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	19,684	16,339	3,077	111	157	100.0	83.0	15.6	0.6	0.8
Drug abuse violations	324,033	246,225	74,930	1,198	1,680	100.0	76.0	23.1	0.4	0.5
Gambling	896	517	365	1	13	100.0	57.7	40.7	0.1	1.5
Offenses against family and children	48,673	32,648	15,660	178	187	100.0	67.1	32.2	0.4	0.4
Driving under the influence	409,291	368,931	35,369	2,354	2,637	100.0	90.1	8.6	0.6	0.6
Liquor laws	154,988	141,354	10,649	1,887	1,098	100.0	91.2	6.9	1.2	0.7
Drunkenness	140,335	124,996	13,894	838	607	100.0	89.1	9.9	0.6	0.4
Disorderly conduct	158,915	119,345	37,523	1,004	1,043	100.0	75.1	23.6	0.6	0.7
Vagrancy	4,599	3,121	1,410	11	57	100.0	67.9	30.7	0.2	1.2
All other offenses (except traffic)	891,748	629,384	251,469	5,623	5,272	100.0	70.6	28.2	0.6	0.6
Suspicion	2,021	1,193	801	16	11	100.0	59.0	39.6	0.8	0.5
Curfew and loitering law violations	24,709	20,242	4,092	145	230	100.0	81.9	16.6	0.6	0.9
Runaways	35,190	29,625	5,083	214	268	100.0	84.2	14.4	0.6	0.8

See notes at end of table.

Table 4.14

Arrests in suburban areas^a

By offense charged, age group, and race, 1999--Continued

Offense charged	Arrests of persons under 18 years of age					Percent ^b				
	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander
Total	576,655	456,229	111,183	3,694	5,549	100.0%	79.1%	19.3%	0.6%	1.0%
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	186	114	65	1	6	100.0	61.3	34.9	0.5	3.2
Forcible rape	1,084	818	254	7	5	100.0	75.5	23.4	0.6	0.5
Robbery	4,681	2,275	2,315	27	64	100.0	48.6	49.5	0.6	1.4
Aggravated assault	15,407	11,113	4,033	91	170	100.0	72.1	26.2	0.6	1.1
Burglary	23,035	18,468	4,176	136	255	100.0	80.2	18.1	0.6	1.1
Larceny-theft	83,904	60,620	21,328	570	1,386	100.0	72.2	25.4	0.7	1.7
Motor vehicle theft	8,639	6,285	2,121	70	163	100.0	72.8	24.6	0.8	1.9
Arson	2,662	2,290	340	9	23	100.0	86.0	12.8	0.3	0.9
Violent crime ^c	21,358	14,320	6,667	126	245	100.0	67.0	31.2	0.6	1.1
Property crime ^d	118,240	87,663	27,965	785	1,827	100.0	74.1	23.7	0.7	1.5
Total Crime Index ^e	139,598	101,983	34,632	911	2,072	100.0	73.1	24.8	0.7	1.5
Other assaults	57,868	42,479	14,634	371	384	100.0	73.4	25.3	0.6	0.7
Forgery and counterfeiting	1,673	1,400	242	11	20	100.0	83.7	14.5	0.7	1.2
Fraud	2,473	1,686	746	9	32	100.0	68.2	30.2	0.4	1.3
Embezzlement	400	279	114	0	7	100.0	69.8	28.5	X	1.8
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	7,388	4,984	2,209	61	134	100.0	67.5	29.9	0.8	1.8
Vandalism	30,482	26,605	3,448	206	223	100.0	87.3	11.3	0.7	0.7
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	9,379	7,210	1,997	46	126	100.0	76.9	21.3	0.5	1.3
Prostitution and commercialized vice	124	98	24	1	1	100.0	79.0	19.4	0.8	0.8
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	4,020	3,195	798	14	13	100.0	79.5	19.9	0.3	0.3
Drug abuse violations	46,357	38,276	7,523	206	352	100.0	82.6	16.2	0.4	0.8
Gambling	76	33	43	0	0	100.0	43.4	56.6	X	X
Offenses against family and children	2,662	2,155	477	13	17	100.0	81.0	17.9	0.5	0.6
Driving under the influence	5,664	5,380	221	33	30	100.0	95.0	3.9	0.6	0.5
Liquor laws	45,281	42,618	1,835	558	270	100.0	94.1	4.1	1.2	0.6
Drunkenness	5,644	5,297	301	21	25	100.0	93.9	5.3	0.4	0.4
Disorderly conduct	48,842	36,141	12,088	243	370	100.0	74.0	24.7	0.5	0.8
Vagrancy	572	481	83	0	8	100.0	84.1	14.5	X	1.4
All other offenses (except traffic)	107,643	85,669	20,380	630	964	100.0	79.6	18.9	0.6	0.9
Suspicion	610	393	213	1	3	100.0	64.4	34.9	0.2	0.5
Curfew and loitering law violations	24,709	20,242	4,092	145	230	100.0	81.9	16.6	0.6	0.9
Runaways	35,190	29,625	5,083	214	268	100.0	84.2	14.4	0.6	0.8

See notes at end of table.

Table 4.14

Arrests in suburban areas^a

By offense charged, age group, and race, 1999--Continued

Offense charged	Arrests of persons 18 years of age and older					Percent ^b				
	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander
Total	2,673,769	2,028,718	612,075	15,767	17,209	100.0%	75.9%	22.9%	0.6%	0.6%
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	2,115	1,425	662	7	21	100.0	67.4	31.3	0.3	1.0
Forcible rape	4,877	3,610	1,207	22	38	100.0	74.0	24.7	0.5	0.8
Robbery	13,462	7,097	6,219	49	97	100.0	52.7	46.2	0.4	0.7
Aggravated assault	83,694	62,038	20,378	528	750	100.0	74.1	24.3	0.6	0.9
Burglary	41,716	31,774	9,484	187	271	100.0	76.2	22.7	0.4	0.6
Larceny-theft	178,780	121,942	53,778	1,078	1,982	100.0	68.2	30.1	0.6	1.1
Motor vehicle theft	15,921	11,396	4,328	98	99	100.0	71.6	27.2	0.6	0.6
Arson	1,726	1,397	312	7	10	100.0	80.9	18.1	0.4	0.6
Violent crime ^c	104,148	74,170	28,466	606	906	100.0	71.2	27.3	0.6	0.9
Property crime ^d	238,143	166,509	67,902	1,370	2,362	100.0	69.9	28.5	0.6	1.0
Total Crime Index ^e	342,291	240,679	96,368	1,976	3,268	100.0	70.3	28.2	0.6	1.0
Other assaults	233,877	173,489	57,060	1,472	1,856	100.0	74.2	24.4	0.6	0.8
Forgery and counterfeiting	22,501	16,026	6,238	65	172	100.0	71.2	27.7	0.3	0.8
Fraud	94,648	66,542	27,370	252	484	100.0	70.3	28.9	0.3	0.5
Embezzlement	3,538	2,419	1,091	2	26	100.0	68.4	30.8	0.1	0.7
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	22,536	14,521	7,748	95	172	100.0	64.4	34.4	0.4	0.8
Vandalism	35,447	28,516	6,439	253	239	100.0	80.4	18.2	0.7	0.7
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	25,348	17,795	7,269	110	174	100.0	70.2	28.7	0.4	0.7
Prostitution and commercialized vice	5,771	4,316	1,307	40	108	100.0	74.8	22.6	0.7	1.9
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	15,664	13,144	2,279	97	144	100.0	83.9	14.5	0.6	0.9
Drug abuse violations	277,676	207,949	67,407	992	1,328	100.0	74.9	24.3	0.4	0.5
Gambling	820	484	322	1	13	100.0	59.0	39.3	0.1	1.6
Offenses against family and children	46,011	30,493	15,183	165	170	100.0	66.3	33.0	0.4	0.4
Driving under the influence	403,627	363,551	35,148	2,321	2,607	100.0	90.1	8.7	0.6	0.6
Liquor laws	109,707	98,736	8,814	1,329	828	100.0	90.0	8.0	1.2	0.8
Drunkenness	134,691	119,699	13,593	817	582	100.0	88.9	10.1	0.6	0.4
Disorderly conduct	110,073	83,204	25,435	761	673	100.0	75.6	23.1	0.7	0.6
Vagrancy	4,027	2,640	1,327	11	49	100.0	65.6	33.0	0.3	1.2
All other offenses (except traffic)	784,105	543,715	231,089	4,993	4,308	100.0	69.3	29.5	0.6	0.5
Suspicion	1,411	800	588	15	8	100.0	56.7	41.7	1.1	0.6
Curfew and loitering law violations	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Runaways	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

Note: See Notes, tables 4.1 and 4.13. For definitions of offenses and suburban areas, see Appendix 3.

^dProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

^eIncludes arson.

^aIncludes suburban city and county law enforcement agencies within metropolitan areas. Excludes central cities. Suburban cities and counties also are included in other groups.

^bBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

^cViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), pp. 266-268.

Table 4.15

Arrests in rural counties

By offense charged and sex, 1999

(1,564 agencies; 1999 estimated population 17,880,000)

Offense charged	Persons arrested					Percent distribution of offenses charged ^a		
	Total number	Male		Female		Total	Male	Female
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent			
Total	770,839	613,615	79.6%	157,224	20.4%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	742	643	86.7	99	13.3	0.1	0.1	0.1
Forcible rape	1,708	1,688	98.8	20	1.2	0.2	0.3	(b)
Robbery	1,755	1,616	92.1	139	7.9	0.2	0.3	0.1
Aggravated assault	21,445	17,825	83.1	3,620	16.9	2.8	2.9	2.3
Burglary	18,618	16,606	89.2	2,012	10.8	2.4	2.7	1.3
Larceny-theft	31,591	23,098	73.1	8,493	26.9	4.1	3.8	5.4
Motor vehicle theft	5,264	4,440	84.3	824	15.7	0.7	0.7	0.5
Arson	872	744	85.3	128	14.7	0.1	0.1	0.1
Violent crime ^c	25,650	21,772	84.9	3,878	15.1	3.3	3.5	2.5
Property crime ^d	56,345	44,888	79.7	11,457	20.3	7.3	7.3	7.3
Total Crime Index ^e	81,995	66,660	81.3	15,335	18.7	10.6	10.9	9.8
Other assaults	67,286	52,474	78.0	14,812	22.0	8.7	8.6	9.4
Forgery and counterfeiting	5,387	3,265	60.6	2,122	39.4	0.7	0.5	1.3
Fraud	36,937	18,743	50.7	18,194	49.3	4.8	3.1	11.6
Embezzlement	610	328	53.8	282	46.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	4,520	3,841	85.0	679	15.0	0.6	0.6	0.4
Vandalism	14,377	12,447	86.6	1,930	13.4	1.9	2.0	1.2
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	7,267	6,742	92.8	525	7.2	0.9	1.1	0.3
Prostitution and commercialized vice	106	52	49.1	54	50.9	(b)	(b)	(b)
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	5,007	4,801	95.9	206	4.1	0.6	0.8	0.1
Drug abuse violations	69,031	57,269	83.0	11,762	17.0	9.0	9.3	7.5
Gambling	223	194	87.0	29	13.0	(b)	(b)	(b)
Offenses against family and children	10,583	8,602	81.3	1,981	18.7	1.4	1.4	1.3
Driving under the influence	158,713	134,956	85.0	23,757	15.0	20.6	22.0	15.1
Liquor laws	44,055	33,634	76.3	10,421	23.7	5.7	5.5	6.6
Drunkenness	24,450	21,066	86.2	3,384	13.8	3.2	3.4	2.2
Disorderly conduct	21,928	16,806	76.6	5,122	23.4	2.8	2.7	3.3
Vagrancy	708	594	83.9	114	16.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
All other offenses (except traffic)	208,797	166,909	79.9	41,888	20.1	27.1	27.2	26.6
Suspicion	552	443	80.3	109	19.7	0.1	0.1	0.1
Curfew and loitering law violations	1,184	769	64.9	415	35.1	0.2	0.1	0.3
Runaways	7,123	3,020	42.4	4,103	57.6	0.9	0.5	2.6

Note: See Note, table 4.1. This table presents data from all rural county law enforcement agencies submitting complete reports for 12 months in 1999 (Source, p. 403). Population figures are estimates calculated from U.S. Census Bureau data. For definitions of offenses and rural counties, see Appendix 3.

^cViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

^dProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

^eIncludes arson.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

^bLess than 0.1%.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), p. 256. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.16

Arrests in rural counties

By offense charged, age group, and race, 1999

(1,564 agencies; 1999 estimated population 17,880,000)

Offense charged	Total arrests					Percent ^a				
	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander
Total	761,647	617,034	114,662	19,918	10,033	100.0%	81.0%	15.1%	2.6%	1.3%
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	739	463	231	44	1	100.0	62.7	31.3	6.0	0.1
Forcible rape	1,706	1,315	298	71	22	100.0	77.1	17.5	4.2	1.3
Robbery	1,753	993	687	43	30	100.0	56.6	39.2	2.5	1.7
Aggravated assault	21,413	15,799	4,704	796	114	100.0	73.8	22.0	3.7	0.5
Burglary	18,597	14,920	3,022	455	200	100.0	80.2	16.2	2.4	1.1
Larceny-theft	31,528	25,118	5,242	631	537	100.0	79.7	16.6	2.0	1.7
Motor vehicle theft	5,248	4,318	655	178	97	100.0	82.3	12.5	3.4	1.8
Arson	869	737	108	20	4	100.0	84.8	12.4	2.3	0.5
Violent crime ^b	25,611	18,570	5,920	954	167	100.0	72.5	23.1	3.7	0.7
Property crime ^c	56,242	45,093	9,027	1,284	838	100.0	80.2	16.1	2.3	1.5
Total Crime Index ^d	81,853	63,663	14,947	2,238	1,005	100.0	77.8	18.3	2.7	1.2
Other assaults	67,170	52,915	11,692	1,893	670	100.0	78.8	17.4	2.8	1.0
Forgery and counterfeiting	5,383	4,103	1,177	41	62	100.0	76.2	21.9	0.8	1.2
Fraud	36,829	29,391	6,994	284	160	100.0	79.8	19.0	0.8	0.4
Embezzlement	608	513	84	0	11	100.0	84.4	13.8	X	1.8
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	4,517	3,454	935	110	18	100.0	76.5	20.7	2.4	0.4
Vandalism	14,350	12,423	1,389	440	98	100.0	86.6	9.7	3.1	0.7
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	7,237	5,531	1,433	210	63	100.0	76.4	19.8	2.9	0.9
Prostitution and commercialized vice	106	79	16	2	9	100.0	74.5	15.1	1.9	8.5
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	5,000	4,313	514	138	35	100.0	86.3	10.3	2.8	0.7
Drug abuse violations	68,777	54,911	12,216	1,103	547	100.0	79.8	17.8	1.6	0.8
Gambling	223	159	22	2	40	100.0	71.3	9.9	0.9	17.9
Offenses against family and children	10,558	8,181	2,121	121	135	100.0	77.5	20.1	1.1	1.3
Driving under the influence	151,500	129,205	15,483	4,042	2,770	100.0	85.3	10.2	2.7	1.8
Liquor laws	43,808	40,230	1,898	1,253	427	100.0	91.8	4.3	2.9	1.0
Drunkenness	24,374	21,559	2,096	666	53	100.0	88.5	8.6	2.7	0.2
Disorderly conduct	21,916	17,474	3,510	765	167	100.0	79.7	16.0	3.5	0.8
Vagrancy	708	495	198	10	5	100.0	69.9	28.0	1.4	0.7
All other offenses (except traffic)	207,891	160,795	37,470	6,376	3,250	100.0	77.3	18.0	3.1	1.6
Suspicion	550	495	49	6	0	100.0	90.0	8.9	1.1	X
Curfew and loitering law violations	1,184	917	48	45	174	100.0	77.4	4.1	3.8	14.7
Runaways	7,105	6,228	370	173	334	100.0	87.7	5.2	2.4	4.7

See notes at end of table.

Table 4.16

Arrests in rural counties

By offense charged, age group, and race, 1999--Continued

Offense charged	Arrests of persons under 18 years of age					Percent ^a				
	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander
Total	88,665	74,991	8,881	3,020	1,773	100.0%	84.6%	10.0%	3.4%	2.0%
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	38	29	6	3	0	100.0	76.3	15.8	7.9	X
Forcible rape	249	209	23	12	5	100.0	83.9	9.2	4.8	2.0
Robbery	277	173	85	12	7	100.0	62.5	30.7	4.3	2.5
Aggravated assault	2,426	1,783	509	113	21	100.0	73.5	21.0	4.7	0.9
Burglary	5,847	4,971	571	198	107	100.0	85.0	9.8	3.4	1.8
Larceny-theft	7,558	6,462	664	231	201	100.0	85.5	8.8	3.1	2.7
Motor vehicle theft	1,829	1,571	141	71	46	100.0	85.9	7.7	3.9	2.5
Arson	319	295	16	7	1	100.0	92.5	5.0	2.2	0.3
Violent crime ^b	2,990	2,194	623	140	33	100.0	73.4	20.8	4.7	1.1
Property crime ^c	15,553	13,299	1,392	507	355	100.0	85.5	9.0	3.3	2.3
Total Crime Index ^d	18,543	15,493	2,015	647	388	100.0	83.6	10.9	3.5	2.1
Other assaults	8,767	6,656	1,716	256	139	100.0	75.9	19.6	2.9	1.6
Forgery and counterfeiting	265	236	24	2	3	100.0	89.1	9.1	0.8	1.1
Fraud	432	379	38	10	5	100.0	87.7	8.8	2.3	1.2
Embezzlement	48	42	5	0	1	100.0	87.5	10.4	X	2.1
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	826	683	114	24	5	100.0	82.7	13.8	2.9	0.6
Vandalism	5,375	4,965	253	117	40	100.0	92.4	4.7	2.2	0.7
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	1,063	799	198	58	8	100.0	75.2	18.6	5.5	0.8
Prostitution and commercialized vice	4	3	0	1	0	100.0	75.0	X	25.0	X
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	969	834	110	19	6	100.0	86.1	11.4	2.0	0.6
Drug abuse violations	6,247	5,265	625	209	148	100.0	84.3	10.0	3.3	2.4
Gambling	11	9	2	0	0	100.0	81.8	18.2	X	X
Offenses against family and children	835	660	160	3	12	100.0	79.0	19.2	0.4	1.4
Driving under the influence	2,394	2,175	91	79	49	100.0	90.9	3.8	3.3	2.0
Liquor laws	12,584	11,840	134	448	162	100.0	94.1	1.1	3.6	1.3
Drunkenness	699	658	13	28	0	100.0	94.1	1.9	4.0	X
Disorderly conduct	4,979	3,645	1,049	248	37	100.0	73.2	21.1	5.0	0.7
Vagrancy	128	109	16	2	1	100.0	85.2	12.5	1.6	0.8
All other offenses (except traffic)	16,112	13,311	1,889	651	261	100.0	82.6	11.7	4.0	1.6
Suspicion	95	84	11	0	0	100.0	88.4	11.6	X	X
Curfew and loitering law violations	1,184	917	48	45	174	100.0	77.4	4.1	3.8	14.7
Runaways	7,105	6,228	370	173	334	100.0	87.7	5.2	2.4	4.7

See notes at end of table.

Table 4.16

Arrests in rural counties

By offense charged, age group, and race, 1999--Continued

Offense charged	Arrests of persons 18 years of age and older					Percent ^a				
	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander
Total	672,982	542,043	105,781	16,898	8,260	100.0%	80.5%	15.7%	2.5%	1.2%
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	701	434	225	41	1	100.0	61.9	32.1	5.8	0.1
Forcible rape	1,457	1,106	275	59	17	100.0	75.9	18.9	4.0	1.2
Robbery	1,476	820	602	31	23	100.0	55.6	40.8	2.1	1.6
Aggravated assault	18,987	14,016	4,195	683	93	100.0	73.8	22.1	3.6	0.5
Burglary	12,750	9,949	2,451	257	93	100.0	78.0	19.2	2.0	0.7
Larceny-theft	23,970	18,656	4,578	400	336	100.0	77.8	19.1	1.7	1.4
Motor vehicle theft	3,419	2,747	514	107	51	100.0	80.3	15.0	3.1	1.5
Arson	550	442	92	13	3	100.0	80.4	16.7	2.4	0.5
Violent crime ^b	22,621	16,376	5,297	814	134	100.0	72.4	23.4	3.6	0.6
Property crime ^c	40,689	31,794	7,635	777	483	100.0	78.1	18.8	1.9	1.2
Total Crime Index ^d	63,310	48,170	12,932	1,591	617	100.0	76.1	20.4	2.5	1.0
Other assaults	58,403	46,259	9,976	1,637	531	100.0	79.2	17.1	2.8	0.9
Forgery and counterfeiting	5,118	3,867	1,153	39	59	100.0	75.6	22.5	0.8	1.2
Fraud	36,397	29,012	6,956	274	155	100.0	79.7	19.1	0.8	0.4
Embezzlement	560	471	79	0	10	100.0	84.1	14.1	X	1.8
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	3,691	2,771	821	86	13	100.0	75.1	22.2	2.3	0.4
Vandalism	8,975	7,458	1,136	323	58	100.0	83.1	12.7	3.6	0.6
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	6,174	4,732	1,235	152	55	100.0	76.6	20.0	2.5	0.9
Prostitution and commercialized vice	102	76	16	1	9	100.0	74.5	15.7	1.0	8.8
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	4,031	3,479	404	119	29	100.0	86.3	10.0	3.0	0.7
Drug abuse violations	62,530	49,646	11,591	894	399	100.0	79.4	18.5	1.4	0.6
Gambling	212	150	20	2	40	100.0	70.8	9.4	0.9	18.9
Offenses against family and children	9,723	7,521	1,961	118	123	100.0	77.4	20.2	1.2	1.3
Driving under the influence	149,106	127,030	15,392	3,963	2,721	100.0	85.2	10.3	2.7	1.8
Liquor laws	31,224	28,390	1,764	805	265	100.0	90.9	5.6	2.6	0.8
Drunkenness	23,675	20,901	2,083	638	53	100.0	88.3	8.8	2.7	0.2
Disorderly conduct	16,937	13,829	2,461	517	130	100.0	81.6	14.5	3.1	0.8
Vagrancy	580	386	182	8	4	100.0	66.6	31.4	1.4	0.7
All other offenses (except traffic)	191,779	147,484	35,581	5,725	2,989	100.0	76.9	18.6	3.0	1.6
Suspicion	455	411	38	6	0	100.0	90.3	8.4	1.3	X
Curfew and loitering law violations	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Runaways	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

Note: See Notes, tables 4.1 and 4.15. For definitions of offenses and rural counties, see Appendix 3.

^cProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

^dIncludes arson.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

^bViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), pp. 257-259.

Table 4.17

Arrest rates (per 100,000 inhabitants) for violent crimes

By offense charged and region, 1971-99

(Rate per 100,000 inhabitants)

	Offense charged and region															
	Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter				Forcible rape				Robbery				Aggravated assault			
	Northeast	Midwest	South	West	Northeast	Midwest	South	West	Northeast	Midwest	South	West	Northeast	Midwest	South	West
1971	7.1	8.8	12.7	8.6	8.5	9.6	12.2	13.1	83.4	55.3	54.4	73.0	81.2	59.0	119.5	111.3
1972	6.8	7.8	13.3	10.1	10.0	10.1	13.7	16.4	82.2	54.0	58.6	84.7	83.7	63.1	125.0	134.4
1973	7.9	7.0	12.8	9.1	12.1	9.4	13.5	15.5	84.8	41.3	59.3	85.9	96.5	58.8	120.2	134.7
1974	6.5	10.2	14.3	11.1	12.3	11.1	15.2	15.8	87.2	69.0	75.5	96.9	108.6	74.7	134.1	164.7
1975	6.9	6.9	13.1	9.2	11.9	9.2	14.0	14.4	91.2	53.2	69.3	81.8	109.1	64.1	139.2	145.2
1976	6.3	6.4	11.7	4.5	12.0	9.8	13.7	13.8	84.6	44.6	56.9	67.7	106.3	62.5	135.6	136.9
1977	5.9	7.8	11.7	9.5	13.2	11.6	14.5	14.8	83.7	52.3	53.2	76.8	117.3	59.5	137.1	154.7
1978	7.4	7.3	11.5	9.2	15.1	10.9	14.2	14.8	110.7	46.7	52.5	75.3	149.2	57.9	144.7	152.1
1979	5.6	9.1	11.9	10.3	12.8	11.9	15.2	17.8	79.4	46.6	56.6	82.8	114.3	67.7	151.9	174.4
1980	6.3	7.5	11.1	10.4	12.9	12.1	14.8	17.1	91.9	48.1	54.4	85.1	118.1	64.5	147.0	170.5
1981	6.3	7.5	11.3	12.6	13.1	12.4	14.6	16.1	98.6	48.7	55.7	84.2	115.2	69.7	148.5	163.5
1982	7.1	10.0	11.1	10.8	13.5	15.2	15.6	16.0	102.0	63.1	55.3	83.9	129.6	82.5	158.7	161.3
1983	6.6	8.0	10.4	10.2	14.3	14.6	15.4	15.7	101.7	49.5	54.7	70.4	127.7	77.8	155.1	148.5
1984	6.1	5.8	9.5	8.0	16.1	15.1	16.3	15.2	103.4	37.9	48.9	56.8	139.4	84.9	141.4	143.5
1985	6.1	5.7	9.3	9.0	15.3	15.6	16.3	15.4	96.2	34.8	47.8	68.1	136.1	85.5	143.7	145.8
1986	6.3	6.5	9.4	9.2	15.4	14.9	16.3	15.7	105.0	34.5	51.7	69.2	154.1	93.2	151.3	191.3
1987	6.5	9.1	8.5	8.6	15.0	16.4	15.2	15.2	103.1	42.2	47.5	63.6	161.1	94.6	140.8	207.2
1988	6.6	9.7	9.1	8.7	13.9	15.3	15.5	15.3	99.7	40.3	44.1	64.1	171.5	115.1	138.9	226.7
1989	6.9	10.2	9.5	9.0	14.4	16.2	15.2	15.2	116.4	45.9	47.7	68.9	182.2	131.0	152.3	252.6
1990	6.8	8.9	11.1	9.8	13.8	15.7	17.3	16.2	117.8	41.2	57.8	77.9	182.7	131.1	186.9	272.6
1991	7.7	10.2	11.3	9.4	14.5	17.2	16.7	15.3	120.7	45.5	57.2	77.2	188.3	128.6	183.4	265.0
1992	6.8	9.5	10.4	8.8	14.6	17.0	16.4	14.3	114.1	45.3	60.4	75.6	186.9	129.5	210.0	267.7
1993	7.0	9.7	11.3	8.5	13.8	16.7	16.3	13.3	115.9	44.8	62.1	71.8	190.8	131.4	213.0	270.3
1994	6.6	10.0	10.2	8.2	12.7	17.3	15.5	12.0	110.5	48.2	59.9	69.9	186.2	147.5	222.5	282.2
1995	6.9	9.4	9.4	7.7	13.0	15.7	14.6	10.7	126.6	45.0	57.6	67.7	212.7	151.1	217.0	288.2
1996	5.6	9.3	8.6	6.9	11.8	15.6	13.5	10.8	100.7	49.2	49.3	63.7	177.1	166.1	187.7	270.6
1997	3.2	8.9	8.6	5.9	9.8	14.0	13.2	10.7	46.9	44.6	51.4	58.7	152.8	156.6	189.0	285.1
1998	3.7	9.6	7.5	5.7	10.5	13.6	12.7	10.4	51.2	39.6	43.5	52.3	157.9	155.5	176.2	259.9
1999	3.3	8.7	6.1	4.8	10.0	13.9	11.0	9.7	48.2	39.9	37.6	46.2	153.4	149.4	163.0	245.6

Note: See Notes, tables 4.1 and 4.2. For a list of States in regions and definitions of offenses, see Appendix 3.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1971*, p. 35; *1972*, p. 35; *1973*, p. 34; *1974*, p. 45; *1975*, p. 41; *1976*, p. 172; *1977*, p. 171; *1978*, p. 185; *1979*, p. 187; *1980*, p. 190; *1981*, p. 161; *1982*, p. 166; *1983*, p. 169; *1984*, p. 162; *1985*, p. 165; *1986*, p. 165; *1987*, p. 165; *1988*, p. 169; *1989*, p. 173; *1990*, p. 175; *1991*, p. 214; *1992*, p. 218; *1993*, p. 218; *1994*, p. 218; *1995*, p. 209; *1996*, p. 215; *1997*, p. 223; *1998*, p. 211; *1999*, p. 213 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.18

Arrest rates (per 100,000 inhabitants) for property crimes

By offense charged and region, 1971-99

(Rate per 100,000 inhabitants)

	Offense charged and region															
	Burglary				Larceny-theft				Motor vehicle theft				Arson			
	Northeast	Midwest	South	West	Northeast	Midwest	South	West	Northeast	Midwest	South	West	Northeast	Midwest	South	West
1971	173.7	170.7	204.8	295.2	302.1	455.8	445.2	572.1	72.1	69.5	67.5	151.2	X	X	X	X
1972	164.0	157.9	200.3	306.7	281.8	447.2	431.0	593.5	66.6	61.2	62.3	137.4	X	X	X	X
1973	189.6	154.3	193.9	314.2	280.8	424.6	425.7	572.6	77.1	58.9	60.6	126.0	X	X	X	X
1974	207.9	213.5	269.5	361.5	398.0	586.0	542.5	680.9	67.3	62.3	66.7	139.9	X	X	X	X
1975	222.0	186.5	271.0	344.3	393.7	528.8	571.7	658.1	63.1	49.9	56.8	112.2	X	X	X	X
1976	232.9	170.2	241.5	307.2	423.8	491.9	550.4	692.3	65.9	46.4	51.1	115.0	X	X	X	X
1977	243.6	178.8	233.8	320.8	452.0	507.9	521.3	658.1	66.4	57.7	53.6	125.4	X	X	X	X
1978	259.6	166.7	231.5	304.5	475.7	485.9	515.9	646.2	77.9	55.4	57.5	124.0	X	X	X	X
1979	221.0	163.2	237.9	315.8	447.4	499.5	537.9	697.5	60.6	52.2	58.1	129.2	9.9	8.1	7.9	11.2
1980	226.1	167.2	239.0	303.5	463.5	535.1	516.3	674.8	60.1	46.0	50.2	107.4	9.8	8.3	8.1	9.8
1981	213.4	172.5	235.0	305.9	474.2	558.2	541.7	685.9	55.2	42.8	47.8	93.9	9.2	8.6	8.5	10.5
1982	199.5	188.8	234.5	304.9	492.4	661.6	590.4	735.4	57.8	49.4	47.6	83.7	9.0	11.5	7.5	9.9
1983	177.9	166.2	209.7	275.9	475.8	593.9	566.4	703.1	49.5	41.7	46.0	78.1	8.5	9.1	7.8	9.3
1984	159.6	139.3	194.3	247.9	466.2	545.8	549.9	692.6	50.0	38.3	49.5	71.2	8.0	8.0	7.1	10.2
1985	156.7	133.0	197.6	258.7	477.9	549.5	572.2	723.5	47.7	38.4	53.0	90.9	8.8	7.9	7.2	9.9
1986	151.1	129.6	206.7	253.9	478.5	563.4	590.7	738.4	54.8	43.4	60.0	101.7	8.0	7.7	7.1	8.8
1987	151.7	136.5	204.9	235.8	514.9	622.7	602.1	739.2	67.3	50.3	66.3	109.2	7.8	7.7	6.4	8.6
1988	145.2	131.3	182.7	234.9	511.6	625.8	579.3	730.6	77.1	60.6	64.7	124.4	7.6	8.2	6.9	8.2
1989	153.6	135.5	181.9	239.8	527.1	650.2	599.4	729.0	90.7	73.1	73.1	134.2	7.2	7.6	6.7	7.9
1990	145.1	121.4	192.9	229.0	533.3	626.9	647.0	729.0	79.7	56.3	81.0	128.5	7.2	8.0	7.4	8.4
1991	142.0	127.8	182.7	223.9	536.0	660.4	650.0	693.8	78.6	56.0	78.2	122.4	7.1	7.7	8.0	8.3
1992	137.0	122.4	174.8	222.2	499.8	610.1	607.5	686.6	69.6	52.7	72.7	122.5	7.1	8.6	6.8	8.7
1993	126.2	110.4	168.7	206.4	466.4	577.7	598.2	666.1	65.7	57.0	71.7	118.1	6.8	8.0	7.1	8.5
1994	120.0	113.9	165.5	194.0	468.7	593.9	635.0	643.4	61.3	64.4	74.8	114.6	6.9	9.5	7.1	9.5
1995	125.5	108.5	156.2	180.7	509.7	586.1	610.1	627.6	58.5	67.2	67.9	105.9	6.7	9.3	6.4	9.1
1996	108.6	111.4	147.2	172.9	438.1	638.4	612.6	600.2	50.2	83.1	57.2	88.9	5.8	8.5	6.7	8.1
1997	109.8	101.7	142.7	161.9	456.8	606.8	589.9	568.7	37.5	71.4	55.1	83.5	6.8	7.8	7.8	7.5
1998	101.6	95.3	134.5	148.8	427.8	527.6	528.5	515.7	42.3	68.1	49.1	70.9	6.7	7.2	6.1	6.6
1999	86.9	90.6	118.3	133.8	383.5	466.6	509.6	461.7	39.2	80.3	41.2	62.1	6.5	7.2	5.9	6.0

Note: See Notes, tables 4.1 and 4.2. Arson was designated an Index property crime in October 1978. Data collection began in 1979. For a list of States in regions and definitions of offenses, see Appendix 3.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, 1971, p. 35; 1972, p. 35; 1973, p. 34; 1974, p. 45; 1975, p. 41; 1976, p. 172; 1977, p. 171; 1978, p. 185; 1979, p. 187; 1980, p. 190; 1981, p. 161; 1982, p. 166; 1983, p. 169; 1984, p. 162; 1985, p. 165; 1986, p. 165; 1987, p. 165; 1988, p. 169; 1989, p. 173; 1990, p. 175; 1991, p. 214; 1992, p. 218; 1993, p. 218; 1994, p. 218; 1995, p. 209; 1996, p. 215; 1997, p. 223; 1998, p. 211; 1999, p. 213 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.19

Offenses known to police and percent cleared by arrest^a

By offense and population group, 1999

(1999 estimated population)

Population group	Total Crime Index	Violent crime ^b	Property crime ^c	Murder and non- negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggra- vated assault	Burglary	Larceny- theft	Motor vehicle theft
Total all agencies										
11,910 agencies; population 230,476,000:										
Offenses known	9,659,727	1,164,380	8,495,347	12,266	72,809	330,601	748,704	1,751,332	5,787,112	956,903
Percent cleared by arrest	21.4%	50.0	17.5	69.1	49.5	28.5	59.2	13.7	19.1	14.9
Total cities										
8,602 cities; population 153,455,000:										
Offenses known	7,596,681	921,927	6,674,754	9,337	53,377	291,129	568,084	1,271,423	4,622,968	780,363
Percent cleared by arrest	21.4%	48.3	17.6	67.5	49.2	28.1	58.3	13.2	19.5	13.7
Group I										
60 cities, 250,000 and over; population 42,762,000:										
Offenses known	2,604,028	422,208	2,181,820	4,892	18,864	157,959	240,493	427,322	1,394,508	359,990
Percent cleared by arrest	19.4%	45.5	14.3	65.5	55.7	26.8	56.6	11.8	16.0	10.9
8 cities, 1,000,000 and over; population 19,013,000:										
Offenses known	929,406	183,871	745,535	1,974	6,182	71,162	104,553	140,626	465,870	139,039
Percent cleared by arrest	19.8%	46.0	13.3	64.8	52.7	28.2	57.3	11.3	15.1	9.3
17 cities, 500,000 to 999,999; population 11,189,000:										
Offenses known	736,866	101,942	634,924	1,314	5,956	37,110	57,562	124,746	414,644	95,534
Percent cleared by arrest	19.4%	46.3	15.1	61.0	62.1	26.6	57.1	12.9	16.3	12.4
35 cities, 250,000 to 499,999; population 12,560,000:										
Offenses known	937,756	136,395	801,361	1,604	6,726	49,687	78,378	161,950	513,994	125,417
Percent cleared by arrest	19.0%	44.2	14.7	70.1	52.7	24.9	55.2	11.5	16.5	11.4
Group II										
140 cities, 100,000 to 249,999; population 20,621,000:										
Offenses known	1,201,957	141,468	1,060,489	1,476	8,683	46,926	84,383	210,846	718,103	131,540
Percent cleared by arrest	20.2%	46.9	16.6	64.4	45.4	26.8	57.8	12.6	18.6	12.5
Group III										
348 cities, 50,000 to 99,999; population 23,770,000:										
Offenses known	1,126,203	122,177	1,004,026	1,090	8,086	36,129	76,872	195,172	698,211	110,643
Percent cleared by arrest	21.9%	48.6	18.6	66.1	45.1	29.1	57.9	13.2	21.0	13.1
Group IV										
649 cities, 25,000 to 49,999; population 22,459,000:										
Offenses known	945,274	89,580	855,694	731	6,505	23,355	58,989	159,989	618,807	76,898
Percent cleared by arrest	22.1%	49.2	19.3	72.8	42.2	29.8	57.4	13.3	21.4	14.8
Group V										
1,538 cities, 10,000 to 24,999; population 24,111,000:										
Offenses known	919,816	79,484	840,332	645	6,404	17,093	55,342	150,852	629,889	59,591
Percent cleared by arrest	24.6%	54.3	21.8	77.2	46.7	34.6	61.1	15.2	23.5	21.3
Group VI										
5,867 cities under 10,000; population 19,733,000:										
Offenses known	799,403	67,010	732,393	503	4,835	9,667	52,005	127,242	563,450	41,701
Percent cleared by arrest	24.3%	60.2	21.0	78.9	50.3	36.5	65.3	16.5	21.3	31.1
Suburban counties										
1,121 agencies; population 51,581,000:										
Offenses known	1,576,989	185,255	1,391,734	1,961	13,829	35,465	134,000	337,718	909,313	144,703
Percent cleared by arrest	21.1%	55.0	16.6	73.9	50.2	31.0	61.5	14.4	17.2	17.8

See notes at end of table.

Table 4.19

Offenses known to police and percent cleared by arrest^a

By offense and population group, 1999--Continued

Population group	Total Crime Index	Violent crime ^b	Property crime ^c	Murder and non- negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggra- vated assault	Burglary	Larceny- theft	Motor vehicle theft
Rural counties										
2,187 agencies; population 25,439,000:										
Offenses known	486,057	57,198	428,859	968	5,603	4,007	46,620	142,191	254,831	31,837
Percent cleared by arrest	23.4%	61.4	18.4	74.6	50.2	39.4	64.3	16.4	18.0	29.8
Suburban areas^d										
5,867 agencies; population 96,404,000:										
Offenses known	3,193,805	321,436	2,872,369	2,972	23,892	67,987	226,585	592,661	2,009,799	269,909
Percent cleared by arrest	22.0%	54.4	18.4	73.9	48.4	31.3	61.7	14.4	19.6	18.0

Note: See Note, table 4.1. "An offense is 'cleared by arrest' or solved for crime reporting purposes when at least one person is: (1) arrested; (2) charged with the commission of the offense; and (3) turned over to the court for prosecution." The prosecution can follow arrest, court summons, or police notice. An offense is also counted as cleared by arrest if any of the following "exceptional" conditions pertain: (1) suicide of the offender; (2) double murder; (3) deathbed confession; (4) offender killed by police or citizen; (5) confession by offender already in custody or serving a sentence; (6) an offender prosecuted in another jurisdiction for a different offense and that jurisdiction does not release offender to first jurisdiction; (7) extradition denied; (8) victim refuses to cooperate in prosecution; (9) warrant is outstanding for felon but before arrest the offender dies of natural causes or as a result of an accident, or is killed in the commission of another offense; or, (10) handling of a juvenile offender either orally or by written notice to parents in instances involving minor offenses where no referral to juvenile court is made as a matter of publicly accepted police policy. (U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 1984), pp. 41, 42.) It should be noted that the arrest of one person can clear several crimes or several persons may be arrested to clear one crime.

Arson was designated an Index property crime in October 1978. Due to the incompleteness of arson reporting by police for offenses known, arson data are not included in this table. Forcible rape figures furnished by the State-level Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program administered by the Delaware State Bureau of Investigation and the

Illinois Department of State Police were not in accordance with national UCR guidelines and were excluded by the Source from the forcible rape, violent crime, and Total Crime Index categories. This table presents data from all law enforcement agencies submitting complete reports for at least 6 months in 1999 (Source, p. 403). Population figures are estimates calculated from U.S. Census Bureau data. For definitions of offenses, city and suburban areas, and rural counties, see Appendix 3.

^aIncludes offenses cleared by exceptional means.

^bViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

^cProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft. Data are not included for the property crime of arson.

^dIncludes suburban city and county law enforcement agencies within metropolitan areas. Excludes central cities. Suburban cities and counties also are included in other groups.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), pp. 203, 204. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.20

Offenses known to police and percent cleared by arrest^a

By type of offense, United States, 1971-99

	Total Crime Index		Violent crime ^b		Property crime ^c	
	Offenses known to police	Percent cleared by arrest	Offenses known to police	Percent cleared by arrest	Offenses known to police	Percent cleared by arrest
1971	5,377,735	20.9%	473,126	46.5%	3,126,936	15.7%
1972	5,345,468	22.0	506,938	48.8	3,189,111	16.1
1973	6,412,766	21.2	685,982	45.2	5,726,784	18.3
1974	7,226,079	21.3	750,341	45.2	6,475,738	18.5
1975	8,198,613	21.0	797,688	44.7	7,400,925	18.5
1976	8,647,303	20.5	791,409	45.5	7,855,894	18.0
1977	8,007,135	21.0	773,328	45.8	7,233,807	18.3
1978	8,431,644	20.8	830,565	45.5	7,601,079	18.1
1979	9,143,082	19.8	914,576	43.7	8,228,506	17.1
1980	12,483,038	19.2	1,242,511	43.6	11,240,527	16.5
1981	12,715,894	19.5	1,275,135	42.9	11,440,759	16.9
1982	11,932,744	20.1	1,195,533	45.4	10,737,211	17.3
1983	11,403,141	20.6	1,166,888	46.5	10,236,253	17.7
1984	11,121,418	21.0	1,172,616	47.4	9,948,802	17.9
1985	11,762,540	20.9	1,240,134	47.6	10,522,406	17.8
1986	12,734,405	20.7	1,445,965	46.3	11,288,440	17.5
1987	12,502,268	20.9	1,354,012	47.4	11,148,256	17.7
1988	12,059,648	20.7	1,355,693	45.7	10,703,955	17.5
1989	12,124,462	21.1	1,364,705	45.8	10,759,757	18.0
1990	13,468,228	21.6	1,700,303	45.6	11,767,925	18.1
1991	13,334,099	21.2	1,682,487	44.7	11,651,612	17.8
1992	13,644,294	21.4	1,854,630	44.6	11,789,664	17.7
1993	12,863,631	21.1	1,772,279	44.2	11,091,352	17.4
1994	12,586,227	21.4	1,720,302	45.3	10,865,925	17.7
1995	11,859,129	21.2	1,531,703	45.4	10,327,426	17.6
1996	10,419,304	21.8	1,293,408	47.4	9,125,896	18.1
1997	10,928,483	21.6	1,343,642	48.3	9,584,841	17.9
1998	9,583,738	21.3	1,178,388	49.1	8,405,350	17.4
1999	9,659,727	21.4	1,164,380	50.0	8,495,347	17.5

Note: See Notes, tables 4.1, 4.2, and 4.19. This table presents data from all law enforcement agencies submitting complete reports for 12 months or fewer in 1971-80 and at least 6 months in 1981-99. For definitions of offenses, see Appendix 3.

^aIncludes offenses cleared by exceptional means.

^bViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

^cProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft. Data are not included for the property crime of arson.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, 1971, p. 104; 1972, p. 107; 1973, p. 109; 1974, p. 166; 1975, p. 166; 1976, p. 162; 1977, p. 162; 1978, p. 177; 1979, p. 179; 1980, p. 182; 1981, p. 153; 1982, p. 158; 1983, p. 161; 1984, p. 154; 1985, p. 156; 1986, p. 156; 1987, p. 155; 1988, p. 159; 1989, p. 163; 1990, p. 165; 1991, p. 204; 1992, p. 208; 1993, p. 208; 1994, p. 208; 1995, p. 199; 1996, p. 205; 1997, p. 213; 1998, p. 201; 1999, p. 203 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.21

Percent of offenses known to police that were cleared by arrest^a

By extent of urbanization and type of offense, 1972-99

	Cities			Suburban ^b			Rural		
	Total Crime Index	Violent crime ^c	Property crime ^d	Total Crime Index	Violent crime ^c	Property crime ^d	Total Crime Index	Violent crime ^c	Property crime ^d
1972	20.6%	48.8%	16.1%	17.2%	50.3%	14.0%	25.2%	70.2%	20.1%
1973	21.2	45.2	18.3	19.2	51.2	17.0	23.5	69.5	19.3
1974	21.3	45.2	18.5	19.5	50.0	17.3	24.0	69.7	19.7
1975	21.0	44.7	18.5	19.7	50.0	17.6	23.6	70.1	19.4
1976	20.5	45.5	18.0	19.1	51.3	16.9	22.7	69.5	18.7
1977	21.0	45.8	18.3	19.3	50.9	16.9	23.1	69.2	18.8
1978	20.8	45.5	18.1	19.4	49.9	17.0	22.7	67.9	18.4
1979	19.8	43.7	17.1	19.0	49.3	16.6	22.8	67.0	18.8
1980	19.2	41.7	16.6	18.6	48.4	16.2	20.5	64.9	16.7
1981	19.5	40.9	17.0	19.4	48.7	17.0	20.7	63.8	17.0
1982	20.0	43.5	17.3	20.4	50.9	17.8	22.1	66.4	18.1
1983	20.5	44.5	17.7	21.1	52.3	18.4	22.1	66.9	18.0
1984	21.0	45.5	18.0	21.7	53.8	18.8	22.3	65.7	18.1
1985	20.9	45.7	17.9	21.1	53.2	18.2	22.9	67.0	18.4
1986	20.7	44.6	17.5	21.1	51.7	18.3	22.0	63.9	17.7
1987	21.0	46.0	17.9	21.2	51.3	18.4	21.6	61.8	17.6
1988	20.7	44.2	17.7	21.2	51.7	18.4	21.9	63.5	17.8
1989	21.3	44.4	18.2	21.4	51.3	18.7	22.2	61.7	18.2
1990	21.7	43.9	18.3	21.8	51.7	18.7	22.3	61.3	18.1
1991	21.3	42.9	18.1	21.7	51.2	18.6	22.9	63.0	18.6
1992	21.5	43.1	18.0	21.9	51.1	18.6	23.0	60.7	18.4
1993	21.2	42.5	17.6	21.7	51.0	18.3	22.9	60.7	18.3
1994	21.5	43.5	17.8	22.0	52.5	18.5	23.6	60.9	18.7
1995	21.1	43.5	17.7	22.1	52.7	18.6	23.2	60.9	18.6
1996	21.8	45.9	18.3	22.3	53.7	19.1	24.3	62.3	19.8
1997	21.4	46.2	17.9	22.5	54.5	18.9	23.9	62.2	19.2
1998	21.3	47.7	17.5	21.9	54.5	18.4	23.4	60.2	18.7
1999	21.4	48.3	17.6	22.0	54.4	18.4	23.4	61.4	18.4

Note: See Notes, tables 4.1, 4.2, and 4.19. For definitions of offenses, city and suburban areas, and rural counties, see Appendix 3.

^aIncludes offenses cleared by exceptional means.

^bIncludes suburban city and county law enforcement agencies within metropolitan areas. Excludes central cities. Suburban cities and counties also are included in other groups.

^cViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

^dProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft. Data are not included for the property crime of arson.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1972*, pp. 107, 108; *1973*, pp. 109, 110; *1974*, pp. 166, 167; *1975*, pp. 166, 167; *1976*, pp. 162, 163; *1977*, pp. 162, 163; *1978*, pp. 177, 178; *1979*, pp. 179, 180; *1980*, pp. 182, 183; *1981*, pp. 153, 154; *1982*, pp. 158, 159; *1983*, pp. 161, 162; *1984*, pp. 154, 155; *1985*, pp. 156, 157; *1986*, pp. 156, 157; *1987*, pp. 155, 156; *1988*, pp. 159, 160; *1989*, pp. 163, 164; *1990*, pp. 165, 166; *1991*, pp. 204, 205; *1992*, pp. 208, 209; *1993*, pp. 208, 209; *1994*, pp. 208, 209; *1995*, pp. 199, 200; *1996*, pp. 205, 206; *1997*, pp. 213, 214; *1998*, pp. 201, 202; *1999*, pp. 203, 204 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.22

Number of offenses known to police that were cleared by arrest and percent of clearances from arrest of persons under 18 years of age^a

By offense and population group, 1999

(1999 estimated population)

Population group	Total Crime Index	Violent crime ^b	Property crime ^c	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft
Total all agencies										
11,243 agencies;										
population 203,514,000:										
Total clearances	1,773,115	479,569	1,293,546	7,198	30,781	75,925	365,665	203,172	968,773	121,601
Percent under 18 years of age	19.3%	12.4	21.8	6.3	11.8	15.3	12.0	19.1	22.7	19.3
Total cities										
8,209 cities;										
population 136,121,000:										
Total clearances	1,431,351	376,659	1,054,692	5,394	2,393	66,978	280,894	146,622	813,255	94,815
Percent under 18 years of age	19.7%	12.5	22.3	6.6	11.2	15.3	12.1	18.7	23.2	19.5
Group I										
55 cities, 250,000 and over;										
population 33,445,000:										
Total clearances	433,183	154,790	278,393	2,651	9,309	32,694	110,136	43,797	199,094	35,502
Percent under 18 years of age	15.7%	10.8	18.5	6.6	9.4	14.1	10.0	14.7	19.0	20.2
7 cities, 1,000,000 and over;										
population 11,584,000:										
Total clearances	140,129	59,161	80,968	899	2,584	12,180	43,498	12,277	57,629	11,062
Percent under 18 years of age	14.9%	9.5	18.8	7.2	7.4	14.8	8.2	16.0	19.2	19.5
15 cities, 500,000 to 999,999;										
population 9,967,000:										
Total clearances	127,786	40,623	87,163	665	3,328	9,046	27,584	14,357	61,846	10,960
Percent under 18 years of age	13.5%	11.4	14.5	6.0	12.1	12.7	11.0	11.6	14.6	18.0
33 cities, 250,000 to 499,999;										
population 11,894,000:										
Total clearances	165,268	55,006	110,262	1,087	3,397	11,468	39,054	17,163	79,619	13,480
Percent under 18 years of age	18.1%	11.7	21.4	6.3	8.4	14.3	11.4	16.3	22.2	22.6
Group II										
127 cities, 100,000 to 249,999;										
population 18,526,000:										
Total clearances	208,929	56,689	152,240	801	3,419	10,725	41,744	22,557	116,017	13,666
Percent under 18 years of age	19.1%	12.2	21.7	6.9	9.7	15.9	11.5	16.5	22.8	20.8
Group III										
317 cities, 50,000 to 99,999;										
population 21,597,000:										
Total clearances	218,460	51,686	166,774	631	3,276	9,215	38,564	22,716	131,519	12,539
Percent under 18 years of age	22.2%	13.5	24.9	7.4	12.3	17.0	12.9	19.8	26.3	18.7
Group IV										
604 cities, 25,000 to 49,999;										
population 20,860,000:										
Total clearances	184,287	37,693	146,594	477	2,422	5,930	28,864	17,889	119,138	9,567
Percent under 18 years of age	22.6%	14.8	24.7	7.5	13.5	18.8	14.2	20.6	25.6	20.4
Group V										
1,445 cities, 10,000 to 24,999;										
population 22,679,000:										
Total clearances	204,904	38,586	166,318	460	2,695	5,259	30,172	20,492	134,473	11,353
Percent under 18 years of age	21.8%	14.2	23.6	5.4	13.2	14.7	14.3	20.8	24.5	17.8
Group VI										
5,661 cities under 10,000;										
population 19,014,000:										
Total clearances	181,588	37,215	144,373	374	2,272	3,155	31,414	19,171	113,014	12,188
Percent under 18 years of age	21.5%	14.9	23.2	5.6	14.7	16.7	14.9	24.8	23.5	17.5

See notes at end of table.

Table 4.22

Number of offenses known to police that were cleared by arrest and percent of clearances from arrest of persons under 18 years of age^a

By offense and population group, 1999--Continued

Population group	Total Crime Index	Violent crime ^b	Property crime ^c	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft
Suburban counties										
989 agencies; population 43,181,000:										
Total clearances	238,747	71,752	166,995	1,127	4,802	7,568	58,255	35,233	113,642	18,120
Percent under 18 years of age	18.0%	12.5	20.4	5.3	12.1	15.6	12.2	20.6	20.7	18.2
Rural counties										
2,045 agencies; population 24,211,000:										
Total clearances	103,017	31,158	71,859	677	2,586	1,379	26,516	21,317	41,876	8,666
Percent under 18 years of age	16.1%	10.6	18.6	5.3	15.8	19.8	10.2	19.4	17.8	20.3
Suburban areas^d										
5,472 agencies; population 85,271,000:										
Total clearances	569,820	135,399	434,421	1,802	8,905	16,489	108,203	66,892	329,372	38,157
Percent under 18 years of age	19.8%	14.0	21.6	5.5	13.0	16.6	13.8	20.9	22.2	17.2

Note: See Notes, tables 4.1 and 4.19. Forcible rape figures furnished by the State-level Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program administered by the Delaware State Bureau of Investigation and the Illinois Department of State Police were not in accordance with national UCR guidelines and were excluded by the Source from the forcible rape, violent crime, and Total Crime Index categories. For definitions of offenses, city and suburban areas, and rural counties, see Appendix 3.

^aIncludes offenses cleared by exceptional means.

^bViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

^cProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft. Data are not included for the property crime of arson.

^dIncludes suburban city and county law enforcement agencies within metropolitan areas. Excludes central cities. Suburban cities and counties also are included in other groups.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), pp. 209, 210. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.23

Percent of offenses known to police that were cleared by arrest of persons under 18 years of age^a

By type of offense, United States, 1972-99

	Total Crime Index	Violent crime ^b	Property crime ^c
1972	27.3%	13.2%	33.8%
1973	30.6	12.2	35.9
1974	31.3	12.5	36.3
1975	30.0	12.8	34.4
1976	28.6	12.2	32.7
1977	28.4	11.8	32.8
1978	28.1	11.7	32.6
1979	26.6	11.6	30.9
1980	24.4	11.2	28.2
1981	21.4	9.8	24.7
1982	20.6	9.5	23.8
1983	20.1	9.5	23.2
1984	20.1	9.8	23.3
1985	20.1	9.6	23.4
1986	19.1	9.0	22.6
1987	18.1	8.5	21.3
1988	18.1	8.9	20.9
1989	17.8	9.5	20.3
1990	19.2	11.2	22.0
1991	19.3	11.4	22.1
1992	20.0	12.8	22.6
1993	20.5	13.4	23.3
1994	21.7	14.2	24.6
1995	22.1	14.1	25.0
1996	20.6	12.8	23.4
1997	20.2	12.4	23.0
1998	18.9	12.1	21.4
1999	19.3	12.4	21.8

Note: See Notes, tables 4.1, 4.2, and 4.19. For definitions of offenses, see Appendix 3.

^aIncludes offenses cleared by exceptional means.^bViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.^cProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft. Data are not included for the property crime of arson.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1972*, pp. 110, 111; *1973*, pp. 112, 113; *1974*, pp. 170, 171; *1975*, pp. 170, 171; *1976*, pp. 168, 169; *1977*, pp. 167, 168; *1978*, pp. 182, 183; *1979*, pp. 184, 185; *1980*, pp. 187, 188; *1981*, pp. 158, 159; *1982*, pp. 163, 164; *1983*, pp. 166, 167; *1984*, pp. 159, 160; *1985*, pp. 161, 162; *1986*, pp. 161, 162; *1987*, pp. 161, 162; *1988*, pp. 165, 166; *1989*, p. 169; *1990*, pp. 171, 172; *1991*, pp. 210, 211; *1992*, pp. 214, 215; *1993*, pp. 214, 215; *1994*, pp. 214, 215; *1995*, pp. 205, 206; *1996*, pp. 211, 212; *1997*, pp. 219, 220; *1998*, pp. 207, 208; *1999*, pp. 209, 210 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.24

Arsons cleared by arrest and clearances by arrest of persons under 18 years of age^a

By type of target, United States, 1999

(11,550 agencies; 1999 estimated population 205,609,000)

Target	Number of offenses	Percent of offenses cleared by arrest	Percent of clearances by arrest of persons under 18 years of age
Total	66,321	17.2%	47.7%
Total structure	29,934	22.8	46.9
Single occupancy residential	12,905	24.0	37.5
Other residential	5,346	22.4	41.1
Storage	2,282	17.6	62.3
Industrial/manufacturing	352	36.6	45.7
Other commercial	3,158	16.7	35.8
Community/public	3,557	30.0	76.2
Other structure	2,334	18.0	57.6
Total mobile	19,965	7.6	26.3
Motor vehicles	18,945	7.1	23.7
Other mobile	1,020	16.0	47.2
Other	16,422	18.6	60.2

Note: See Notes, tables 4.1 and 4.19. In 1999, 11,550 agencies furnished detailed arson reports to the Uniform Crime Reporting Program. The above data are from these 11,550 agencies. Users should be aware that these data do not represent the Nation's total arson experience and differ from those reported in other arrest tables displaying arson because only arson clearances reported by property classification are included. For the definition of arson, see Appendix 3.

^aIncludes offenses cleared by exceptional means.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), p. 56, Table 2.35 and p. 57. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.25

Juveniles taken into police custodyBy method of disposition and population group, 1999^a

(1999 estimated population)

Population group	Total ^b	Handled within department and released	Referred to juvenile court jurisdiction	Referred to welfare agency	Referred to other police agency	Referred to criminal or adult court
Total all agencies						
6,130 agencies; total population 134,225,000:						
Number	997,035	224,605	689,990	8,171	10,140	64,129
Percent	100.0%	22.5	69.2	0.8	1.0	6.4
Total cities						
4,571 cities; total population 97,068,000:						
Number	828,542	189,665	572,848	7,283	8,196	50,550
Percent	100.0%	22.9	69.1	0.9	1.0	6.1
Group I						
41 cities, 250,000 and over; population 29,096,000:						
Number	205,585	60,457	131,104	3,331	1,426	9,267
Percent	100.0%	29.4	63.8	1.6	0.7	4.5
Group II						
101 cities, 100,000 to 249,999; population 14,539,000:						
Number	109,472	21,988	79,969	1,159	1,196	5,160
Percent	100.0%	20.1	73.0	1.1	1.1	4.7
Group III						
218 cities, 50,000 to 99,999; population 14,923,000:						
Number	133,809	30,966	96,020	770	1,290	4,763
Percent	100.0%	23.1	71.8	0.6	1.0	3.6
Group IV						
395 cities, 25,000 to 49,999; population 13,740,000:						
Number	111,207	23,021	80,664	713	1,426	5,383
Percent	100.0%	20.7	72.5	0.6	1.3	4.8
Group V						
907 cities, 10,000 to 24,999; population 14,241,000:						
Number	136,792	26,302	95,919	573	1,602	12,396
Percent	100.0%	19.2	70.1	0.4	1.2	9.1
Group VI						
2,909 cities under 10,000; population 10,530,000:						
Number	131,677	26,931	89,172	737	1,256	13,581
Percent	100.0%	20.5	67.7	0.6	1.0	10.3
Suburban counties						
973 agencies; population 11,417,000:						
Number	45,274	7,483	32,145	350	639	4,657
Percent	100.0%	16.5	71.0	0.8	1.4	10.3
Rural counties						
586 agencies; population 25,740,000:						
Number	123,219	27,457	84,997	538	1,305	8,922
Percent	100.0%	22.3	69.0	0.4	1.1	7.2
Suburban areas^c						
3,449 agencies; population 63,240,000:						
Number	432,897	101,411	293,127	1,986	3,825	32,548
Percent	100.0%	23.4	67.7	0.5	0.9	7.5

Note: See Notes, tables 4.1 and 4.7. For definitions of city and suburban areas, and rural counties, see Appendix 3.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), p. 269.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

^bIncludes all offenses except traffic and neglect cases.

^cIncludes suburban city and county law enforcement agencies within metropolitan areas. Excludes central cities. Suburban cities and counties also are included in other groups.

Table 4.26

Percent distribution of juveniles taken into police custodyBy method of disposition, United States, 1972-99^a

	Referred to juvenile court jurisdiction	Handled within depart- ment and released	Referred to criminal or adult court	Referred to other police agency	Referred to welfare agency
1972	50.8%	45.0%	1.3%	1.6%	1.3%
1973	49.5	45.2	1.5	2.3	1.4
1974	47.0	44.4	3.7	2.4	2.5
1975	52.7	41.6	2.3	1.9	1.4
1976	53.4	39.0	4.4	1.7	1.6
1977	53.2	38.1	3.9	1.8	3.0
1978	55.9	36.6	3.8	1.8	1.9
1979	57.3	34.6	4.8	1.7	1.6
1980	58.1	33.8	4.8	1.7	1.6
1981	58.0	33.8	5.1	1.6	1.5
1982	58.9	32.5	5.4	1.5	1.6
1983	57.5	32.8	4.8	1.7	3.1
1984	60.0	31.5	5.2	1.3	2.0
1985	61.8	30.7	4.4	1.2	1.9
1986	61.7	29.9	5.5	1.1	1.8
1987	62.0	30.3	5.2	1.0	1.4
1988	63.1	29.1	4.7	1.1	1.9
1989	63.9	28.7	4.5	1.2	1.7
1990	64.5	28.3	4.5	1.1	1.6
1991	64.2	28.1	5.0	1.0	1.7
1992	62.5	30.1	4.7	1.1	1.7
1993	67.3	25.6	4.8	0.9	1.5
1994	63.2	29.5	4.7	1.0	1.7
1995	65.7	28.4	3.3	0.9	1.7
1996	68.6	23.3	6.2	0.9	0.9
1997	66.9	24.6	6.6	0.8	1.1
1998	69.2	22.2	6.8	0.9	1.0
1999	69.2	22.5	6.4	1.0	0.8

Note: See Notes, tables 4.1 and 4.2. These data include all offenses except traffic and neglect cases.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to 100.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1972*, p. 116; *1973*, p. 119; *1974*, p. 177; *1975*, p. 177; *1976*, p. 220; *1977*, p. 219; *1978*, p. 228; *1979*, p. 230; *1980*, p. 258; *1981*, p. 233; *1982*, p. 242; *1983*, p. 245; *1984*, p. 238; *1985*, p. 240; *1986*, p. 240; *1987*, p. 225; *1988*, p. 229; *1989*, p. 233; *1990*, p. 235; *1991*, p. 278; *1992*, p. 282; *1993*, p. 282; *1994*, p. 282; *1995*, p. 265; *1996*, p. 271; *1997*, p. 279; *1998*, p. 267; *1999*, p. 269 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.27

Arrests for alcohol-related offenses and driving under the influence

United States, 1972-99

(In thousands)

	Alcohol-related offenses	Driving under the influence
1972	2,835	604
1973	2,539	654
1974	2,297	617
1975	3,044	909
1976	2,790	838
1977	3,303	1,104
1978	3,406	1,205
1979	3,455	1,232
1980	3,535	1,304
1981	3,745	1,422
1982	3,640	1,405
1983	3,729	1,613
1984	3,153	1,347
1985	3,418	1,503
1986	3,325	1,459
1987	3,248	1,410
1988	2,995	1,294
1989	3,180	1,333
1990	3,270	1,391
1991	3,000	1,289
1992	3,061	1,320
1993	2,886	1,229
1994	2,698	1,080
1995	2,578	1,033
1996	2,677	1,014
1997	2,510	986
1998	2,451	969
1999	2,238	931

Note: See Notes, tables 4.1 and 4.2. Alcohol-related offenses include driving under the influence, liquor law violations, drunkenness, disorderly conduct, and vagrancy. For definitions of offenses, see Appendix 3.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1972*, p. 126; *1973*, p. 128; *1974*, p. 186; *1975*, p. 188; *1976*, p. 181; *1977*, p. 180; *1978*, p. 194; *1979*, p. 196; *1980*, p. 200; *1981*, p. 171; *1982*, pp. 176, 177; *1983*, pp. 179, 180; *1984*, pp. 172, 173; *1985*, pp. 174, 175; *1986*, pp. 174, 175; *1987*, pp. 174, 175; *1988*, pp. 178, 179; *1989*, pp. 182, 183; *1990*, pp. 184, 185; *1991*, pp. 223, 224; *1992*, pp. 227, 228; *1993*, pp. 227, 228; *1994*, pp. 227, 228; *1995*, pp. 218, 219; *1996*, pp. 224, 225; *1997*, pp. 232, 233; *1998*, pp. 220, 221; *1999*, pp. 222, 223 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.28

Arrests for alcohol-related offenses

By offense and State, 1999

State	All arrests	Alcohol-related arrests						
		Total	Percent of all arrests	Driving under the influence	Liquor law violations	Drunkenness	Disorderly conduct	Vagrancy
Total	10,598,694	2,568,829	24.2%	1,000,095	570,255	481,557	490,289	26,633
Alabama	217,032	45,267	20.9	19,744	8,893	11,756	4,632	242
Alaska	36,300	6,885	19.0	4,332	1,542	15	996	0
Arizona	273,525	75,581	27.6	31,790	25,150	0	17,716	925
Arkansas	214,854	47,782	22.2	18,290	3,521	17,393	7,718	860
California	1,494,099	359,118	24.0	189,349	31,671	117,184	17,212	3,702
Colorado	207,674	75,996	36.6	35,207	22,283	276	17,473	757
Connecticut	161,026	36,237	22.5	10,158	2,392	20	23,624	43
Delaware	38,212	6,094	16.0	223	2,168	417	2,454	832
Georgia	160,636	43,496	27.1	21,225	4,580	4,226	12,930	535
Hawaii	51,874	5,099	9.8	3,661	1,005	0	433	0
Idaho	71,758	19,196	26.8	10,601	6,317	276	1,989	13
Illinois	248,861	28,865	11.6	0	281	0	28,584	0
Indiana	191,196	50,682	26.5	17,115	10,729	17,311	5,467	60
Iowa	109,693	42,195	38.5	13,393	13,008	10,113	5,574	107
Kentucky	45,318	9,966	22.0	3,469	349	4,421	1,726	1
Louisiana	226,414	44,395	19.6	14,251	7,618	5,937	15,968	621
Maine	50,004	11,086	22.2	6,569	2,486	26	1,954	51
Maryland	307,111	41,768	13.6	24,891	8,204	1	6,565	2,107
Massachusetts	135,675	34,724	25.6	12,333	5,071	8,360	8,848	112
Michigan	353,861	89,542	25.3	49,006	30,483	582	9,095	376
Minnesota	231,986	88,274	38.1	40,604	28,040	0	19,196	434
Mississippi	102,028	27,597	27.1	10,265	3,077	6,502	7,712	41
Missouri	248,621	37,376	15.0	18,327	5,752	2,060	10,478	759
Montana	13,769	3,485	25.3	1,053	1,491	0	941	0
Nebraska	95,525	28,390	29.7	12,758	11,075	0	4,553	4
Nevada	138,029	21,534	15.6	7,771	7,499	402	3,560	2,302
New Hampshire	22,402	8,144	36.4	2,240	2,143	3,021	574	166
New Jersey	378,128	67,624	17.9	23,772	13,137	13	27,962	2,740
New Mexico	68,432	15,591	22.8	9,046	3,753	1,041	1,693	58
New York	1,032,853	210,149	20.4	35,341	117,660	0	51,823	5,325
North Carolina	463,626	81,858	17.7	56,617	10,355	0	14,659	227
North Dakota	27,270	11,040	40.5	3,973	5,326	234	1,500	7
Ohio	298,021	67,014	22.5	22,797	18,209	9,753	15,365	890
Oklahoma	148,490	53,045	35.7	20,147	4,002	26,271	2,625	0
Oregon	136,449	37,560	27.5	15,744	16,300	0	5,516	0
Pennsylvania	367,396	118,651	32.3	31,843	21,925	15,668	48,821	394
Rhode Island	40,149	5,765	14.4	1,841	1,341	56	2,416	111
South Carolina	205,146	54,030	26.3	14,110	14,776	9,416	15,358	370
South Dakota	33,304	15,094	45.3	4,296	8,778	294	1,670	56
Tennessee	214,446	53,565	25.0	19,361	5,841	21,612	6,682	69
Texas	988,144	297,318	30.1	83,413	29,658	146,994	36,154	1,099
Utah	122,835	31,464	25.6	7,342	13,176	5,658	5,203	85
Vermont	14,291	6,314	44.2	3,060	2,405	0	848	1
Virginia	317,724	75,855	23.9	27,350	12,483	28,857	7,122	43
Washington	223,700	51,433	23.0	30,623	15,977	57	4,718	58
West Virginia	35,883	12,837	35.8	6,407	2,178	3,669	567	16
Wyoming	34,924	13,848	39.6	4,387	6,147	1,665	1,615	34

Note: These data are compiled from the Federal Bureau of Investigation's (FBI) Uniform Crime Reporting Program. The data presented in this table differ from those presented in the U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000) because this table includes data processed by the FBI after the cutoff date for that publication. According to the Source, in many States where drunkenness and/or vagrancy are not treated as criminal actions, these categories are not permissible causes of arrest. In one respect, these data may be considered conservative estimates of alcohol-related arrests. The FBI classifies arrests by a single offense, using a hierarchical rule. Consequently, crimes committed while intoxicated are categorized under the primary offense. On the other hand, "driving under the influence" includes impairment due to any type of drug; it is not limited to impairment due to alcohol. Data for 1999 were not available for Florida, Kansas, Wisconsin, and the District of Columbia.

Source: Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff from table provided by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism.

Table 4.29

Percent distribution of arrests for drug abuse violationsBy type of drug, United States, 1982-99^a

	Total			Heroin/cocaine			Marijuana			Synthetic drugs			Other		
	Total	Sale/manu- facture	Posses- sion	Total	Sale/manu- facture	Posses- sion	Total	Sale/manu- facture	Posses- sion	Total	Sale/manu- facture	Posses- sion	Total	Sale/manu- facture	Posses- sion
1982	100%	20%	80%	13%	4%	9%	72%	10%	62%	4%	1%	2%	12%	5%	7%
1983	100	22	78	23	6	17	61	10	50	3	1	2	13	4	8
1984	100	22	78	26	7	19	59	10	48	3	1	2	12	4	9
1985	100	24	76	30	8	22	55	10	45	3	1	2	12	4	8
1986	100	25	75	41	13	28	44	8	36	3	1	2	13	4	9
1987	100	26	74	46	14	32	40	7	33	3	1	2	12	4	8
1988	100	27	73	52	17	35	34	6	28	3	1	2	11	4	7
1989	100	32	68	54	19	35	29	6	23	2	1	1	15	6	8
1990	100	32	68	54	21	33	30	6	24	2	1	2	14	4	10
1991	100	33	67	55	22	33	28	6	22	2	1	1	14	4	10
1992	100	32	68	53	21	32	32	7	26	2	1	1	13	4	9
1993	100	30	70	50	19	31	34	6	28	2	1	1	14	4	10
1994	100	27	73	47	17	30	36	6	30	2	(b)	1	16	4	12
1995	100	25	75	42	15	28	40	6	34	2	1	2	16	4	12
1996	100	25	75	40	14	26	43	6	36	2	1	1	16	4	12
1997	100	20	80	36	10	25	44	6	38	3	1	2	18	4	14
1998	100	21	79	37	11	26	44	5	38	3	1	2	17	4	13
1999	100	20	80	34	10	24	46	6	40	3	1	2	17	3	14

Note: See Notes, tables 4.1 and 4.2. For definition of drug abuse violations, see Appendix 3.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1982*, p. 165; *1983*, p. 168; *1984*, p. 161; *1985*, p. 163; *1986*, p. 163; *1987*, p. 163; *1988*, p. 167; *1989*, p. 171; *1990*, p. 173; *1991*, p. 212; *1992*, p. 216; *1993*, p. 216; *1994*, p. 216; *1995*, p. 207; *1996*, p. 213; *1997*, p. 221; *1998*, p. 209; *1999*, p. 211 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.^bLess than 0.5%.

Table 4.30

Drug use by adult arrestees in 34 U.S. cities

By type of drug and sex, 1999

(Percent testing positive)

City	Any drug ^a	Cocaine	Marijuana	Opiates	Metham- phetamine	PCP	Multiple drugs
Male							
Albuquerque, NM	63.9%	42.5%	36.9%	13.6%	5.1%	0.0%	28.5%
Anchorage, AK	53.8	25.6	37.5	3.0	0.5	0.0	12.1
Atlanta, GA	76.7	51.3	44.4	4.3	0.4	0.1	22.7
Birmingham, AL	63.8	36.9	39.3	3.8	0.1	0.1	15.2
Chicago, IL	74.4	41.7	44.6	20.1	0.0	3.5	29.8
Cleveland, OH	71.0	40.3	43.3	4.3	0.0	10.0	24.5
Dallas, TX	60.5	34.3	39.2	4.5	2.5	5.4	21.6
Denver, CO	66.8	40.6	43.7	3.4	3.0	0.0	21.8
Des Moines, IA	56.0	15.6	43.4	1.3	14.0	2.3	18.4
Detroit, MI	65.3	27.0	47.9	8.6	0.0	0.1	16.3
Fort Lauderdale, FL	63.8	41.0	39.3	1.4	0.4	0.0	18.0
Houston, TX	59.5	35.7	38.2	6.2	0.1	6.5	21.0
Indianapolis, IN	64.1	33.7	48.0	2.5	0.6	1.5	20.9
Laredo, TX	58.3	41.9	32.7	11.3	0.2	0.0	23.6
Las Vegas, NV	59.6	30.3	28.0	4.6	16.2	2.5	19.8
Los Angeles, CA	62.4	35.6	32.3	5.5	8.9	1.8	19.6
Miami, FL	66.0	49.2	36.2	3.4	0.0	0.1	22.0
Minneapolis, MN	60.4	29.3	44.1	3.7	1.1	0.5	16.9
New Orleans, LA	69.2	43.8	39.6	13.5	0.1	0.0	23.7
New York, NY	74.7	44.2	40.8	15.2	0.0	0.9	23.5
Oklahoma City, OK	64.2	25.5	47.9	1.6	8.7	4.2	21.0
Omaha, NE	61.5	21.6	51.2	0.4	7.8	0.0	18.5
Philadelphia, PA	69.8	39.3	41.2	14.8	0.2	5.8	27.2
Phoenix, AZ	64.4	31.6	36.2	7.6	16.6	1.7	24.2
Portland, OR	63.8	22.7	34.5	12.9	19.8	0.0	22.9
Sacramento, CA	68.3	15.8	44.0	4.4	27.6	0.1	21.4
Salt Lake City, UT	60.3	21.7	34.6	8.9	24.8	0.1	25.4
San Antonio, TX	49.5	22.5	35.6	9.6	1.8	0.1	17.4
San Diego, CA	63.8	16.5	36.3	9.0	26.0	0.0	21.9
San Jose, CA	55.4	13.7	34.3	4.0	24.4	1.4	18.9
Seattle, WA	65.9	33.4	39.0	13.9	9.0	1.5	26.0
Spokane, WA	62.1	17.6	43.5	7.1	20.1	1.6	22.8
Tuscon, AZ	68.0	39.9	45.1	8.6	5.8	0.0	28.4
Washington, DC	68.7	37.7	34.9	16.0	0.9	5.7	24.5
Female							
Albuquerque, NM	73.9	56.1	24.4	30.6	8.9	0.0	38.9
Anchorage, AK	56.1	36.1	31.0	1.9	0.0	0.0	12.9
Atlanta, GA	77.2	62.0	33.5	4.5	0.8	0.0	22.3
Birmingham, AL	53.2	34.2	26.1	3.6	0.9	0.9	11.7
Chicago, IL	76.9	64.3	26.5	32.4	0.0	2.8	40.6
Cleveland, OH	67.5	50.0	27.8	7.5	0.0	2.6	18.2
Dallas, TX	56.1	40.1	26.6	6.7	3.2	1.0	18.9
Denver, CO	69.1	50.7	34.1	2.9	2.4	0.5	19.7
Des Moines, IA	52.6	22.4	33.6	2.6	22.4	0.0	22.4
Detroit, MI	68.9	45.9	26.2	16.4	0.0	0.0	16.4
Fort Lauderdale, FL	67.9	52.1	28.5	3.9	0.0	0.0	16.1
Houston, TX	43.3	23.3	22.8	6.9	0.1	3.1	10.6
Indianapolis, IN	69.2	45.1	37.5	4.8	0.5	0.5	17.4
Laredo, TX	22.4	20.9	9.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	7.5
Las Vegas, NV	71.5	49.5	23.1	8.7	17.9	0.8	24.9
Los Angeles, CA	61.6	36.7	21.0	8.2	12.0	1.8	16.5
Minneapolis, MN	57.4	35.8	29.0	9.3	2.5	0.0	15.4
New Orleans, LA	58.6	41.4	24.9	7.0	0.0	0.0	12.0
New York, NY	81.3	65.1	26.2	21.1	0.0	1.1	28.7
Oklahoma City, OK	64.8	34.5	39.3	3.3	11.3	3.0	23.5
Omaha, NE	62.2	32.2	35.6	0.0	11.1	0.0	15.6
Philadelphia, PA	76.0	59.8	25.6	14.2	0.0	1.2	22.4
Phoenix, AZ	66.6	43.2	25.6	11.6	14.3	2.3	26.4
Portland, OR	68.2	33.2	23.4	18.9	24.8	0.7	26.2
Sacramento, CA	74.6	30.1	33.1	5.1	32.4	0.0	23.9
Salt Lake City, UT	65.9	25.7	22.9	14.5	34.1	0.0	26.8
San Antonio, TX	30.9	18.7	15.6	10.2	1.4	0.0	12.5
San Diego, CA	66.5	22.6	29.0	10.9	36.3	0.8	28.6
San Jose, CA	60.5	19.7	26.3	13.2	31.6	1.3	25.0
Seattle, WA	69.8	48.2	28.4	20.3	9.5	0.9	31.5
Spokane, WA	70.5	30.6	32.4	12.7	26.6	2.3	26.6
Tuscon, AZ	58.0	41.1	23.7	9.0	9.6	0.3	22.5

Note: These data are from the Arrestee Drug Abuse Monitoring (ADAM) program sponsored by the U.S. Department of Justice, National Institute of Justice. ADAM data are collected in booking facilities in participating cities throughout the United States. Each quarter, trained local ADAM staff obtain voluntary and anonymous urine specimens and confidential interviews from a new sample of male and female arrestees. Miami and Washington, DC did not test or interview female arrestees in 1999. For methodology and survey sampling information, see Appendix 9.

^aIncludes cocaine, marijuana, opiates, methamphetamine, and phencyclidine (PCP).

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, National Institute of Justice, *1999 Annual Report on Drug Use Among Adult and Juvenile Arrestees*, NCJ 181426 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2000), pp. 20-87. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.31

Drug use by adult arrestees in 34 U.S. cities

By type of drug, race, ethnicity, and sex, 1999

(Percent testing positive)

City	Any drug ^a			Cocaine			Marijuana			Opiates		
	Black	White	Hispanic	Black	White	Hispanic	Black	White	Hispanic	Black	White	Hispanic
Male												
Albuquerque, NM	83.3%	61.9%	67.1%	61.9%	33.9%	47.0%	61.9%	31.4%	38.8%	14.3%	10.2%	16.1%
Anchorage, AK	67.4	57.3	52.2	45.7	27.1	13.0	35.9	39.6	47.8	1.1	4.2	8.7
Atlanta, GA	78.7	61.2	60.0	53.2	35.7	50.0	45.9	35.7	20.0	3.6	7.0	10.0
Birmingham, AL	67.2	51.6	(b)	40.3	23.6	(b)	40.3	35.7	(b)	2.8	7.6	(b)
Chicago, IL	81.6	58.5	63.6	45.3	31.9	38.9	49.9	34.2	33.5	25.1	11.0	10.2
Cleveland, OH	75.5	53.4	66.7	43.0	30.8	29.6	45.9	33.6	37.0	3.5	6.8	11.1
Dallas, TX	69.5	53.9	48.9	39.4	25.3	33.9	47.7	35.3	26.1	4.8	5.0	3.3
Denver, CO	78.1	62.4	61.3	54.0	29.3	39.0	46.3	43.7	40.8	1.6	4.9	4.3
Des Moines, IA	69.9	52.1	43.3	34.9	8.1	10.0	51.8	41.3	36.7	1.2	1.3	0.0
Detroit, MI	67.3	58.9	58.3	27.0	28.0	33.0	49.3	43.4	33.0	7.5	13.1	0.0
Fort Lauderdale, FL	67.1	61.3	52.0	40.1	43.0	34.0	46.1	31.5	36.0	0.5	2.9	0.0
Houston, TX	69.0	58.0	41.9	40.9	35.0	26.3	45.8	37.8	23.3	8.5	4.2	3.0
Indianapolis, IN	74.0	52.7	(b)	45.4	19.8	(b)	51.1	44.9	(b)	2.9	1.8	(b)
Laredo, TX	(b)	52.9	58.4	(b)	35.3	42.2	(b)	35.3	32.5	(b)	5.9	11.5
Las Vegas, NV	69.4	55.4	54.0	50.8	17.8	31.0	28.4	29.5	21.4	2.2	6.0	6.3
Los Angeles, CA	80.6	65.0	52.0	46.8	25.4	34.3	47.7	30.8	25.0	4.0	10.3	4.8
Miami, FL	71.8	64.3	50.6	57.0	39.8	40.4	37.7	39.4	25.3	2.4	6.4	2.4
Minneapolis, MN	72.7	47.8	30.8	39.9	18.9	3.8	50.9	36.5	26.9	5.9	1.3	0.0
New Orleans, LA	70.1	68.1	(b)	46.1	33.3	(b)	38.7	47.1	(b)	13.7	13.8	(b)
New York, NY	77.2	69.3	73.7	48.0	44.7	39.0	40.4	37.0	43.3	11.3	17.5	22.5
Oklahoma City, OK	72.1	62.2	50.0	37.7	18.2	24.0	51.1	48.6	34.0	1.1	1.9	2.0
Omaha, NE	71.7	53.0	58.3	29.2	13.0	33.3	63.2	42.0	37.5	0.5	0.5	0.0
Philadelphia, PA	67.7	72.6	72.7	36.9	40.9	47.3	43.1	38.4	41.8	6.5	22.6	30.9
Phoenix, AZ	76.3	63.9	66.9	51.3	22.1	43.6	40.0	37.0	35.0	4.4	8.2	8.9
Portland, OR	76.0	64.2	39.2	48.0	13.7	25.5	40.0	35.4	21.6	8.0	14.2	19.6
Sacramento, CA	75.2	67.6	60.9	31.4	6.7	9.6	50.4	40.5	40.4	5.0	4.3	4.5
Salt Lake City, UT	68.7	62.4	55.9	43.3	19.2	28.8	32.8	34.7	34.1	13.4	9.8	5.9
San Antonio, TX	59.4	49.4	48.0	30.2	18.2	23.2	38.7	39.5	32.8	2.8	9.6	11.3
San Diego, CA	66.7	67.2	59.0	40.3	8.9	11.0	36.1	45.2	27.5	4.9	9.3	13.0
San Jose, CA	74.0	58.0	54.4	27.4	9.7	13.4	57.5	38.2	32.2	5.5	4.6	4.3
Seattle, WA	77.4	62.6	(b)	47.1	27.6	(b)	45.2	37.2	(b)	12.7	14.6	(b)
Spokane, WA	82.8	59.4	72.0	40.9	14.3	12.0	52.7	42.2	48.0	9.7	6.5	12.0
Tucson, AZ	80.9	64.5	68.8	62.6	29.5	45.6	49.6	46.5	42.0	5.2	9.4	9.3
Washington, DC	72.0	(b)	(b)	37.6	(b)	(b)	38.7	(b)	(b)	15.1	(b)	(b)
Female												
Albuquerque, NM	89.5	66.7	80.4	78.9	51.1	60.8	36.8	13.3	25.8	21.1	20.0	42.3
Anchorage, AK	82.4	58.6	(b)	64.7	47.1	(b)	29.4	27.1	(b)	0.0	1.4	(b)
Atlanta, GA	77.5	78.7	(b)	62.5	63.9	(b)	34.4	29.5	(b)	3.2	11.5	(b)
Birmingham, AL	52.6	56.3	(b)	28.2	50.0	(b)	28.2	21.9	(b)	2.6	6.3	(b)
Chicago, IL	82.0	60.9	63.2	69.0	47.8	57.9	27.5	24.3	21.1	36.5	22.6	15.8
Cleveland, OH	68.5	66.7	(b)	52.7	43.8	(b)	26.5	32.3	(b)	5.4	14.6	(b)
Dallas, TX	61.3	54.5	26.1	46.4	33.3	21.7	29.8	26.3	8.7	5.0	12.1	0.0
Denver, CO	80.1	60.8	63.8	64.5	42.2	44.0	34.8	29.4	37.1	0.7	5.9	2.6
Des Moines, IA	52.4	52.7	(b)	38.1	18.7	(b)	33.3	33.0	(b)	0.0	3.3	(b)
Detroit, MI	68.6	(b)	(b)	43.1	(b)	(b)	29.4	(b)	(b)	15.7	(b)	(b)
Fort Lauderdale, FL	60.9	73.9	84.6	43.5	61.4	46.2	32.9	22.2	53.8	0.6	7.2	7.7
Houston, TX	44.5	48.0	33.6	21.1	30.9	19.8	25.5	22.3	15.5	9.6	4.6	1.7
Indianapolis, IN	71.0	67.4	(b)	52.1	36.8	(b)	34.1	42.5	(b)	4.6	5.2	(b)
Laredo, TX	(b)	(b)	21.9	(b)	(b)	20.3	(b)	(b)	9.4	(b)	(b)	1.6
Las Vegas, NV	78.5	72.1	45.8	66.9	41.5	33.3	24.4	23.2	20.8	4.7	12.1	4.2
Los Angeles, CA	71.4	73.8	34.8	48.6	36.1	22.5	31.4	19.3	7.9	2.7	16.8	6.7
Minneapolis, MN	65.3	45.7	(b)	44.0	27.1	(b)	36.0	17.1	(b)	13.3	5.7	(b)
New Orleans, LA	57.2	65.2	(b)	41.4	40.9	(b)	23.0	31.8	(b)	4.3	18.2	(b)
New York, NY	81.9	85.1	79.3	65.9	66.9	63.1	26.8	19.5	29.0	14.9	37.7	27.9
Oklahoma City, OK	75.9	63.6	30.8	46.9	30.4	15.4	44.8	38.8	15.4	1.4	5.1	0.0
Omaha, NE	71.1	56.8	(b)	33.3	32.4	(b)	42.2	32.4	(b)	0.0	0.0	(b)
Philadelphia, PA	77.7	71.0	(b)	65.7	44.9	(b)	25.1	24.6	(b)	5.1	31.9	(b)
Phoenix, AZ	80.0	63.4	69.3	63.1	35.6	52.5	33.8	20.6	28.7	1.5	12.4	18.8
Portland, OR	71.6	68.4	(b)	55.2	25.4	(b)	23.9	24.4	(b)	9.0	21.8	(b)
Sacramento, CA	81.6	73.2	65.7	59.2	12.2	11.4	35.0	35.0	20.0	4.9	4.9	8.6
Salt Lake City, UT	(b)	67.9	57.1	(b)	20.7	47.6	(b)	23.6	23.8	(b)	14.3	14.3
San Antonio, TX	31.0	30.6	30.1	19.0	15.7	19.4	19.0	17.6	13.3	4.8	6.5	12.8
San Diego, CA	71.0	70.7	56.9	48.4	15.5	13.7	32.3	27.6	27.5	8.1	12.1	15.7
San Jose, CA	60.0	81.1	37.5	30.0	18.9	16.7	40.0	37.8	8.3	10.1	21.6	4.2
Seattle, WA	77.6	69.0	(b)	67.1	41.3	(b)	30.3	27.0	(b)	17.1	22.2	(b)
Spokane, WA	61.5	71.4	(b)	23.1	30.6	(b)	46.2	32.0	(b)	0.0	14.3	(b)
Tucson, AZ	77.5	57.5	56.4	55.0	41.3	39.6	37.5	16.2	30.7	5.0	10.2	7.9

Note: See Note, table 4.30. The racial category "other" has been omitted because of the small number of sample cases at most sites. For methodology and survey sampling information, see Appendix 9.

^aIncludes cocaine, marijuana, opiates, methamphetamine, and phencyclidine (PCP).

^bBase figure is less than 10 cases.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, National Institute of Justice, *1999 Annual Report on Drug Use Among Adult and Juvenile Arrestees*, NCJ 181426 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2000), pp. 20-87. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.32

Drug use by male juvenile arrestees/detainees in 9 U.S. cities

By type of drug and age, 1999

(Percent testing positive)

City	Any drug ^a	Cocaine	Marijuana	Opiates	Metham- phetamine	PCP	Multiple drugs
Total							
Birmingham, AL	45.3%	4.3%	42.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.7%
Cleveland, OH	62.0	9.3	59.7	0.3	0.0	6.4	12.5
Denver, CO	62.2	9.3	58.8	0.3	0.3	0.0	6.5
Los Angeles, CA	53.9	8.0	51.9	0.7	2.2	1.0	9.2
Phoenix, AZ	68.5	15.9	62.2	2.4	5.6	2.1	18.5
Portland, OR	43.3	2.5	40.9	2.5	4.9	0.0	6.4
San Antonio, TX	56.1	7.0	53.1	2.6	0.4	0.0	6.6
San Diego, CA	56.8	2.5	52.5	0.4	15.8	0.7	14.0
Tucson, AZ	55.8	11.6	53.1	0.7	0.7	0.0	9.9
13 to 14 years							
Birmingham, AL	18.2	0.0	18.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cleveland, OH	49.3	4.3	47.8	0.0	0.0	1.4	2.9
Denver, CO	52.6	5.3	47.4	0.0	1.8	0.0	1.8
Los Angeles, CA	42.6	4.9	42.6	0.0	0.0	1.6	6.6
Phoenix, AZ	61.6	9.3	61.6	1.2	0.0	0.0	10.5
Portland, OR	15.9	0.0	15.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
San Antonio, TX	47.1	5.9	45.9	2.4	0.0	0.0	7.1
San Diego, CA	37.5	4.2	35.4	0.0	10.4	2.1	12.5
Tucson, AZ	42.0	3.4	42.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.4
15 to 16 years							
Birmingham, AL	49.1	7.3	45.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.6
Cleveland, OH	64.2	12.8	60.8	0.7	0.0	5.4	14.2
Denver, CO	67.6	7.9	66.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.5
Los Angeles, CA	56.7	10.0	55.7	1.0	1.0	0.5	10.9
Phoenix, AZ	65.0	16.0	57.1	3.1	6.1	3.1	17.8
Portland, OR	51.5	1.0	48.5	2.1	5.2	0.0	5.2
San Antonio, TX	67.2	8.6	62.9	3.4	0.9	0.0	7.8
San Diego, CA	66.2	3.1	62.3	0.0	21.5	0.8	20.0
Tucson, AZ	67.5	15.4	64.1	1.7	0.0	0.0	13.7
17 to 18 years							
Birmingham, AL	57.9	2.6	55.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cleveland, OH	73.3	8.1	72.1	0.0	0.0	12.8	18.6
Denver, CO	63.1	14.3	58.3	1.2	0.0	0.0	10.7
Los Angeles, CA	62.4	8.0	57.6	0.0	5.6	1.6	8.8
Phoenix, AZ	81.0	21.6	71.6	2.6	8.6	1.7	25.0
Portland, OR	52.5	6.8	49.2	5.1	8.5	0.0	13.6
San Antonio, TX	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)
San Diego, CA	55.7	1.0	49.5	1.0	11.3	0.0	7.2
Tucson, AZ	64.1	20.3	57.8	0.0	3.1	0.0	15.6

Note: See Note, table 4.30. Data on male juvenile arrestees/detainees are collected at nine Arrestee Drug Abuse Monitoring (ADAM) sites throughout the United States. Six of the nine sites also collected data on female juvenile arrestees/detainees; however, these data are omitted because the sample sizes at each site were generally small. The "9 to 12 year" age category has been omitted because of the small number of sample cases within each drug type. For methodology and survey sampling information, see Appendix 9.

^aIncludes cocaine, marijuana, opiates, methamphetamine, and phencyclidine (PCP).

^bBase figure is less than 10 cases.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, National Institute of Justice, *1999 Annual Report on Drug Use Among Adult and Juvenile Arrestees*, NCJ 181426 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2000), pp. 90-98. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.33

Drug use by male juvenile arrestees/detainees in 9 U.S. cities

By type of drug, race, and ethnicity, 1999

(Percent testing positive)

City	Any drug ^a			Cocaine			Marijuana			Opiates		
	Black	White	Hispanic	Black	White	Hispanic	Black	White	Hispanic	Black	White	Hispanic
Birmingham, AL	45.7%	47.8%	(b)	3.3%	8.7%	(b)	43.5%	43.5%	(b)	0.0%	0.0%	(b)
Cleveland, OH	67.3	54.7	38.9%	11.1	4.0	11.1%	64.1	54.7	38.9%	0.5	0.0	0.0%
Denver, CO	62.1	52.6	65.5	6.3	2.6	13.7	60.0	52.6	59.7	0.0	2.6	0.0
Los Angeles, CA	58.3	46.9	52.7	0.0	4.1	13.4	58.3	42.9	50.0	0.9	0.0	0.9
Phoenix, AZ	74.0	66.7	68.8	10.0	8.7	22.2	70.0	60.9	61.9	2.0	2.9	1.7
Portland, OR	55.9	41.7	48.0	8.8	0.8	4.0	55.9	39.4	40.0	2.9	1.5	8.0
San Antonio, TX	57.9	54.2	57.0	10.5	4.2	7.3	57.9	50.0	53.6	0.0	0.0	3.4
San Diego, CA	56.3	63.8	56.6	2.1	2.9	2.9	56.3	60.9	50.7	0.0	0.0	0.7
Tucson, AZ	51.5	49.6	61.2	12.1	7.6	14.9	48.5	47.1	57.9	0.0	0.8	0.8

Note: See Notes, tables 4.30 and 4.32. The racial category "other" has been omitted because of the small number of sample cases at most sites. For methodology and survey sampling information, see Appendix 9.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, National Institute of Justice, **1999 Annual Report on Drug Use Among Adult and Juvenile Arrestees**, NCJ 181426 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2000), pp. 90-98. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

^aIncludes cocaine, marijuana, opiates, methamphetamine, and phencyclidine (PCP).

^bBase figure is less than 10 cases.

Table 4.34

Arrests for Federal offensesBy offense, United States, fiscal year 1999^a

Most serious offense	Number arrested	Percent
All offenses	109,857	100%
Violent offenses	4,276	3.9
Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	287	0.3
Negligent manslaughter	28	(b)
Assault	876	0.8
Robbery	2,505	2.3
Sexual abuse ^c	247	0.2
Kidnaping	156	0.1
Threatening communication	142	0.1
Other violent offenses	35	(b)
Property offenses	16,749	15.3
Fraudulent	13,260	12.1
Embezzlement	1,211	1.1
Fraud ^d	10,164	9.3
Forgery	357	0.3
Counterfeiting	1,528	1.4
Other	3,489	3.2
Burglary	153	0.1
Larceny ^e	2,124	1.9
Motor vehicle theft	385	0.4
Arson and explosives	124	0.1
Transportation of stolen property	587	0.5
Other property offenses ^f	116	0.1
Drug offenses	31,992	29.1
Public-order offenses	37,097	33.8
Regulatory	752	0.7
Antitrust	6	(b)
Food and drug	255	0.2
Civil rights	82	0.1
Other regulatory offenses	409	0.4
Other	36,345	33.1
Weapons	4,284	3.9
Immigration	22,851	20.8
Tax law violations including tax fraud	1,305	1.2
Bribery	264	0.2
Civil rights	306	0.3
National defense	17	(b)
Escape	649	0.6
Racketeering and extortion	651	0.6
Gambling offenses	139	0.1
Mail or transport of obscene material	305	0.3
Child Support Recovery	387	0.4
Nonviolent sex offenses	451	0.4
Obstruction of justice	435	0.4
Traffic	2,041	1.9
Conspiracy, aiding and abetting, and jurisdictional offenses	1,749	1.6
All other offenses ^g	511	0.5
Supervision violations	15,652	14.3
Material witness^h	4,016	3.7
Unknown	75	(b)

Note: These data are from the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics' Federal Justice Statistics Program database. Sources of information include the Executive Office for U.S. Attorneys, the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, the U.S. Sentencing Commission, the U.S. Marshals Service, the Drug Enforcement Administration, and the Federal Bureau of Prisons. Arrest data were derived from the U.S. Marshals Prisoner Tracking System database. Only records of arrests made from Oct. 1, 1998 through Sept. 30, 1999 were selected. For methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 10.

^aPercents may not add to 100 because of rounding.

^bLess than 0.05%.

^cIncludes only violent sex offenses.

^dExcludes tax fraud.

^eExcludes transportation of stolen property.

^fExcludes fraudulent property offenses; includes destruction of property and trespass.

^gIncludes offenses with unclassifiable offense type.

^hTo secure and safeguard a material witness.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics, 1999*, NCJ 186179 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2001), p. 15.

Table 4.35

Arrests for Federal offenses

By Federal law enforcement agency, United States, fiscal year 1999

Arresting agency	Number arrested	Most serious offense at arrest							
		Violent offenses	Property offenses		Drug offenses	Public-order offenses		Supervision violations	Material witness ^a
			Fraudulent	Other		Regulatory	Other		
All agencies	109,857	4,276	13,260	3,489	31,992	752	36,345	15,652	4,016
Department of Agriculture	195	3	54	14	21	75	27	1	0
Department of Defense	489	29	34	73	30	4	309	10	0
Department of the Interior	1,181	90	8	59	146	89	737	51	0
Indian Affairs	125	55	1	11	10	0	18	29	0
Park Police	1,056	35	7	48	136	89	719	22	0
Department of Justice	78,776	3,502	6,119	1,693	20,964	268	29,138	13,096	3,946
Drug Enforcement Administration	11,718	42	90	15	11,221	44	257	29	9
Federal Bureau of Investigation	11,760	2,224	2,950	696	4,030	71	1,608	133	41
Immigration and Naturalization Service	26,804	37	518	3	352	0	21,847	321	3,716
Marshals Service	28,466	1,198	2,561	977	5,358	152	5,413	12,605	180
Other Department of Justice	28	1	0	2	3	1	13	8	0
Department of State	304	1	270	1	4	0	27	0	1
Department of the Treasury	12,373	117	2,384	162	6,815	16	2,765	60	39
Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms	2,461	38	85	65	433	0	1,822	8	8
Customs Service	7,286	22	341	31	6,278	7	533	39	26
Internal Revenue Service	738	5	266	15	89	3	351	4	5
Secret Service	1,888	52	1,692	51	15	6	59	9	0
Federal judiciary	747	20	297	192	48	2	97	89	1
U.S. Postal Service	1,124	42	522	360	87	8	97	6	1
Other	14,668	472	3,572	935	3,877	290	3,148	2,339	28
Self-report, subpoena	7,967	146	2,898	660	965	186	1,696	1,407	7
State and local	3,434	183	164	101	1,583	17	697	686	2
Task force	1,007	9	12	2	878	0	94	11	1
Other	2,260	134	498	172	451	87	661	235	18

Note: See Note, table 4.34. This table displays data by the arresting Federal agency. The arresting agency may be different from the Federal agency that initiated the investigation involving the arrestee. For methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 10.

^aTo secure and safeguard a material witness.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics, 1999*, NCJ 186179 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2001), p. 16.

Table 4.36

Characteristics of persons arrested by Federal agencies

By offense, United States, fiscal year 1999

Arrestee characteristics	Number arrested	Percent of suspects arrested for:								
		All offenses	Violent offenses	Property offenses		Drug offenses	Public-order offenses		Supervision violations	Material witness ^a
				Fraudulent	Other		Regulatory	Other		
All arrestees	109,857	100%	3.9%	12.1%	3.2%	29.1%	0.7%	33.1%	14.3%	3.7%
Sex										
Male	93,365	85.0	90.4	70.5	73.7	84.6	90.8	90.3	86.4	85.4
Female	16,479	15.0	9.6	29.5	26.3	15.4	9.2	9.7	13.6	14.6
Race										
White	77,599	70.6	43.7	63.6	60.5	67.2	85.5	82.3	59.8	93.3
Black	27,052	24.6	38.8	31.0	31.9	30.8	7.3	12.9	34.7	2.2
Native American	1,875	1.7	14.1	0.7	4.4	0.4	1.6	0.9	3.5	0.3
Asian/Pacific Islander	2,549	2.3	3.0	4.0	2.5	1.0	4.1	3.0	1.4	3.5
Other	769	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.5	1.5	0.9	0.5	0.7
Age										
Under 19 years	2,472	2.3	6.5	0.6	3.7	2.1	2.3	2.3	0.9	7.6
19 to 20 years	6,507	5.9	8.8	3.5	7.2	6.1	5.1	6.6	3.3	12.7
21 to 30 years	44,758	40.8	40.1	30.4	32.3	44.3	25.3	44.1	34.8	51.6
31 to 40 years	31,880	29.0	27.6	28.8	29.0	28.7	25.3	28.4	34.6	19.9
Over 40 years	24,126	22.0	17.0	36.8	27.8	18.9	42.0	18.5	26.4	8.3
Citizenship										
U.S. citizen	62,159	56.6	84.8	76.1	85.6	65.0	74.6	32.3	78.1	2.3
Not U.S. citizen	38,010	34.6	6.4	13.2	5.4	26.6	7.2	59.1	13.5	90.2
Missing/indeterminate	9,688	8.8	8.7	10.6	9.0	8.4	18.2	8.7	8.5	7.4

Note: See Note, table 4.34. For methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 10.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics, 1999*, NCJ 186179 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2001), p. 17.

^aTo secure and safeguard a material witness.

Table 4.37

Federal drug seizures

By type of drug, fiscal years 1989-2000

Fiscal year	Pounds seized ^a				
	Total	Heroin	Cocaine	Marijuana	Hashish
1989	1,343,702	2,415	218,697	1,070,965	51,625
1990	738,004	1,704	235,885	483,353	17,062
1991	926,700	3,067	246,325	499,097	178,211
1992	1,093,366	2,552	303,289	783,477	4,048
1993	1,045,997	3,516	244,315	772,086	26,080
1994	1,355,678	2,898	309,710	1,041,445	1,625
1995	1,576,865	2,569	234,105	1,308,171	32,020
1996	1,718,552	3,373	253,297	1,429,786	32,096
1997	1,796,863	3,121	252,329	1,488,362	53,051
1998	2,047,558	3,499	266,029	1,777,434	596
1999	2,615,636	2,732	292,234	2,318,992	1,678
2000	2,856,462	3,119	234,863	2,594,492	23,988

Note: The Federal-wide Drug Seizure System (FDSS) contains information about drug seizures made within the jurisdiction of the United States by the Drug Enforcement Administration, Federal Bureau of Investigation, U.S. Customs Service, and U.S. Border Patrol as well as maritime seizures made by the U.S. Coast Guard. Drug seizures made by other Federal agencies are included in the FDSS database when custody of the drug evidence was transferred to one of these five agencies.

Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

^aFigures are rounded to the nearest pound.

Source: Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff from tables provided by the U.S. Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration, Federal-wide Drug Seizure System.

Table 4.38

Drug removals from the domestic market by the Drug Enforcement Administration

By type of drug, fiscal years 1978-2000

Fiscal year	Opium (lbs.)	Heroin (lbs.)	Cocaine (lbs.)	Marijuana (lbs.)	Hashish (lbs.)	Hallucinogens (d.u.)	Depressants (d.u.)	Stimulants (d.u.)	Methadone (d.u.)
1978	27	442	1,009	1,117,422	3,004	4,349,917	311,044	2,901,948	39
1979	4	160	1,139	887,302	43,261	6,439,136	5,671,379	7,711,628	14,998
1980	NA	201	2,590	994,468	5,993	7,522,905	8,337,806	6,434,742	NA
1981	NA	332	4,352	1,935,202	30,162	36,064,329	21,701,603	47,475,580	NA
1982	NA	608	12,493	2,814,787	3,086	1,978,617	5,739,423	4,482,404	NA
1983	263	662	19,625	1,795,875	31,339	58,542,610	2,535,040	11,345,783	NA
1984	18	850	25,344	2,909,393	2,059	596,999	688,491	16,500,791	3,218
1985	45	985	39,969	1,641,626	21,858	4,593,867	664,589	20,709,871	57,903
1986	6	801	59,699	1,819,764	577	16,748,616	1,627,315	27,846,419	70
1987	65	804	81,823	1,429,339	2,368	6,057,338	643,178	26,929,899	920
1988	73	1,841	127,967	1,241,630	83,542	17,530,667	182,215	95,972,547	375,009
1989	13	1,372	181,519	745,255	1,270	13,100,524	564,440	94,333,273	22,164
1990	30	1,405	162,386	310,610	16,878	3,212,636	335,974	143,824,926	23,022
1991	3	2,529	130,776	237,183	1,333	1,824,587	378,352	29,157,571	6,200
1992	54	1,534	173,727	445,942	4,328	3,691,242	917,019	44,428,806	3,580
1993	39	1,592	134,003	314,091	267	2,841,245	179,058	80,462,242	1,618
1994	21	1,048	145,751	337,121	539	1,590,624	25,769,912	130,755,446	3,467
1995	31	1,198	115,261	480,339	30,721	2,326,293	442,740	163,142,631	30,870
1996	52	1,110	76,475	389,865	495	2,353,793	471,651	66,712,308	542
1997	51	735	78,072	472,181	33,940	1,095,225	710,575	124,326,209	5,720
1998	55	719	67,238	543,490	289	913,174	387,930	89,535,450	1,471
1999	147	851	76,777	725,050	1,031	1,261,551	429,118	73,170,354	1,723
2000	83	1,150	109,183	741,787	205	3,039,077	464,981	116,156,522	7,047

Note: The notation "d.u." refers to dosage unit. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Source: Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff from tables provided by the U.S. Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration.

Table 4.39

Number of marijuana plants eradicated and seized, arrests made, weapons seized, and value of assets seized

Under the Drug Enforcement Administration's Domestic Cannabis Eradication/Suppression Program, by State, 2000

State	Outdoor operations			Indoor operations		Total cultivated plants eradicated	Bulk processed marijuana	Number of arrests	Number of weapons seized	Value of assets seized
	Plots eradicated	Cultivated plants eradicated ^a	Ditchweed ^b eradicated	Grows seized	Cultivated plants eradicated					
Total	40,929	2,597,798	139,580,728	2,361	217,105	2,814,903	56,046	9,439	3,463	\$19,256,567
Alabama	1,086	40,210	0	31	2,408	42,618	537	262	55	375,765
Alaska	12	709	0	87	10,908	11,617	28	132	94	256,800
Arizona	29	816	0	9	164	980	25	90	53	67,854
Arkansas	475	98,133	0	18	923	99,056	254	60	69	458,710
California	1,507	727,247	0	307	79,154	806,401	6,529	1,030	510	2,164,432
Colorado	371	10,862	9,176	109	3,584	14,446	1,365	342	79	1,380,569
Connecticut	34	1,308	0	11	333	1,641	14	20	11	20,136
Delaware	14	1,447	803	13	828	2,275	85	17	1	30,590
Florida	424	23,796	0	190	15,343	39,139	1,482	407	128	889,275
Georgia	849	36,498	0	35	1,773	38,271	43	138	83	133,000
Hawaii	14,036	466,901	0	12	645	467,546	474	1,056	71	494,558
Idaho	9	269	0	8	319	588	0	11	1	0
Illinois	261	14,409	4,206,342	60	3,273	17,682	327	120	22	65,059
Indiana	1,470	27,140	132,675	31	1,746	28,886	1,350	519	63	94,596
Iowa	2	270	29,310	3	380	650	22,149	851	3	66,009
Kansas	39	2,795	33,932	32	543	3,338	950	31	42	70,285
Kentucky	8,415	463,989	35	66	2,944	466,933	1,078	357	122	507,678
Louisiana	194	2,397	0	25	272	2,669	1	107	5	0
Maine	194	8,365	0	70	8,552	16,917	82	197	130	197,221
Maryland	244	6,212	0	23	742	6,954	64	109	76	541,793
Massachusetts	51	4,593	0	3	40	4,633	10	8	0	448,000
Michigan	353	24,571	12,098	71	5,938	30,509	70	183	208	894,087
Minnesota	8	252	1,125,874	13	857	1,109	5	15	53	61,380
Mississippi	92	5,517	0	11	1,905	7,422	761	57	1	0
Missouri	446	21,782	30,356,576	68	2,290	24,072	168	478	94	108,480
Montana	4	45	0	10	564	609	5	24	27	77,200
Nebraska	7	96	18,377,759	18	560	656	2,528	35	5	8,900
Nevada	2	90	0	23	418	508	114	25	0	61,643
New Hampshire	18	555	0	11	214	769	4	14	21	8,990
New Jersey	135	3,713	0	25	1,171	4,884	2,942	317	54	761,370
New Mexico	12	1,148	0	6	368	1,516	0	15	29	301,890
New York	100	8,576	185	24	8,511	17,087	1,709	160	33	1,143,134
North Carolina	469	38,031	0	62	2,433	40,464	1,184	150	10	50,183
North Dakota	4	12,607	3,100,000	4	16	12,623	0	7	2	4,500
Ohio	2,873	36,962	0	34	3,085	40,047	12	48	68	339,189
Oklahoma	400	8,540	10,978,215	4	112	8,652	69	39	130	22,750
Oregon	337	12,777	0	161	7,923	20,700	470	193	251	1,077,741
Pennsylvania	613	7,356	0	84	2,980	10,336	104	54	4	23,191
Rhode Island	14	360	0	2	10,015	10,375	0	0	0	0
South Carolina	109	4,145	0	9	1,393	5,538	361	62	7	106,052
South Dakota	1	10	68,923,969	5	18	28	120	23	0	62,902
Tennessee	3,367	380,164	0	26	1,317	381,481	5,911	696	271	879,253
Texas	414	21,759	388,300	37	4,674	26,433	392	70	54	1,213,621
Utah	10	581	0	108	422	1,003	12	16	0	10,000
Vermont	243	3,638	400	15	398	4,036	27	53	37	5,770
Virginia	308	16,445	0	55	1,367	17,812	675	226	51	14,304
Washington	91	8,282	0	140	18,569	26,851	98	165	222	2,997,627
West Virginia	664	37,757	1,802,125	53	1,529	39,286	448	193	141	54,498
Wisconsin	119	3,673	102,954	137	3,069	6,742	527	253	72	705,483
Wyoming	0	0	0	2	115	115	483	4	0	0

Note: These data were collected by the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) in conjunction with the Domestic Cannabis Eradication/Suppression Program. This program is a joint Federal and State effort in which the DEA contributes funding, training, equipment, investigative, and aircraft resources to the participating States in the effort to eradicate domestically cultivated marijuana.

^aMay include tending ditchweed; see footnote b.

^bDitchweed is a type of marijuana that grows wild.

Source: Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff from table provided by the U.S. Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration.

Table 4.40

Seizures of illegal drug laboratories by the Drug Enforcement Administration

By type of drug manufactured, United States, fiscal years 1975-2000

Fiscal year	Total illegal drug laboratories seized	Type of drug manufactured								
		PCP	Methamphetamine	Amphetamine	Methaqualone; methcathinone ^a	Hashish oil	LSD	Cocaine	Other hallucinogens	Other controlled substances ^b
Total	14,560	547	12,482	655	131	30	25	157	187	346
1975	32	15	11	2	1	0	0	3	0	NA
1976	97	30	36	11	5	4	4	7	0	NA
1977	148	66	46	10	10	6	1	2	7	NA
1978	180	79	69	12	7	5	0	4	4	NA
1979	235	53	137	10	9	4	2	5	15	NA
1980	234	49	126	20	17	1	4	2	15	NA
1981	182	35	87	14	13	2	4	5	10	12
1982	224	47	132	18	7	0	0	6	7	7
1983	226	39	119	25	10	4	0	11	11	7
1984	197	13	121	19	3	3	0	16	3	19
1985	419	23	257	67	5	0	1	29	2	35
1986	509	8	372	66	4	0	2	23	6	28
1987	682	13	561	68	1	1	1	17	2	18
1988	810	20	667	82	4	0	0	9	7	21
1989	852	13	683	101	5	0	0	1	0	49
1990	549	10	449	54	3	0	0	4	10	19
1991	408	5	345	26	1	0	3	3	13	12
1992	335	4	291	15	1	0	0	5	6	13
1993	286	3	237	8	0	0	0	0	12	26
1994	274	12	224	11	0	0	0	1	4	22
1995	330	5	299	4	0	0	0	0	1	21
1996	806	2	776	4	14	0	0	0	6	4
1997	1,311	1	1,289	1	5	0	0	0	10	5
1998	1,175	1	1,157	1	2	0	0	1	4	9
1999	2,158	1	2,122	5	3	0	3	2	15	7
2000	1,901	0	1,869	1	1	0	0	1	17	12

Note: Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

^aCategory changed to methcathinone in 1996; prior to 1996, methcathinone was included in "other controlled substances."

^bIncludes substances such as phenyl 2 propanone, a precursor used in making methamphetamine and amphetamine; and methadone, an opiate-type heroin substitute.

Source: Comptroller General of the United States, *Report to the Congress: Stronger Crack-down Needed on Clandestine Laboratories Manufacturing Dangerous Drugs* (Washington, DC: U.S. General Accounting Office, 1981), p. 37; and data provided to SOURCEBOOK staff by the U.S. Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration.

Table 4.41

Arrests by the Drug Enforcement AdministrationBy type of drug, fiscal years 1992-2000^a

Fiscal year	Type of drug									
	Total		Heroin ^b		Cocaine ^c		Cannabis ^d		Other dangerous drugs ^e	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1992	24,874	100%	2,285	9.2%	12,710	51.1%	6,166	24.8%	3,713	14.9%
1993	22,059	100	2,021	9.2	10,984	49.8	5,578	25.3	3,476	15.8
1994	22,081	100	2,015	9.1	11,251	51.0	5,355	24.3	3,460	15.7
1995	24,993	100	2,546	10.2	12,026	48.1	6,231	24.9	4,190	16.8
1996	27,698	100	2,682	9.7	12,674	45.8	6,735	24.3	5,607	20.2
1997	33,626	100	3,090	9.2	14,901	44.3	7,650	22.8	7,985	23.7
1998	37,841	100	3,299	8.7	16,447	43.5	8,066	21.3	10,029	26.5
1999	40,572	100	3,584	8.8	16,990	41.9	8,589	21.2	11,409	28.1
2000	39,676	100	3,554	9.0	16,017	40.4	8,462	21.3	11,643	29.3

Note: Data for all years are revised by the Source as additional information becomes available. ^eIncludes stimulants (e.g., methamphetamine), depressants (e.g., barbiturates), and hallucinogens (e.g., LSD and PCP).

^aPercents may not add to 100 because of rounding.

^bIncludes morphine, opium, and other opiate-related substances.

^cIncludes crack.

^dIncludes marijuana, hashish, and hashish oil.

Source: Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff from table provided by the U.S. Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration, Defendant Statistical System.

Table 4.42

Characteristics of persons arrested by the Drug Enforcement Administration

By drug type, United States, fiscal year 1999

Arrestee characteristics	Total arrested		Drug type					
	Number	Percent	Cocaine powder	Crack cocaine	Marijuana	Methamphetamine	Opiates	Other or non-drug
All arrestees ^a	37,746	100%	9,318	6,227	8,053	8,646	3,232	2,270
Sex								
Male	30,966	82.6	7,909	5,299	6,642	6,686	2,700	1,730
Female	6,540	17.4	1,363	897	1,340	1,905	506	529
Race								
White	24,409	67.3	5,559	1,079	6,028	7,943	2,029	1,771
Black	11,272	31.1	3,286	4,914	1,613	129	971	359
Native American	204	0.6	43	30	51	54	9	17
Asian/Pacific Islander	363	1.0	44	40	39	161	43	36
Ethnicity								
Hispanic	13,811	38.1	4,472	657	3,724	2,670	1,895	393
Non-Hispanic	22,446	61.9	4,535	5,232	4,037	5,643	1,258	1,741
Age								
Under 19 years	278	0.7	47	76	79	31	30	15
19 to 20 years	1,935	5.2	347	469	509	346	127	137
21 to 30 years	15,863	42.6	3,993	3,143	3,408	3,116	1,253	950
31 to 40 years	11,482	30.9	2,907	1,617	2,224	3,137	1,012	585
Over 40 years	7,655	20.6	1,885	851	1,716	1,883	760	560
Citizenship								
U.S. citizen	26,883	76.7	5,970	5,528	5,359	6,428	1,787	1,811
Not U.S. citizen	8,187	23.3	2,639	343	2,103	1,596	1,209	297

Note: See Note, table 4.34. These data are from the Drug Enforcement Administration's (DEA) Defendant Statistical System. Some persons arrested by the DEA may be transferred to State or local jurisdiction and not to the U.S. Marshals Service. Therefore, counts of DEA arrests presented above will be higher than those reported in table 4.35. For methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 10.

^aIncludes offenders for whom offense or characteristics are unknown.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics, 1999*, NCJ 186179 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2001), p. 18, Table 1.4.

Table 4.43

Asset seizures by the Drug Enforcement Administration

By type and value of asset seized, fiscal years 1992-2000

Fiscal year	Total	Currency	Type of asset						
			Other financial instrument	Real property	Vehicle	Vessel	Aircraft	Other conveyance	Other
Number of seizures									
1992	19,868	8,344	741	1,712	5,948	228	53	278	2,564
1993	16,895	7,014	588	1,565	4,737	159	45	323	2,464
1994	13,859	6,641	461	924	3,794	147	37	196	1,650
1995	13,973	7,792	411	753	3,335	99	34	167	1,382
1996	13,554	7,426	831	567	3,099	117	17	133	1,364
1997	15,860	8,123	507	748	3,695	111	24	172	2,480
1998	15,615	8,560	519	372	3,817	120	14	0	2,213
1999	16,293	8,950	471	406	4,030	105	10	0	2,321
2000	16,336	8,787	471	412	4,114	110	15	0	2,427
Value									
1992	\$874,889,400	\$267,820,145	\$154,834,673	\$320,631,938	\$57,065,862	\$12,399,302	\$15,828,500	\$2,146,124	\$44,162,856
1993	688,720,873	250,469,017	50,703,447	255,157,081	48,787,715	9,198,707	33,915,750	4,333,503	36,155,653
1994	650,842,200	316,292,043	47,071,268	172,966,741	39,081,767	18,379,846	10,109,200	1,814,528	45,126,807
1995	650,344,625	274,397,676	180,417,157	98,675,343	40,246,228	11,519,006	9,598,400	1,451,266	34,039,549
1996	499,291,097	275,218,245	59,668,742	88,448,201	40,278,491	8,249,654	5,564,100	1,663,878	20,199,786
1997	551,680,150	284,680,029	73,602,092	108,833,498	47,379,874	5,884,754	8,945,000	1,734,731	20,620,172
1998	540,407,702	364,715,792	34,296,978	55,824,274	49,512,722	4,278,850	3,587,000	X	28,192,086
1999	617,132,724	269,408,006	211,039,284	55,988,435	54,468,328	7,120,946	1,868,000	X	17,239,725
2000	458,594,304	273,356,693	44,228,743	59,611,506	57,608,366	6,343,091	4,011,200	X	13,434,705

Note: Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Source: Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff from tables provided by the U.S. Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration, Computerized Asset Program.

Table 4.44

Drug seizures by the U.S. Customs Service

By type and amount of drugs seized, fiscal years 1975-2000

Fiscal year	Type of drug seized													
	Heroin		Cocaine		Hashish		Marijuana		Opium ^a		Morphine		Other drugs ^b	
	Number of seizures	Quantity (in pounds)	Number of seizures	Quantity (in pounds)	Number of seizures	Quantity (in pounds)	Number of seizures	Quantity (in pounds)	Number of seizures	Quantity (in pounds)	Number of seizures	Quantity (in pounds)	Number of seizures	Quantity (in dosage units)
1975	436	114.8	1,011	728.9	4,003	3,400.9	13,792	466,510.3	46	18.6	7	1.2	2,606	11,625,507
1976	437	367.7	1,167	1,029.6	5,162	13,436.7	13,555	759,359.9	72	37.6	15	3.9	2,581	21,418,652
Transition quarter	104	45.3	330	236.1	1,343	469.6	4,620	115,334.4	18	4.4	1	--	836	2,114,245
1977	245	277.7	1,025	952.1	6,323	15,923.0	14,902	1,652,772.7	50	20.2	15	1.4	2,105	7,813,721
1978	179	188.6	846	1,418.7	4,919	22,658.5	12,826	4,616,883.7	51	20.3	6	1.8	2,911	7,683,298
1979	173	122.5	1,259	1,438.1	4,379	50,848.9	12,323	3,583,555.5	41	26.1	21	8.8	3,130	15,912,218
1980	149	268.7	1,307	4,742.9	3,979	14,675.4	12,620	2,361,141.5	33	49.9	15	50.7	3,495	43,000,416
1981	170	234.7	1,372	3,741.1	2,689	17,991.8	14,036	5,109,792.5	52	9.5	75	6.2	3,877	38,947,804
1982	168	289.9	1,364	11,149.5	2,610	58,276.6	11,947	3,958,870.9	265	197.0	165	17.8	3,017	2,339,360
1983	285	593.6	1,731	19,601.5	1,829	2,209.8	12,101	2,732,974.5	103	78.9	199	60.0	2,862	5,592,669
1984	396	664.3	1,625	27,525.8	1,530	42,389.5	12,304	3,274,927.2	429	258.0	156	12.6	2,627	6,819,717
1985	426	784.6	2,164	50,506.4	1,948	22,970.0	12,002	2,389,704.1	1,118	505.0	10	3.3	2,179	22,540,573
1986	406	692.4	2,557	52,520.9	2,158	17,555.4	10,377	2,211,068.1	807	321.2	8	0.6	2,680	1,424,682
1987	527	639.0	2,158	87,898.3	1,930	1,073.2	14,569	1,701,149.6	538	1,014.6	8	4.2	3,345	3,881,793
1988	322	1,350.5	2,333	137,408.4	1,675	94,475.1	11,226	969,966.7	952	1,482.7	12	20.1	2,726	282,317
1989	454	1,056.7	2,059	129,493.2	1,656	51,476.0	10,183	645,858.2	3,384	901.3	26	10.3	2,549	2,622,721
1990	569	1,504.5	2,169	164,727.0	1,961	17,052.7	7,522	222,313.8	6,942	2,047.2	12	8.4	2,733	2,813,241
1991	754	2,757.1	2,138	169,586.1	2,000	177,037.7	8,688	287,519.6	3,594	1,131.6	6	0.3	2,059	2,913,236
1992	940	2,226.4	2,150	243,364.8	1,820	4,046.3	12,081	462,328.9	2,995	1,061.8	3	0.4	2,267	8,261,600
1993	1,010	2,966.2	2,182	175,317.6	1,529	26,089.1	10,961	507,248.7	2,426	2,128.8	11	19.8	2,747	17,864,966
1994	987	2,530.1	2,392	204,514.0	1,558	1,393.4	9,632	559,583.6	1,362	1,946.7	202	12,691.1	3,251	24,104,228
1995 ^c	923	2,235.3	2,226	158,313.7	1,284	16,616.8	10,214	642,012.5	462	484.5	367	27,544.0	4,896	5,665,673
1996	1,053	2,895.0	2,451	180,947.0	1,452	36,671.0	12,510	775,065.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	5,800	NA
1997	1,208	2,444.8	2,537	157,924.3	1,528	37,338.4	12,741	726,198.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	6,695	15,790,950
1998	1,049	2,956.9	2,364	157,042.7	1,604	885.3	15,545	955,987.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	8,100	221,657,448
1999	914	1,934.0	2,519	160,677.6	1,278	29,716.4	15,718	1,219,651.9	NA	NA	1,460	94,308.6	21,464	NA
2000	859	2,555.2	2,489	150,036.0	1,799	24,079.7	14,861	1,291,487.4	650	1,288.2	NA	NA	22,315	NA

Note: The data presented for 1975 and 1976 coincide with the former Federal fiscal year, the period July 1 to June 30. The transition quarter refers to the period July 1, 1976 to Sept. 30, 1976. The Federal fiscal year is now October 1 to September 30. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

^aCategory changed to "opiates" in fiscal year 2000.

^bIncludes amphetamines, barbiturates, LSD, opiates, and other drugs. Khat and methamphetamines were added in 2000.

^cBeginning in fiscal year 1995, the data include all incidents in which the U.S. Customs Service participated with other Federal, State, or local enforcement agencies.

Source: U.S. Department of the Treasury, U.S. Customs Service, *Prologue '76* (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of the Treasury, 1976), p. 36; U.S. Department of the Treasury, U.S. Customs Service, *Customs U.S.A., 1980*, p. 33; *1985*, p. 41; *1988*, p. 40; *1989*, p. 40 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of the Treasury); U.S. Department of the Treasury, U.S. Customs Service, *U.S. Customs Update 1992* (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of the Treasury, 1993), p. 22; U.S. Department of the Treasury, U.S. Customs Service, *U.S. Customs Service: Annual Report FY 1993* (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of the Treasury, 1994), p. 41; and data provided by the U.S. Department of the Treasury, U.S. Customs Service. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.45

Property seizures by the U.S. Customs Service

By type and value of property seized, fiscal years 1979-2000

(Domestic value in thousands)

Fiscal year	Type of property seized															
	Vehicles		Aircraft		Vessels		Monetary instruments		General merchandise ^a		Arms/ammunition		Real estate		Intellectual property rights ^b	
	Number of seizures	Domestic value	Number of seizures	Domestic value	Number of seizures	Domestic value	Number of seizures	Domestic value	Number of seizures	Domestic value	Number of seizures	Domestic value	Number of seizures	Domestic value	Number of seizures	Domestic value
1979	2,829	\$9,060	135	\$19,979	272	\$74,529	1,328	\$22,472	24,318	\$41,639	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1980	3,039	12,269	195	11,584	1,319	91,269	1,257	31,382	19,789	39,606	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1981	4,011	14,882	272	32,487	556	46,535	1,554	39,846	23,250	63,491	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1982	5,951	35,936	206	34,742	500	44,462	1,802	32,757	27,132	92,015	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1983	9,481	63,912	203	19,104	405	33,209	2,066	50,174	36,972	142,824	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1984	9,347	62,954	157	50,327	558	49,256	2,088	67,734	33,334	348,796	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1985	9,323	80,666	145	150,448	524	41,227	1,114	95,838	32,679	277,339	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1986	8,911	74,597	123	17,414	292	14,424	1,370	121,536	30,489	237,850	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1987	11,400	84,807	176	112,479	535	23,783	2,138	102,383	40,257	417,750	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1988	12,073	97,570	129	204,643	374	122,585	3,064	165,296	23,966	477,938	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1989	12,444	100,729	182	204,000	333	58,139	4,102	225,028	22,416	509,601	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1990	8,412	84,277	151	102,623	285	17,984	8,960	440,487	34,602	449,019	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1991	7,945	62,652	103	43,801	257	30,261	8,555	271,315	26,908	377,105	1,902	\$5,763	154	\$52,736	NA	NA
1992	8,910	61,021	91	41,933	193	15,293	3,510	219,439	15,064	178,588	1,999	10,333	215	167,244	1,253	\$32,492
1993	8,917	71,872	47	6,900	180	9,408	3,550	183,128	14,072	214,356	2,663	3,396	245	77,981	2,005	44,175
1994	8,523	80,902	35	5,290	190	42,474	3,266	217,507	11,881	174,033	2,420	5,002	73	36,540	2,219	38,288
1995	9,269	91,378	36	29,253	192	45,668	3,071	207,737	10,985	513,765	1,719	24,231	172	45,326	2,092	51,683
1996	11,543	104,933	29	7,901	217	9,070	2,964	258,591	13,731	204,181	1,373	9,191	135	25,631	2,236	52,384
1997	10,953	94,287	23	15,158	197	11,839	3,739	240,243	17,573	1,176,551	1,509	7,229	326	38,303	2,117	64,001
1998	13,705	94,537	34	29,212	187	13,821	4,336	426,640	19,327	1,696,333	1,456	6,500	98	26,052	3,567	82,692
1999	13,848	101,456	22	20,755	179	11,893	4,515	444,035	12,667	202,792	1,398	8,796	49	25,471	3,926	120,275
2000	11,997	100,450	19	14,413	174	19,080	3,892	204,090	12,211	160,138	1,140	11,753	75	17,336	3,357	60,252

Note: Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Source: U.S. Department of the Treasury, U.S. Customs Service, *Customs U.S.A.*, 1980, p. 32; 1982, p. 40; 1989, p. 40 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of the Treasury); U.S. Department of the Treasury, U.S. Customs Service, *U.S. Customs Update 1992* (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of the Treasury, 1993), p. 22; U.S. Department of the Treasury, U.S. Customs Service, *U.S. Customs Service: Annual Report FY 1993* (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of the Treasury, 1994), p. 41; and data provided by the U.S. Department of the Treasury, U.S. Customs Service. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.^aIncludes any other type of merchandise brought into the country in violation of the U.S. Customs laws.^bIncludes any unauthorized use or theft of copyrighted or pirated goods, and counterfeit items and goods not licensed for sale in the United States.

Table 4.46

Deportable aliens located by the Immigration and Naturalization Service

By status at entry, fiscal years 1992-98

Fiscal year	Status at entry										
	Total located	Visitor	Crewman	Student	Temporary worker		Immigrant	Stowaway	Transit without visa	Entry without inspection	Other
					Agriculture	Other					
1992	1,258,482	15,755	1,111	1,240	259	300	9,800	404	60	1,225,993	3,560
1993	1,327,259	15,902	894	1,080	273	147	9,854	293	50	1,294,256	4,510
1994	1,094,717	13,342	833	978	140	260	10,745	410	59	1,064,068	3,882
1995	1,394,560	11,905	1,279	896	176	218	9,784	691	381	1,365,171	4,059
1996	1,649,986	12,003	830	731	176	186	10,502	244	313	1,620,033	4,968
1997	1,536,520	12,162	922	710	98	264	14,063	622	2,934	1,499,267	5,478
1998	1,679,439	10,536	681	599	350	5,322	16,714	574	72	1,644,591	NA

Source: Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff from tables provided by the U.S. Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

Table 4.47

Aliens deported from the United States

By reason for deportation, fiscal years 1991-98

Fiscal year	Reason for deportation									
	Total	Attempted entry without proper documents or through fraud or misrepresentation	Criminal	Failed to maintain status	Previously removed or ineligible for reentry	Present without authorization ^a	Security	Smuggling or aiding illegal entry	Other	Unknown
1991	33,189	3,058	14,475	1,135	735	13,347	7	28	191	213
1992	43,671	3,630	20,098	1,076	1,008	17,403	31	177	57	191
1993	42,469	3,031	22,435	781	929	14,977	54	208	30	24
1994	45,621	2,840	23,695	502	1,005	14,944	57	209	25	2,344
1995	50,873	5,335	24,989	494	1,392	16,730	34	196	31	1,672
1996	69,588	14,757	27,133	598	1,954	23,213	36	274	47	1,576
1997	114,292	35,910	34,056	1,024	3,109	39,228	30	384	530	21
1998	172,547	79,141	35,783	986	7,055	48,257	15	489	820	19

Note: These data reflect the legal basis for deportation or exclusion of persons identified as aliens. Some aliens who are criminals may be deported for a reason (charge) other than those listed above. Deportation categories have been revised by the Source pursuant to a revision in the law effective Apr. 1, 1997. Therefore, these data are not directly comparable to data presented in previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

^aIncludes those aliens charged with "entering without inspection" prior to the Apr. 1, 1997 revision in the law.

Source: Table provided to SOURCEBOOK staff by the U.S. Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

Appendix 3

Crime in the United States Definitions of terms

Note: The following information has been excerpted from U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, **Crime in the United States, 1999** (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2000), pp. 397-400, 405-408. Non-substantive editorial adaptations have been made. See U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, **Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook** (Washington, DC: USGPO, 1984) for further definitions and information on classification and counting rules.

Population definitions

For purposes of statistical presentation, the cities and counties in the United States are divided into groups based on population size. The population group classifications used by the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program are shown in Table 1.

Table 1. Population group, political label, and population coverage

Population group	Political label	Population coverage
I	City	250,000 and over
II	City	100,000 to 249,999
III	City	50,000 to 99,999
IV	City	25,000 to 49,999
V	City	10,000 to 24,999
VI	City ^a	Less than 10,000
VIII (Rural county)	County ^b	-
IX (Suburban county)	County ^b	-

^aIncludes universities and colleges to which no population is attributed.

^bIncludes State police to which no population is attributed.

Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)--This includes a central city of at least 50,000 people or an urbanized area of at least 50,000. The county containing the central city and other contiguous counties having strong economic and social ties to the central city and county also are included. Counties in an MSA are designated "suburban" for UCR purposes. An MSA may cross State lines. Due to changes in the geographic composition of MSAs, no year-to-year comparisons of

data for those areas should be attempted. New England MSAs are comprised of cities and towns instead of counties. For purposes of tabular presentation, the UCR Program assigns New England cities and towns to the proper MSAs. Some counties, however, have both suburban and rural portions. Data for State police and sheriffs in those jurisdictions are included in statistics for the rural areas. MSAs made up approximately 80% of the total U.S. population in 1999.

Rural counties--Rural counties are those outside MSAs and are comprised of mostly unincorporated areas. Law enforcement agencies in rural counties cover areas that are not under the jurisdiction of city police departments. Rural county law enforcement agencies served 12% of the national population in 1999.

Suburban areas--These areas consist of cities with populations of less than 50,000 in addition to counties (unincorporated areas) that are within an MSA. Suburban areas can, therefore, be divided into suburban cities and suburban counties.

Other cities--Other cities are urban places outside MSAs; most of these areas are incorporated. These cities comprised 8% of the 1999 national population.

As a general rule, sheriffs, county police, and State police report on crimes committed within the limits of counties, but outside cities; local police report on crimes committed within city limits.

The major source of UCR data is the individual law enforcement agency. The number of agencies included in each population group will vary slightly from year to year due to population growth, geopolitical consolidation, municipal incorporation, etc. Population figures for individual jurisdictions are estimated by the UCR Program in non-census years. State and national population figures used are 1999 U.S. Census Bureau provisional estimates. Population figures for individual jurisdictions were updated by applying 1999 State growth rates to the 1998 U.S. Census Bureau city/county estimates to obtain 1999 city/county estimates. The State growth rates were calculated using 1998 and 1999 U.S. Census Bureau provisional estimates for the States. The estimate of United States population showed a 1% increase from 1998 to 1999. Table 2 shows the number of contributing agencies within each population group in 1999.

Regions and divisions

The United States is divided into four regions; these regions are further divided into nine divisions. The following is a list of States within divisions and regions.

Northeast:

New England--Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont.

Middle Atlantic--New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania.

Midwest:

East North Central--Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin.

West North Central--Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota.

South:

South Atlantic--Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia.

East South Central--Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee.

West South Central--Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas.

West:

Mountain--Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming.

Pacific--Alaska, California, Hawaii, Oregon, Washington.

Table 2. Population group and number of contributing agencies

Population group	Number of agencies
I	67
II	158
III	396
IV	764
V	1,834
VI	8,359 ^a
VIII (Rural county)	3,420 ^b
IX (Suburban county)	1,790 ^b
Total	16,788

^aIncludes universities and colleges to which no population is attributed.

^bIncludes State police to which no population is attributed.

The Crime Index, Part I, and Part II offenses

The Crime Index

The following offenses and attempts to commit these offenses are used in compiling the Crime Index: (1) murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, (2) forcible rape, (3) robbery, (4) aggravated assault, (5) burglary, (6) larceny-theft, (7) motor vehicle theft, and (8) arson. Arson was added as the eighth index offense in October 1978. (Manslaughter by negligence and simple or minor assaults are not included in the Crime Index.)

Offenses in the UCR program are divided into two groups, Part I and Part II. Information on the volume of Part I offenses known to law enforcement, those cleared by arrest or exceptional means, and the number of persons arrested is reported monthly. Only arrest data are reported for Part II offenses.

Part I offenses

Criminal homicide--a. Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter: the willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another. Deaths caused by negligence, attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, and justifiable homicides are excluded. Justifiable homicides are limited to: (1) the killing of a felon by a law enforcement officer in the line of duty and (2) the killing of a felon by a private citizen. **b.** Manslaughter by negligence: the killing of another person through gross negligence. Traffic fatalities are excluded. While manslaughter by negligence is a Part I crime, it is not included in the Crime Index.

Forcible rape--The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will. Included are rapes by force and attempts or assaults to rape. Statutory offenses (no force used--victim under age of consent) are excluded.

Robbery--The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated assault--An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. Simple assaults are excluded.

Burglary--breaking or entering--The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. Attempted forcible entry is included.

Larceny-theft (except motor vehicle theft)--The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. Examples are thefts of bicycles or automobile accessories, shoplifting, pocket-picking, or the stealing of any property or article that is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Attempted larcenies are included. Embezzlement, "con" games, forgery, worthless checks, etc., are excluded.

Motor vehicle theft--The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. A motor vehicle is self-propelled and runs on the surface and not on rails. Specifically excluded from this category are

motorboats, construction equipment, airplanes, and farming equipment.

Arson--Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Part II offenses

Other assaults (simple)--Assaults and attempted assaults where no weapon is used and which do not result in serious or aggravated injury to the victim.

Forgery and counterfeiting--Making, altering, uttering, or possessing, with intent to defraud, anything false in the semblance of that which is true. Attempts are included.

Fraud--Fraudulent conversion and obtaining money or property by false pretenses. Included are confidence games and bad checks, except forgeries and counterfeiting.

Embezzlement--Misappropriation or misapplication of money or property entrusted to one's care, custody, or control.

Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing--Buying, receiving, and possessing stolen property, including attempts.

Vandalism--Willful or malicious destruction, injury, disfigurement, or defacement of any public or private property, real or personal, without consent of the owner or persons having custody or control.

Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.--All violations of regulations or statutes controlling the carrying, using, possessing, furnishing, and manufacturing of deadly weapons or silencers. Attempts are included.

Prostitution and commercialized vice--Sex offenses of a commercialized nature, such as prostitution, keeping a bawdy house, and procuring or transporting women for immoral purposes. Attempts are included.

Sex offenses (except forcible rape, prostitution, and commercialized vice)--Statutory rape and offenses against chastity, common decency, morals, and the like. Attempts are included.

Drug abuse violations--State and local offenses relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, and manufacturing of narcotic drugs. The following drug categories are specified: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics--manufactured narcotics that can cause addiction (demerol, methadone); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, benzedrine).

Gambling--Promoting, permitting, or engaging in illegal gambling.

Offenses against the family and children--Nonsupport, neglect, desertion, or abuse of family and children.

Driving under the influence--Driving or operating any vehicle or common carrier while drunk or under the influence of liquor or narcotics.

Liquor laws--State or local liquor law violations, except "drunkenness" and "driving under the influence." Federal violations are excluded.

Drunkenness--Offenses relating to drunkenness or intoxication. Excluded is "driving under the influence."

Disorderly conduct--Breach of the peace.

Vagrancy--Vagabondage, begging, loitering, etc.

All other offenses--All violations of State or local laws, except those listed above and traffic offenses.

Suspicion--No specific offense; suspect released without formal charges being placed.

Curfew and loitering laws (persons under age 18)--Offenses relating to violations of local curfew or loitering ordinances where such laws exist.

Runaways (persons under age 18)--Limited to juveniles taken into protective custody under provisions of local statutes.

Offense estimation

The inability of some State UCR Programs to provide forcible rape figures in accordance with UCR guidelines as well as other reporting problems at the State-level have required the use of unique estimation procedures. In addition, because of efforts to convert to the National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS), it has become necessary for the Source to estimate totals for some States.

The Illinois (1985 to 1999), Michigan (1993), and Minnesota (1993) State UCR Programs were unable to provide forcible rape figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The rape totals were estimated using national rates per 100,000 inhabitants within the eight population groups and assigning the forcible rape volumes proportionally to each State. The Delaware State UCR program was unable to provide 1998 forcible rape figures in accordance with UCR guidelines; the 1998 forcible rape total was estimated by reducing the number of reported offenses by the proportion of male forcible rape victims statewide.

In recent years, a number of States have been involved in the NIBRS conversion process. During the conversion process, little or no data were available from law enforcement agencies in these States. The following is a summary of States providing either incomplete data or no data for certain years, either due to NIBRS conversion or due to other reporting problems:

1988:	Florida, Kentucky
1991:	Iowa
1993:	Illinois, Kansas
1994:	Illinois, Kansas, Montana

1995: Illinois, Kansas, Montana
 1996: Florida, Illinois, Kansas,
 Kentucky, Montana
 1997: Illinois, Kansas, Kentucky,
 Montana, New Hampshire,
 Vermont
 1998: Illinois, Kansas, Kentucky,
 Montana, New Hampshire,
 Wisconsin
 1999: Illinois, Kansas, Kentucky,
 Maine, Montana, New
 Hampshire

State totals were estimated using procedures based on data availability specific to each State, and the population group and geographic division to which the State belongs.

Table 3. Total U.S. population, 1960-99^a

	Population
1960	179,323,175
1961	182,992,000
1962	185,771,000
1963	188,483,000
1964	191,141,000
1965	193,526,000
1966	195,576,000
1967	197,457,000
1968	199,399,000
1969	201,385,000
1970	203,235,298
1971	206,212,000
1972	208,230,000
1973	209,851,000
1974	211,392,000
1975	213,124,000
1976	214,659,000
1977	216,332,000
1978	218,059,000
1979	220,099,000
1980	225,349,264
1981	229,146,000
1982	231,534,000
1983	233,981,000
1984	236,158,000
1985	238,740,000
1986	241,077,000
1987	243,400,000
1988	245,807,000
1989	248,239,000
1990	248,709,873
1991	252,177,000
1992	255,082,000
1993	257,908,000
1994	260,341,000
1995	262,755,000
1996	265,284,000
1997	267,637,000
1998	270,296,000
1999	272,691,000

^aPopulation figures are U.S. Census Bureau provisional estimates as of July 1 for each year except 1960, 1970, 1980, and 1990, which are the decennial census counts.

Appendix 9

Arrestee Drug Abuse Monitoring Methodology and survey sampling information

Note: The following information was excerpted from U.S. Department of Justice, National Institute of Justice, **1999 Annual Report on Drug Use Among Adult and Juvenile Arrestees**, NCJ 181426 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2000), pp. 1, 20-98; and information provided by the U.S. Department of Justice, National Institute of Justice. Non-substantive editorial adaptations have been made.

Methodology

The Arrestee Drug Abuse Monitoring (ADAM) program, formerly the Drug Use Forecasting (DUF) program, collects data at selected booking facilities throughout the United States. Each quarter, trained local ADAM staff obtain voluntary and anonymous urine specimens and interviews from new samples of booked arrestees. Arrestees are interviewed and specimens are collected within 48 hours of arrest. Arrestees released before booking are not part of the ADAM sample. In 1999 the ADAM program conducted interviews and drug tests with more than 42,000 recent arrestees in 34 metropolitan areas. Approximately 30,000 adult males, 10,000 adult females, 2,500 juvenile males, and 400 juvenile females participated in the program during 1999. Generally, more than 80% of the arrestees selected for the sample agree to be interviewed and over 80% of those interviewed provide urine specimens.

Although most ADAM sites are referred to by the name of the largest city in the area, the boundaries (or catchment area) of most sites are substantially larger than the named city. Entire counties are used as catchment areas wherever possible. For many sites, catchment areas were gradually expanded to the county level during 1998, so that for sites that were not previously operating at the county level, the catchment area may have changed during the 1998 or 1999 data collection year. Certain sites with multiple jails gradually increased the number of facilities where they conducted data collection as they added interviewer staff and gained access to additional jails.

In 31 sites, Albuquerque, Anchorage, Birmingham, Chicago, Cleveland, Dallas, Denver, Des Moines, Detroit, Fort Lauderdale, Houston, Indianapolis, Laredo, Las Vegas, Los Angeles, Miami, Minneapolis, New Orleans, Oklahoma City, Omaha, Philadelphia, Phoenix, Portland, Sacramento, Salt Lake City, San Antonio, San Diego, San Jose, Seattle, Spokane, and Tucson, the catchment area is the entire county, parish, or borough. The catchment area for New York City is all five boroughs and for Washington, DC it is the entire city. The catchment area for Atlanta covers portions of two counties (DeKalb and Fulton).

During 1999, nine of the ADAM sites collected data from male juvenile arrestees/detainees. Six of these sites also collected data on female arrestees/detainees; however, given the small sample size across a majority of the ADAM female juvenile facilities, these data are not presented. The catchment area for all nine juvenile sites participating in 1999 was the named city and entire surrounding county.

The ADAM program uses the EMIT (Enzyme Multiplied Immunoassay Testing) system to screen for the presence of drugs in urine. The testing is done at a laboratory and the specificity and accuracy are, for most drugs, higher than 95%. The standard ADAM testing panel includes the following drugs: cocaine, opiates, marijuana, methamphetamine, phencyclidine (PCP), methadone, benzodiazepines, methaqualone, propoxyphene, barbiturates, and amphetamines.

Beginning in 1996, the program adopted marijuana testing cutoff levels in accordance with new U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration guidelines. The new cutoff level, 50 mg/ml, is lower than the previous cutoff level, thus more individuals using marijuana are identified. Analysis of trends at both cutoff levels revealed that overall there is a 5 to 7 percentage point increase in positive results at the new level. Caution should be used in comparing marijuana percentages for years prior to 1996.

Table. ADAM sample sizes, 1999^a

City	Adults		Juv- enile males
	Male	Fe- male	
Albuquerque, NM	529	180	(b)
Anchorage, AK	563	155	(b)
Atlanta, GA	1,071	355	(b)
Birmingham, AL	738	111	117
Chicago, IL	2,291	540	(b)
Cleveland, OH	842	424	313
Dallas, TX	863	312	(b)
Denver, CO	931	375	291
Des Moines, IA	602	116	(b)
Detroit, MI	886	61	(b)
Ft. Lauderdale, FL	829	330	(b)
Houston, TX	883	679	(b)
Indianapolis, IN	652	419	(b)
Laredo, TX	551	67	(b)
Las Vegas, NV	1,091	485	(b)
Los Angeles, CA	2,708	649	412
Miami, FL	948	(c)	(b)
Minneapolis, MN	841	162	(b)
New Orleans, LA	913	374	(b)
New York, NY	2,190	1,200	(b)
Oklahoma City, OK	943	400	(b)
Omaha, NE	449	90	(b)
Philadelphia, PA	486	254	(b)
Phoenix, AZ	1,166	398	378
Portland, OR	652	286	203
Sacramento, CA	753	272	(b)
Salt Lake City, UT	920	179	(b)
San Antonio, TX	985	353	228
San Diego, CA	630	248	278
San Jose, CA	725	76	(b)
Seattle, WA	782	222	(b)
Spokane, WA	745	173	(b)
Tucson, AZ	946	333	294
Washington, DC	106	(c)	(b)

^aThe ADAM program operated in 35 sites in 1999. However, data for St. Louis were unavailable for 1999, therefore only 34 are included in SOURCEBOOK tables.

^bMale juveniles not tested.

^cFemales not tested.

Appendix 10

Federal Justice Statistics Program Methodology and definitions of terms

Note: The following was excerpted from U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics, 1999*, NCJ 186179, pp. 106-123 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Non-substantive editorial adaptations have been made.

Methodology

The data are from the Bureau of Justice Statistics' (BJS) Federal Justice Statistics Program database. The database is constructed from source files provided by the Executive Office for U.S. Attorneys, the Administrative Office of the United States Courts (AO), the United States Sentencing Commission, the U.S. Marshals Service, the Drug Enforcement Administration, and the Federal Bureau of Prisons. The AO also maintains data collected by the Federal pretrial services agencies, the U.S. Courts of Appeals, and the Federal probation and supervision service.

Some records in the Federal Justice Statistics database are matched according to a statistically weighted combination of names, other personal identifiers, dates of court appearances, types of offenses, and other relevant information contained in the files. Using the matched data files, it is possible to combine information about two or more stages of the processing of a criminal matter or case, from the prosecutor's decision of whether to file a criminal case, through adjudication, and, if the defendant is convicted, through prison and/or supervised release. Unless otherwise noted, cases have been selected according to some event that occurred during the 1999 Federal fiscal year (Oct. 1, 1998 through Sept. 30, 1999).

The unit of analysis is a combination of a person (or corporation) and a matter or case. For example, if a single person is involved in three different criminal cases during the time period specified in the table, he or she is counted three times in the tabulation. Similarly, if a single criminal case involves a corporate defendant and four individual defendants, it is counted five times in the tabulation.

The unit of analysis for incarceration, probation, parole, or other supervised release is a person entering custody or supervision, or a person leaving custody or supervision. For

example, a person convicted in two concurrent cases and committed once to the custody of the Federal Bureau of Prisons in the indicated time period is counted as one admission to a term of incarceration. A person who terminates probation twice in the indicated time period, such as with a violation and again after reinstatement, is counted as two terminations of probation.

The offense classifications in the tables are based on the classification system used by the AO. Specific offenses in the AO classification are combined to form the BJS categories in the tables. These categories are designed to be as consistent as possible with BJS publications on State criminal justice systems. Offense categories for tables focusing on prisoners are based on combinations of offense designations used by the Bureau of Prisons. They are similar to the BJS categories but may not be directly comparable.

Where more than one offense is charged or adjudicated, the most serious offense, the one that may or did result in the most severe sentence, is used in the classification. In tables focusing on prisoners, the data are classified according to the offense that bears the longest single incarceration sentence. The offense description may change as a case goes through the criminal justice process. Tables indicate whether charged or adjudicated offenses are used.

The availability of particular items of information is affected by the data source. Data on prosecutors' decisions prior to court filing are provided for cases investigated by U.S. attorneys, but not for those handled by other litigating divisions of the U.S. Department of Justice. Criminal Division cases enter the database once they are filed in U.S. District Court, however. Many items of social and demographic information come from presentence investigation records, supervision records, or sentencing records and are available only for arrested defendants who were convicted and/or began serving a sentence involving supervised release. This particularly affects sex, race, ethnicity, and prior record information.

Time served in prison is the number of months from a prisoner's arrival into jurisdiction of the Bureau of Prisons until first release from prison, plus any jail time served and credited. The calculation is the same as that currently used by the Bureau of Prisons. Because other publications may include different groups of prisoners, calculate time served differently, or use a different offense classification, these data may differ from estimates of time served in previous publications by the Bureau of Prisons or in publications based on other data sources.

These data are designed to permit the user to make valid comparisons within each table and to compare percentages (but not raw totals) across tables. The total number of subjects/defendants that is based on records linked between two files is generally less than the total number of records in either source file. Accordingly, comparisons of absolute numbers across two or more tables, or between these data and other data sources, are not necessarily valid.

In addition, readers should note that offender characteristics, classifications of lengths of prior sentences of incarceration, and time served differ from the 1993 and prior years' Federal justice compendia. Therefore, comparisons of these elements with the 1993 compendium or compendia prior to 1993 should not be attempted.

Definitions of terms

Agriculture--violations of Federal statutes on agriculture and conservation, for example, violations of the Agricultural Acts, Insecticide Act, and the Packers and Stockyards Act; also violation of laws concerning plant quarantine and the handling of animals pertaining to research (title 7 U.S.C. except sections on food stamps).

Antitrust--violation of Federal antitrust statutes, which aim to protect trade and commerce from unlawful restraints, price fixing, monopolies, and discrimination in pricing or in furnishing services or facilities.

Arson--willfully or maliciously setting, or attempting to set, fire to any property within the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States.

Assault--intentionally inflicting, attempting or threatening to inflict bodily injury to another person; applies to anyone within the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States or to any Government official, foreign official, official guest, internationally protected person, or any officer or employee of the United States designated in 18 U.S.C. 1114; also certain violations of the Fair Housing Act of 1968.

Bail--the sum of money promised as a condition of release, to be paid if a released defendant defaults.

Bribery--offering or promising anything of value with intent to unlawfully influence a public official, bank employee, officer or employee of the Government, witness, or any common carrier as well as soliciting or accepting such an offer. Soliciting or receiving anything of value in consideration of aiding a person to obtain employment in the U.S. Government. Receiving or soliciting any remuneration, directly or indirectly, in cash or any kind in return for purchasing, ordering, leasing, or recommending to purchase any good, service, or facility.

Burglary--breaking and entering into another's property with intent to steal within

the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States; also including breaking and entering into any official bank, credit union, savings and loan institution, post office, vessel or steamboat assigned to the use of mail service, or personal property of the United States, or breaking the seal or lock of any carrier facility containing interstate or foreign shipments of freight or express.

Civil rights--violations of civil liberties such as the personal, natural rights guaranteed and protected by the U.S. Constitution. Includes the Civil Rights Acts, such as those enacted after the Civil War, and more recently in 1957 and 1964.

Collateral bond--an agreement made by a defendant as a condition of his or her pretrial release that requires the defendant to post property valued at the full bail amount as an assurance of his or her intention to appear at trial.

Communication--violations covering areas of communication such as the Communications Act of 1934 (including wiretapping and wire interception). A communication is ordinarily considered to be a deliberate interchange of thoughts or opinions between two or more persons.

Conditional release--release from detention contingent on any combination of restrictions that are deemed necessary to guarantee a defendant's appearance at trial or the safety of the community.

Conspiracy--an agreement by two or more persons to commit or to effect the commission of an unlawful act or to use unlawful means to accomplish an act that is not in itself unlawful; also any overt act in furtherance of the agreement. A person charged with conspiracy is classified under the substantive offense alleged.

Counterfeiting--falsely making, forging, or altering any obligation or security of the United States, foreign obligation or security, coin or bar stamped at any mint in the United States, money order issued by the U.S. Postal Service, domestic or foreign stamp, or seal of any department or agency of the United States. Passing, selling, attempting to pass or sell, or bringing into the United States any of the above falsely made articles. Making, selling, or possessing any plates or stones used for printing counterfeit obligations or securities of the United States, foreign obligations or securities, Government transportation requests, or postal stamps; or knowingly and intentionally trafficking in falsified labels affixed to phonorecords, motion pictures, or audio visual works.

Customs laws--violations regarding taxes that are payable upon goods and merchandise imported or exported. Includes the duties, toll, tribute, or tariff payable upon merchandise exported or imported.

Deposit bond--an agreement made by a defendant as a condition of release that

requires the defendant to post a fraction of the bail before he or she is released.

Detention--the legally authorized confinement of persons after arrest, whether before or during prosecution. Only those persons held 2 or more days are classified as detained.

Drug offenses--manufacture, import, export, distribution, or dispensing of a controlled substance (or counterfeit substance), or the possession of a controlled substance (or counterfeit substance) with intent to manufacture, import, export, distribute, or dispense. Also using any communication facility that causes or facilitates a felony under title 21. Also furnishing of fraudulent or false information concerning prescriptions as well as any other unspecified drug-related offense.

Embezzlement--fraudulently appropriating property by a person to whom such property has been lawfully entrusted. Includes offenses committed by bank officers or employees; officers or employees of the U.S. Postal Service; officers of lending, credit, or insurance institutions; any officer or employee of a corporation or association engaged in commerce as a common carrier; court officers of the U.S. courts; or officers or employees of the United States. Stealing, selling, conveying, or disposing of any money, property, records, or thing of value to the United States or any department thereof without authority.

Escape--departing or attempting to depart from the custody of a correctional institution; a judicial, correctional, or law enforcement officer; or a hospital where one is committed for drug abuse and drug dependency problems. Knowingly advising, aiding, assisting, or procuring the escape or attempted escape of any person from a correctional facility, an officer, or the above-mentioned hospital as well as concealing an escapee. Providing or attempting to provide to an inmate in prison a prohibited object or making, possessing, obtaining, or attempting to make or obtain a prohibited object. Instigating, assisting, attempting to cause, or causing any mutiny or riot at any Federal penal, detention, or correctional facility or conveying into any of these institutions any dangerous instrumentalities.

Explosives--violations of Federal law involving importation, manufacture, distribution, and storage of explosive material. Includes unlawful receipt, possession, or transportation of explosives without a license, where prohibited by law, or using explosives during commission of a felony. Also includes violations relating to dealing in stolen explosives, using mail or other forms of communication to threaten an individual with explosives, and possessing explosive materials at an airport.

Failure to appear--willful absence from any court appointment.

Felony--a criminal offense punishable by death or imprisonment for a term exceeding 1 year.

Financial conditions--monetary conditions upon which release of a defendant before trial is contingent. Includes deposit bond, surety bond, and collateral bond (see individual definitions).

Food and drug--violations of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, such as regulations for clean and sanitary movement of animals, adulteration or misbranding of any food or drug, failure to transmit information about prescription drugs, and intent to defraud and distribute adulterated material.

Forgery--falsely and with intent to defraud, making or materially altering, or possessing with intent to pass off as genuine any U.S. Postal Service money order; postmarking stamp or impression; obligation or security of the United States; foreign obligation, security, or bank note; contractor's bond, bid, or public record; seal of a court or any department or agency of the Government; the signature of a judge or court officer; ships' papers; documents on entry of vessels; deed; power of attorney; customs matters; coin or bar; and so forth. Also making, possessing, selling, or printing plates or stones for counterfeiting obligations or securities.

Fraud--unlawfully depriving a person of his or her property or legal rights through intentional misrepresentation of fact or deceit other than forgery or counterfeiting. Includes violations of statutes pertaining to lending and credit institutions, the U.S. Postal Service, interstate wire, radio, television, computer, credit card, veterans benefits, allotments, bankruptcy, marketing agreements, commodity credit, the Securities and Exchange Commission, railroad retirement, unemployment, Social Security, food stamps, false personation, citizenship, passports, conspiracy, and claims and statements, excluding tax fraud. The category excludes fraud involving tax violations that are shown in a separate category under "public-order, other offenses."

Gambling--transporting, manufacturing, selling, possessing, or using any gambling device in the District of Columbia or any possession of the United States or within Indian country or the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States. Also transporting gambling devices in the jurisdiction of the United States, (except under authority of the Federal Trade Commission or any State that has a law providing for their exemption from these provisions), transmitting wagering information in interstate or foreign commerce, interstate transporting of wagering paraphernalia, importing or transporting lottery tickets, or mailing lottery tickets or related matter.

Hispanic--ethnic category based on classification by reporting agency. Hispanic persons may be of any race.

Immigration--offenses involving illegal entrance into the United States, illegally reentering after being deported, willfully failing to deport when so ordered, willfully remaining beyond days allowed on conditional permit, or falsely representing oneself as a citizen of the United States. Also bringing in or harboring any aliens not duly admitted by an immigration officer.

Incarceration--any sentence of confinement, including prison, jail, and other residential placements.

Kidnaping--unlawfully seizing any person, for ransom or reward, except in the case of a minor by a parent. Includes receiving, possessing, or disposing of any money or other property that has been delivered as ransom or reward in connection with a kidnaping as well as conspiring to kidnap. Also includes kidnaping or attempting to kidnap any Government official, the President of the United States, the President-elect, the Vice President, any foreign official, any official guest, or any internationally protected person.

Larceny--taking and carrying away with intent to steal any personal property of another. Stealing, possessing, converting to one's own use, or illegally selling or disposing of anything of value to the United States or any of its departments or agencies. Stealing anything of value from a bank, the U.S. Postal Service, or any interstate or foreign shipments by carrier. Receiving or possessing stolen property or pirate property. Stealing or obtaining by fraud any funds, assets, or property that belongs to or is entrusted to the custody of an Indian tribal organization. Excludes the transportation of stolen property.

Liquor--violations of Internal Revenue Service laws on liquor as well as violations of liquor laws not cited under these laws, such as dispensing or unlawfully possessing intoxicants in Indian country; transporting intoxicating liquors into any State, territory, district, or possession where sale is prohibited; shipping packages containing unmarked and unlabeled intoxicants; shipping liquor by C.O.D.; knowingly delivering a liquor shipment to someone other than to whom it has been consigned; and violating in any way the Federal Alcohol Administration Act.

Mailing or transportation of obscene materials--knowingly using the mail for mailing obscene or crime-inciting matter. Also transporting for sale or distribution, importing, or transporting any obscene matter in interstate or foreign commerce.

Migratory birds--taking, killing, or possessing migratory birds, or any part, nest, or egg thereof, in violation of Federal regulations or the transportation laws of the State, territory, or district from which the bird

was taken. Misuse or nonuse of a migratory-bird hunting and conservation stamp.

Misdemeanor--a criminal offense punishable by a jail term not exceeding 1 year and any offenses specifically defined as a misdemeanor by the Administrative Office of the United States Courts for the purposes of data collection. (Includes offenses previously called minor offenses that were reclassified under the Federal Magistrates Act of 1979.)

Mixed sentence--a sentence requiring the convicted offender to serve a term of incarceration, followed by a term of probation. Unless otherwise noted, offenders receiving mixed sentences are included in both incarceration and probation categories.

Most serious offense--the offense with the greatest potential penalty. For Federal prisoners, the offense with the longest term of incarceration actually imposed.

Motor vehicle theft--interstate or foreign transporting, receiving, concealing, storing, bartering, selling, or disposing of any stolen motor vehicle or aircraft.

Murder--the unlawful killing of a human being with malice aforethought, either expressed or implied. Nonnegligent manslaughter is the unlawful killing of a human being without malice; includes committing or attempting to commit murder (first or second degree) or voluntary manslaughter within the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States. Killing or attempting to kill any Government official, the President of the United States, the President-elect, the Vice President, any officers and employees of the United States, any foreign officials, any official guests, or any internationally protected persons. As applied to the owner or charterer of any steamboat or vessel, knowingly and willfully causing or allowing fraud, neglect, misconduct, or violation of any law resulting in loss of life.

National defense--violations of the national defense laws of the Military Selective Service Act, the Defense Production Act of 1950, the Economic Stabilization Act of 1970 (which includes prices, rents, and wages), the Subversive Activities Control Act, alien registration, treason (including espionage, sabotage, sedition, and the Smith Act of 1940), also violations relating to energy facilities, curfew and restricted areas, exportation of war materials, trading with an enemy, illegal use of uniform, and any other violations of the Federal statutes concerning national defense.

Negligent manslaughter--causing the death of another, within the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States by wanton or reckless disregard for human life. Also negligent manslaughter of any Government official, the President of the United States, the President-elect, the Vice President, any officers and employees of the

United States, any foreign officials, any official guests, or any internationally protected persons. Also includes misconduct, negligence, or inattention to duties by ship officers on a steamboat or vessel resulting in death to any person.

Nolo contendere--defendant's plea in a criminal case indicating that he or she will not contest charges, but not admitting or denying guilt.

Nonviolent sex offenses--transporting, coercing, or enticing any individual (including minors) to go from one place to another in interstate or foreign commerce, in the District of Columbia, or in any territory or possession of the United States with the intent and purpose to engage in prostitution, or any sexual activity for which any person can be charged with a criminal offense.

Offense--violation of U.S. criminal law. Where more than one offense is charged, the offense with the greatest potential penalty is reported.

Other property offenses--offenses that involve the destruction of property moving in interstate or foreign commerce in the possession of a common or contract carrier. The malicious destruction of Government property, or injury to U.S. postal property such as mailboxes or mailbags. Trespassing on timber and Government lands also is included.

Other public-order offenses--violations of laws pertaining to bigamy; disorderly conduct on the U.S. Capitol grounds; civil disorder; and travel to incite riot. Included in "public-order, non-regulatory offenses."

Perjury--making any false material declarations under oath in any proceeding before or ancillary to any court or grand jury of the United States. Includes knowingly or willfully giving false evidence or swearing to false statements under oath, or by any means procuring or instigating any person to commit perjury. Also includes any officers and employees of the Government listed under 13 U.S.C. 21-25 who willfully or knowingly furnish or cause to be furnished any false information or statement.

Personal recognizance--pretrial release condition in which the defendant promises to appear at trial and no financial conditions are required to be met.

Pretrial release--the release of a defendant from custody, for all or part of the time, before or during prosecution. The defendant may be released either on personal recognizance, unsecured bond, or on financial conditions. Includes defendants released within 2 days after arrest and defendants who were initially detained but subsequently released after raising bail or having release conditions changed at a subsequent hearing.

Property offenses, fraudulent--property offenses involving the elements of

deceit or intentional misrepresentation. Specifically includes embezzlement, fraud (excluding tax fraud), forgery, and counterfeiting.

Property offenses, non-fraudulent--offenses against property: burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft, arson, transportation of stolen property, and other property offenses (destruction of property and trespassing). These offenses are termed "non-fraudulent" only for the purpose of distinguishing them from the category "property offenses, fraudulent," above.

Public-order, non-regulatory offenses--offenses concerning weapons; immigration; tax law violations (tax fraud); bribery; perjury; national defense; escape; racketeering and extortion; gambling; liquor; mailing or transporting of obscene materials; traffic; migratory birds; conspiracy, aiding and abetting, and jurisdictional offenses; and "other public-order offenses." These offenses are termed "non-regulatory" only for the purpose of distinguishing them from the category "public-order, regulatory offenses," below.

Public-order, regulatory offenses--violations of regulatory laws and regulations in agriculture, antitrust, labor, food and drug, motor carrier, and other regulatory offenses that are not specifically listed in the category "public-order, non-regulatory offenses" above.

Racketeering and extortion--racketeering is demanding, soliciting, or receiving anything of value from the owner, proprietor, or other person having a financial interest in a business, by means of a threat or promise, either expressed or implied. Extortion is the obtaining of money or property from another, without his or her consent, induced by the wrongful use of force or fear. Includes using interstate or foreign commerce or any facility in interstate or foreign commerce to aid racketeering enterprises such as arson, bribery, gambling, liquor, narcotics, prostitution, and extortionate credit transactions; obtaining property or money from another, with his or her consent induced by actual or threatened force; violence, blackmail, or committing unlawful interference with employment or business; transmitting by interstate commerce or through the mail any threat to injure the property, the person, or the reputation of the addressee or of another; or kidnaping any person with intent to extort.

Robbery--taking anything of value from the person or presence of another by force or by intimidation, within the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States. Includes robbery of bank property, U.S. postal property, or personal property of the United States. Also assaulting or putting the life of any person in jeopardy by the use of a dangerous weapon while committing or attempting to commit such robbery.

Sexual abuse--rape, assault with intent to commit rape, and carnal knowledge of a female under 16 who is not one's wife, within the territorial and special maritime jurisdictions of the United States. Also includes cases of sexual abuse, including abuse of a minor and abuse in Federal prisons.

Supervised release--under the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984, a form of post-imprisonment supervision to be imposed by the court as a part of the sentence of imprisonment at the time of initial sentencing. Unlike parole, a term of supervised release does not replace a portion of the sentence of imprisonment, but rather is an order of supervision in addition to any term of imprisonment imposed by the court.

Surety bond--an agreement by the defendant as a condition of release that requires a third party (usually a bail bondsman) to promise to pay the full bail amount in the event that the defendant fails to appear.

Tax law violations--tax fraud offenses such as income tax evasion and fraud; counterfeiting any stamps with intent to defraud the collection or payment of tax; willfully failing to collect or pay tax; failure to obey summons to produce any papers concerning taxes; failing to furnish receipts for employees of tax withheld; failing to furnish information relating to certain trusts, annuity, and bond purchase plans; putting fraudulent or false statements on tax returns; and not obtaining a license for a business that makes a profit from foreign items. Also included are violations of excise and wagering tax laws and other laws from the Internal Revenue Service code.

Technical violation--failure to comply with any of the conditions of pretrial release, probation, or parole, excluding alleged new criminal activity. May result in revocation of release status. Examples of conditions that may be imposed and then violated include remaining within a specified jurisdiction, or appearing at specified intervals for drug tests.

Threats against the President--knowingly and willfully depositing in the mail, at any post office, or by any letter carrier a letter, paper, writing, print, missive, or document containing any threat to take the life of or to inflict bodily harm upon the President, Vice President, or any other officer in order of succession to the Presidency. Knowingly and willfully making such threats in any way to the above-named people.

Traffic offenses--driving while intoxicated or any moving or parking violation on Federal lands.

Trafficking--knowingly and intentionally importing or exporting any controlled substance in schedule I-V (as defined by 21 U.S.C. 812). Manufacturing, distributing, dispensing, selling, or possessing with intent to manufacture, distribute, or sell a

controlled substance or a counterfeit substance. Exporting any controlled substance in schedules I-V. Manufacturing or distributing a controlled substance in schedule I or II for purposes of unlawful importation. Making or distributing any punch, die, plate, stone, or any other thing designed to reproduce the label upon any drug or container or removing or obliterating the label or symbol of any drug or container. Knowingly opening, maintaining, or managing any place for the purpose of manufacturing, distributing, or using any controlled substance.

Transportation--violations of Federal statutes relating to the Motor Carrier Act, which regulate (routes, rates) motor carriers of freight and passengers in interstate commerce.

Transportation of stolen property--transporting, selling, or receiving stolen goods, stolen securities, stolen moneys, stolen cattle, fraudulent State tax stamps, or articles used in counterfeiting if the above articles or goods involve or constitute interstate or foreign commerce.

Unsecured bond--an agreement by the defendant as a condition of release in which the defendant agrees to pay full bond amount in the event of nonappearance at trial, but is not required to post security as a condition to release.

Violation (of pretrial release, probation, or parole)--allegation of either a new crime or a technical violation while on pretrial release, probation, or parole.

Violent offenses--threatening, attempting, or actually using physical force against a person. Includes murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, negligent manslaughter, assault, robbery, sexual abuse, kidnaping, and threats against the President. (See specific offenses.)

Weapons--violations of any of the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 922, 923 concerning the manufacturing, importing, possessing, receiving, and licensing of firearms and ammunition. Manufacturing, selling, possessing, or transporting (within any territory or possession of the United States, within Indian country, or within the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States) any switchblade knife; or making, receiving, possessing, or transporting a firearm not registered in the National Firearms Registration Transfer Record. Engaging in importing, manufacturing, or dealing in firearms if not registered with the secretary in the Internal Revenue Service District in which the business is conducted, or not having paid a special occupational tax. This code covers cases where in a crime-of-violence- or drug-trafficking-enhanced punishment is handed down when committed with a deadly weapon.